

AGENDA

BOARD OF RETIREMENT Boardroom 832 12th Street Suite 600 Modesto, CA 95353

February 28, 2023 1:30 p.m.

The Board of Retirement welcomes you to its meetings, which are regularly held on the fourth Tuesday of each month. Your interest is encouraged and appreciated.

The StanCERA boardroom, is currently open to public access. Members of the public who wish to attend Board meetings may also do so by teleconference, by calling **(209) 689-0007**. The access code is **414752**. If you wish to make a general public comment during the Public Comment section of the meeting, or if you wish to comment on a specific agenda item, please press 5* on your phone to alert the Chair that you wish to speak. As permitted by Gov. Code § 54954.3(b)(1), each public comment is limited to three minutes.

You may also submit public comments in writing. If you wish to make a general public comment or a comment on a specific agenda item in writing, please submit your comment via email or fax no later than 4:30 p.m. on the day before a Board meeting. Comments can be submitted via email at gomesk@stancera.org or via fax at (209) 558-4976. If your comment pertains to a specific agenda item, please include the agenda item number in the subject line. As permitted by Gov. Code § 54954.3(b)(1), each public comment is limited to 400 words. Comments submitted in writing will be read aloud during the meeting.

CONSENT/ACTION ITEMS: Consent matters include routine administrative actions and are identified under the Consent Items heading. All other items are considered to be action items, "Action" means that the Board may dispose of any item by any action, including but not limited to the following acts: approve, disapprove, authorize, modify, defer, table, take no action, or receive and file.

BOARD AGENDAS & MINUTES: Board agendas, minutes and copies of items to be considered by the Board of Retirement are customarily posted on the Internet by Friday afternoon preceding a meeting at the following website: www.stancera.org.

AUDIO/VIDEO: All Board of Retirement regular meetings are audio and visually recorded. Audio/Video recordings of the meetings are available after the meetings at http://www.stancera.org/agenda.

NOTICE REGARDING NON-ENGLISH SPEAKERS: Board of Retirement meetings are conducted in English and translation to other languages is not provided. Please make arrangements for an interpreter if necessary.

In compliance with the Americans with Disabilities Act: If you require an accommodation, auxiliary aid, or service in order to participate in this meeting, please contact StanCERA at (209) 525-6393 as far in advance as possible but no later than 48 hours before the scheduled event.

- 1. Call Meeting to Order
- Pledge of Allegiance
- 3. Roll Call
- Announcements
- 5. Public Comment

6. <u>Teleconference Request</u>

a. Trustee Teleconference Request Pursuit to Government Code Section § 54953(f)(2)(a)(1).

7. Consent Items

- a. Approval of the January 24, 2023 Meeting Minutes View
- b. Application for Service-Connected Disability- Government Code 31724
 - i. Avitia, Valerie Stanislaus County Effective Date 09/27/2019
- c. Applications for Service Retirement(s) Government Code Sections 31499.14, 31670,
 31662.2 & 31810 See attachment for details.
- d. Application of Death Benefit Government Code Section 31781, 31781.1, 31781.3.
 - i. Yerzy, Collin Stanislaus County Non-Service Connected Effective 1-27-23 Active Member
- e. Investment Matrix View
- f. 2023 Cost of Living
 Agenda Item View Attachment 1 View

8. NEPC - Investment Consultant

- a. January Flash Report View
- b. Investment Performance Quarter 4 View
- c. December 2022 Asset Class Assumptions View

9. Investment

None

10. Administrative

- June 30, 2022 Actuarial Valuation and Contribution Rate for StanRTA
 Agenda Item <u>View</u> Attachment 1 Valuation <u>View</u> Attachment 2 StanRTA <u>View</u>
- b. Methodology for Calculating Social Security Offset Amounts for Tier 3 Benefits Agenda Item View Attachment 1 View
- c. Quarterly Verbal Staff Update

10. Administrative (Cont.)

- d. Fiduciary Training Overview provided by Maytak Chin, Reed Smith
- e. Cheiron EFI Actuarial Services Contract

Agenda Item View Attachment 1 View

11. Closed Session

- a. Conference with Legal Counsel Pending Litigation One (1) Case: Stanislaus County Employees' Retirement Association v. Buck Consultants, LLC, Mediation Pursuant to Evidence Code Sections 1115, 1119, 1152 Government Code Section 54956.9(d)(4)
- 12. Members' Forum (Information and Future Agenda Requests Only)

13. Adjournment



BOARD OF RETIREMENT MINUTES January 24, 2023

- 1. Call Meeting to Order
- 2. Pledge of Allegiance
- 3. Roll Call

Trustees Present

Donna Riley
Mandip Dhillon - Chair
Delilah Vasquez
Darin Gharat - Vice Chair
Mike Lynch
Terry Withrow - arrived at 1:32 p.m.
Rhonda Biesemeier
Jeff Grover

Others Present by Conference Call: NONE

Others Present:

Tom Stadelmaier, Executive Director Stan Conwell, Retirement Investment Officer Brittany Smith-Atkins, Retirement Fiscal Manager Kellie Gomes, Business and Operations Manager Joanna Saucedo, Executive Assistant Fred Silva, General Legal Counsel Daniel Hennessy, NEPC Investment Consultant

4. Announcements

- a. Kellie announced rotation of Officers: Pursuant to Bylaws Section 1.5, Trustee Mandip Dhillon is the Chair of the 2023 Board of Retirement and Trustee Darin Gharat is Vice-Chair
- b. Chair Dhillon welcomed new Board member Delilah Vasquez, Seat 3 representing general members
- c. Chair Dhillon welcomed Tom Stadelmaier to his first meeting as StanCERA's new Executive Director.
- d. Chair Dhillon expressed sincere thanks on behalf of the Board, to Trustee Riley for her services as Chairperson last year.

Trustees Absent Michael O'Neal Joshua Clayton

5. Public Comment - NONE

6. Teleconference Request - NONE

a. Trustee Teleconference Request Pursuit to Government Code Section § 54953(f)(2)(a)(1).

7. Consent Items

- a. Approval of the December 6, 2022 Meeting Minutes
- b. 2023 BOR Committee Assignments
- c. Education Summary Report
- d. Investment Matrix
- e. Investment Fee Summary, Value Added, and Cash Flow Reports as of September 30, 2022
- f. Application for Service-Connected Disability- Government Code 31724
 - i. Jones, Dawn Stanislaus County, Effective Date 07/20/2021
- g. Applications for Service Retirement(s) Government Code Sections 31499.14, 31670,
 31662.2 & 31810 See attachment for details.

Motion was made by Trustee Gharat and seconded by Trustee Riley to approve all consent items as presented.

Roll Call Vote was as follows:

Trustee Riley YES Trustee Dhillon YES Trustee Vasquez YES Trustee Gharat YES YES Trustee Lynch Trustee Withrow YES Trustee Biesemeier YES Trustee Grover YES Motion passed unanimously

8. NEPC - Investment Consultant

Daniel Hennessy, NEPC Investment Consultant reported on the following:

- a. November Flash Report
- b. December Flash Report

9. Investment

Stan Conwell, Retirement Investment Officer reported on the following:

- a. Private Markets Program Report as of September 30, 2022
- b. Raven III Continuation Fund Onsite Due Diligence

10. Administrative

Brittany Smith-Atkins, Retirement Fiscal Manager reported on the following:

a. Year-end Finance Update

11. Closed Session

a. Conference with Legal Counsel – Pending Litigation – One (1) Case: Stanislaus County Employees' Retirement Association v. Buck Consultants, LLC, Mediation Pursuant to Evidence Code Sections 1115, 1119, 1152 Government Code Section 54956.9(d)(4)

No closed session items were heard.

- 12. Members' Forum (Information and Future Agenda Requests Only)
- 13. Adjournment meeting adjourned at 2:29 p.m.

Respectfully submitted,

Thomas Stadelminer

APPROVED AS TO FORM

Tom Stadelmaier, Executive Director

Fred A. Silva, General Legal Counsel

STANCERA APPLICATIONS FOR SERVICE RETIREMENT(S) GOVERNMENT CODE SECTIONS 31499.14, 31670, 31662.2, 318/10 & 31700 2/28/23 Item 7.c

- 1. Arroyo, Manuel Stanislaus County Effective 01/11/2023
- 2. Bush, Samantha Stanislaus County Effective 01/18/2023
- 3. Connors, Nohemi Stanislaus County Effective 02/03/2023
- 4. Do, Mothou Stanislaus County Effective 02/10/2023
- 5. Eichbaum, James Stanislaus County Effective 02/01/2023
- 6. Gallardo, Lauralene Stanislaus County Effective 02/11/2023
- 7. Johnsen, Gregory Stanislaus County Effective 01/25/2023
- 8. LIU, PAUL City of Ceres Effective 02/28/2023
- 9. Murphy, Paul Stanislaus County Effective 02/11/2023
- 10. Nunes, Ronda Stanislaus County Effective 02/10/2023
- 11. Plantz, Janet Stanislaus County Effective 02/25/2023
- 12. Ryman, Vicki Stanislaus County Effective 02/04/2023
- 13. Streit, Rosemarie Stanislaus County Effective 02/11/2023
- 14. Thomas, Rachel Stanislaus County Effective 01/31/2023



February 28, 2023

Retirement Board Agenda Item

TO: Retirement Board

FROM: Stan Conwell, Retirement Investment Officer

I. SUBJECT: Investment Matrix

II. ITEM NUMBER: 7.e

III. ITEM TYPE: Information Only

IV. STAFF RECOMMENDATION: N/A

V. ANALYSIS:

a) Investment Program Activities:

Private market fund due diligence picked up in the last month with three potential funds currently in the legal due diligence stage of underwriting. One private credit direct lender, a value-add real estate fund and a venture capital fund are in various stages of review. Staff is also continuing the review of the Raven III continuation fund which includes working with NEPC and Verus on formulating a recommendation and reference calls with fellow LPs. With a new executive director now on board, introducing him to StanCERA's investment managers, consultants, and service providers is an important priority as is familiarizing him with StanCERA's investment tasks, policies, and practices.

b) Money Transfer Report:

January 2023

	From			То	
Manager	Asset Class	Amount	Manager	Asset Class	Amount
NT Russell 3000 Fund	Public Equity	\$-3,650,970.00	Vista Foundation Fund IV	Private Equity	\$3,650,970.00
StanCERA Cash	Cash	\$-498,713.00	SVSS V	Private Credit	\$498,713.00
StanCERA Cash	Cash	\$-230,233.00	Grandview II	Private Real Estate	\$230,233.00
StanCERA Cash	Cash	\$-248,150.12	Genstar Capital X	Private Equity	\$248,150.12

StanCERA Cash	Cash	\$-506,512.00	Grandview II	Private Real Estate	\$506,512.00
NT Russell 3000 Fund	Public Equity	\$-3,714,974.00	Blue Wolf Capital Fund V	Private Equity	\$3,714,974.00

c) Manager Meetings:

Monroe Capital

Staff met with a fund portfolio manager and the extended client account team for an update call on the Monroe IV Fund. Monroe IV is a private credit fund in the direct lending sub portfolio from the 2020 vintage year. A major topic of discussion was the current lending environment given the increase in interest rates. When compared to a year ago loans can be made at much higher yields with similar risk. Deal flow has also remained consistent. The loans within the fund are floating rate loans meaning the coupon payments and ultimately the distributions from the fund should increase with interest rates. The risk of default will likely increase as the threat of a recession looms, but Monroe's focus on defensive industries and well-established companies with healthy interest coverage ratios should help minimize downside risk. They also employ a dedicated team to workout nonperforming loans as well an asset management group to handle more complex situations.

Raven Capital Management

On February 07,2023 Raven Capital Management announced they entered into an agreement to be acquired by Metlife Investment Management (MIM) the asset management division of MetLife, Inc. Metlife will benefit from the deal by building out their private credit offerings in differentiated areas and Raven will benefit from MIM's operational scale and distribution network. Staff, NEPC and Verus will continue to review the details of the deal and the impact of the acquisition will be integrated into the Raven III continuation fund recommendation.

d) Conferences & Trainings:

NEPC Public Fund Workshop

Staff attended the NEPC public fund workshop in Tempe, AZ. The annual event brings together NEPC's public pension clients for education and networking. The workshop is designed to be more participatory in nature similar to a roundtable event. This is achieved by dedicating time for each plan to introduce themselves and discuss their recent activities with the other participants. The number of attendees was also smaller than other events to encourage more frequent engagement. Agenda topics ranged from capital markets updates to attracting and retaining staff. Overall, the workshop was an excellent opportunity to network and share best practices and ideas with similarly situated public pension plans who face many of the same challenges and opportunities as StanCERA.

Retirement Board - February 28, 2023 Investment Matrix Page 3

VII. STRATEGIC PLAN: N/A

VIII. ADMINISTRATIVE BUDGET IMPACT: None



February 28, 2023

Retirement Board Agenda Item

TO: Retirement Board

FROM: Tom Stadelmaier, Executive Director

I. SUBJECT: 2023 Cost of Living Adjustment

II. ITEM NUMBER: 7.f

III. ITEM TYPE: Consent

- IV. STAFF RECOMMENDATION: Approve Cheiron's recommendation for a 3% Cost of Living Adjustment (COLA) for all StanCERA's non-tier 3 retired member's monthly benefit beginning April 1, 2023 for those that retired prior to April 2, 2023. For those non-tier 3 members that retired prior to April 2, 2023, increase the carry-over allowances by 2.0%.
- V. EXECUTIVE SUMMARY: Attachment 1 contains Cheiron's recommendation for the Cost of Living Adjustments referenced in staff's recommendation.

Currently, StanCERA bases its COLA increases on the All-Urban Consumer Index for the San Francisco/Oakland/Hayward (previously San Francisco/Oakland/San Jose) area. The COLA change for retirees' 2023 benefit is based on the change in the December over December measures (2021 to 2022). The 2021 and 2022 measures turned out to be 315.805 and 331.222, respectively. This equates to an increase of 4.882%, which when rounded, results in a final value of 5.0%.

However, based on Code Section 31870.1 which StanCERA and its employers adhere to, members are to receive the lesser of 3% or the actual year over year change in the index. Whenever the change is greater than 3%, the overage is banked for use in future years when the change is less than 3%. Consequently, all non-tier 3 members that retired prior to April 2, 2023 should receive a 3% cost of living adjustment to their benefit and an increase of 2.0% in their accumulated bank.

VI. RISK: None

VII. STRATEGIC PLAN: N/A

ADMINISTRATIVE BUDGET IMPACT: None



January 19, 2023

Mr. Tom Stadelmaier Executive Director Stanislaus County Employees' Retirement Association 832 12th Street, Suite 600 Modesto, California 95354

Re: Cost of Living Adjustment (COLA) as of April 1, 2023

Dear Tom:

Pursuant to the scope of retainer services under Cheiron's agreement to provide actuarial services to the Stanislaus County Employees' Retirement Association (StanCERA), we have computed the Cost of Living Adjustment (COLA) percentages to be used as of April 1, 2023. The calculations outlined herein have been performed in accordance with 31870.1 of the County Employees Retirement Law of 1937.

Background

The Cost of Living Adjustment (COLA) is determined annually based on increases in the December Consumer Price Index (CPI) for All Urban Consumers in the San Francisco-Oakland-Hayward (previously San Francisco-Oakland-San Jose) area, using a base period of 1982-1984. The ratio is calculated and rounded to the nearest one-half percent.

COLA Calculations

The CPIs described above were 331.222 and 315.805 for December 2022 and December 2021, respectively. This represents an increase of 4.882%, which is rounded to 5.00%. As a point of comparison, the U.S. City CPI increased by 6.45% over the same time period.

Retirees – other than members of Tier 3 – are subject to the provisions of Section 31870.1, which limits annual COLA increases to 3.0% annually. Therefore, these members should receive an increase in benefits of 3.0%, based on the current year change in the CPI. The carry-over balances will increase by 2.0%, based on the difference of the rounded CPI increase versus the current year COLA adjustment. The enclosed exhibit summarizes the COLA calculations and carry-over balances for these Tiers. Tier 3 members do not receive an automatic COLA from the Association.

Mr. Tom Stadelmaier January 19, 2023 Page 2

Please contact us if you have any questions regarding these calculations.

Sincerely, Cheiron

Graham A. Schmidt, ASA, FCA, MAAA, EA

Consulting Actuary

Jonathan B. Chipko, FSA, MAAA, EA

Consulting Actuary



STANISLAUS COUNTY EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT ASSOCIATION

COST OF LIVING ADJUSTMENTS (COLA) - Section 31870.1 As of April 1, 2023

Maximum Annual COLA: 3.0%

April 1, 2022		Increase	e in the	April 1	, 2023
		Ann	nual	-	
	A server detect	Average	o CDI ¹		A
Initial Datinopport Data	Accumulated	Average	e CPI	COLA	Accumulated
Initial Retirement Date	Carry-Over	A . 4 1	D	COLA	Carry-Over
	(4)	Actual	Rounded	(-)	(-)
	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	(E)
On or Before 4/1/1970	68.0%	4.88%	5.0%	3.0%	70.0%
04/02/1970 to 04/01/19	71 65.5%	4.88%	5.0%	3.0%	67.5%
04/02/1971 to 04/01/19	72 63.5%	4.88%	5.0%	3.0%	65.5%
04/02/1972 to 04/01/19	73 62.5%	4.88%	5.0%	3.0%	64.5%
04/02/1973 to 04/01/19	74 62.0%	4.88%	5.0%	3.0%	64.0%
04/02/1974 to 04/01/19	75 59.0%	4.88%	5.0%	3.0%	61.0%
04/02/1975 to 04/01/19	76 52.0%	4.88%	5.0%	3.0%	54.0%
04/02/1976 to 04/01/19	77 45.0%	4.88%	5.0%	3.0%	47.0%
04/02/1977 to 04/01/19		4.88%	5.0%	3.0%	44.5%
04/02/1978 to 04/01/19		4.88%	5.0%	3.0%	40.0%
04/02/1979 to 04/01/19		4.88%	5.0%	3.0%	33.5%
04/02/1980 to 04/01/19		4.88%	5.0%	3.0%	28.0%
04/02/1981 to 04/01/19		4.88%	5.0%	3.0%	16.0%
04/02/1982 to 04/01/19		4.88%	5.0%	3.0%	6.0%
04/02/1983 to 04/01/20		4.88%	5.0%	3.0%	3.5%
04/02/2017 to 04/01/20		4.88%	5.0%	3.0%	3.0%
04/02/2017 to 04/01/20 04/02/2022 to 04/01/20		4.88%	5.0%	3.0% 3.0%	2.0%

¹ All Urban Consumers, San Francisco-Oakland-Hayward Area (1982-84 base). (G.C. 31870.1)







MONTHLY PERFORMANCE REPORT

STANISLAUS COUNTY EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT ASSOCIATION



JANUARY 31, 2023

Dan Hennessy, CFA, CAIA, Senior Consultant Sam Austin, Partner Leah Tongco, Consulting Analyst

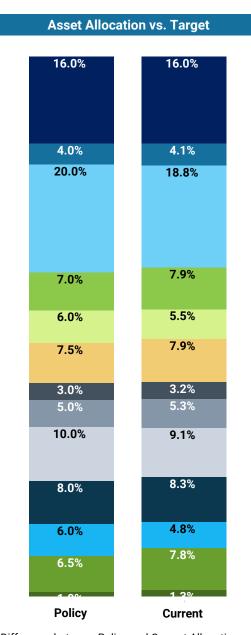
CALENDAR YEAR INDEX PERFORMANCE

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	lan	YTD
	2013	2014	2015	2010	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	Jan	YIU
S&P 500	32.4%	13.7%	1.4%	12.0%	21.8%	-4.4%	31.5%	18.4%	28.7%	-18.1%	6.3%	6.3%
Russell 1000	33.1%	13.2%	0.9%	12.1%	21.7%	-4.8%	31.4%	21.0%	26.5%	-19.1%	6.7%	6.7%
Russell 2000	38.8%	4.9%	-4.4%	21.3%	14.6%	-11.0%	25.5%	20.0%	14.8%	-20.4%	9.7%	9.7%
Russell 2500	36.8%	7.1%	-2.9%	17.6%	16.8%	-10.0%	27.8%	20.0%	18.2%	-18.4%	10.0%	10.0%
MSCI EAFE	22.8%	-4.9%	-0.8%	1.0%	25.0%	-13.8%	22.0%	7.8%	11.3%	-14.5%	8.1%	8.1%
MSCI EM	-2.6%	-2.2%	-14.9%	11.2%	37.3%	-14.6%	18.4%	18.3%	-2.5%	-20.1%	7.9%	7.9%
MSCI ACWI	22.8%	4.2%	-2.4%	7.9%	24.0%	-9.4%	26.6%	16.3%	18.5%	-18.4%	7.2%	7.2%
Private Equity	12.6%	22.3%	14.6%	10.4%	10.3%	21.0%	13.1%	17.2%	45.0%	-9.8%	-	-9.7%
BBG TIPS	-8.6%	3.6%	-1.4%	4.7%	3.0%	-1.3%	8.4%	11.0%	6.0%	-11.8%	1.8%	1.8%
BBG Municipal	-2.6%	9.1%	3.3%	0.2%	5.4%	1.3%	7.5%	5.2%	1.5%	-8.5%	2.9%	2.9%
BBG Muni High Yield	-5.5%	13.8%	1.8%	3.0%	9.7%	4.8%	10.7%	4.9%	7.8%	-13.1%	4.4%	4.4%
BBG US Corporate HY	7.4%	2.5%	-4.5%	17.1%	7.5%	-2.1%	14.3%	7.1%	5.3%	-11.2%	3.8%	3.8%
BBG US Agg Bond	-2.0%	6.0%	0.5%	2.6%	3.5%	0.0%	8.7%	7.5%	-1.5%	-13.0%	3.1%	3.1%
BBG Global Agg	-2.6%	0.6%	-3.2%	2.1%	7.4%	-1.2%	6.8%	9.2%	-4.7%	-16.2%	3.3%	3.3%
BBG Long Treasuries	-12.7%	25.1%	-1.2%	1.3%	8.5%	-1.8%	14.8%	17.7%	-4.6%	-29.3%	6.4%	6.4%
BBG US Long Credit	-6.6%	16.4%	-4.6%	10.2%	12.2%	-6.8%	23.4%	13.3%	-1.2%	-25.3%	6.7%	6.7%
BBG US STRIPS 20+ Yr	-21.0%	46.4%	-3.7%	1.4%	13.7%	-4.1%	20.9%	24.0%	-5.2%	-39.6%	9.7%	9.7%
JPM GBI-EM Global Div	-9.0%	-5.7%	-14.9%	9.9%	15.2%	-6.2%	13.5%	2.7%	-8.7%	-11.7%	4.3%	4.3%
JPM EMBI Glob Div	-5.3%	7.4%	1.2%	10.2%	10.3%	-4.3%	15.0%	5.3%	-1.8%	-17.8%	3.2%	3.2%
CS Hedge Fund	9.7%	4.1%	-0.7%	1.2%	7.1%	-3.2%	9.3%	6.4%	8.2%	1.1%	-	0.0%
BBG Commodity	-9.5%	-17.0%	-24.7%	11.8%	1.7%	-11.2%	7.7%	-3.1%	27.1%	16.1%	-0.5%	-0.5%
Alerian Midstream	-	16.4%	-37.3%	33.8%	-2.4%	-13.3%	24.0%	-23.4%	38.4%	21.5%	4.8%	4.8%
FTSE NAREIT Equity REITs	2.5%	30.1%	3.2%	8.5%	5.2%	-4.6%	26.0%	-8.0%	43.2%	-24.4%	10.7%	10.7%



^{*}Private Equity return represents calendar year pooled IRR and is subject to a one quarter lag Source: FactSet, Barclays, Thomson One

ASSET ALLOCATION VS. POLICY



	Current (\$)	Current (%)	Policy (%)	Differences* (%)	Policy Range (%)	Within Range
Large Cap Equity	422,425,586	16.0	16.0	0.0	12.0 - 20.0	Yes
Small Cap Equity	108,526,079	4.1	4.0	0.1	0.0 - 7.0	Yes
International Equity	495,759,630	18.8	20.0	-1.2	14.0 - 26.0	Yes
Intermediate	208,632,049	7.9	7.0	0.9	4.0 - 10.0	Yes
Treasury	143,867,241	5.5	6.0	-0.5	4.0 - 8.0	Yes
Infrastructure	208,850,693	7.9	7.5	0.4	0.0 - 12.0	Yes
■ Absolute Return	84,347,031	3.2	3.0	0.2	0.0 - 5.0	Yes
■ Private Equity	140,308,962	5.3	5.0	0.3	0.0 - 8.0	Yes
Risk Parity	239,572,450	9.1	10.0	-0.9	6.0 - 14.0	Yes
■ Private Credit	219,355,293	8.3	8.0	0.3	0.0 - 10.0	Yes
Non-Core Real Estate	127,410,136	4.8	6.0	-1.2	0.0 - 10.0	Yes
Real Estate - Core	205,497,072	7.8	6.5	1.3	0.0 - 10.0	Yes
■ Cash	33,751,675	1.3	1.0	0.3	0.0 - 4.0	Yes
Total	2,638,303,896	100.0	100.0	0.0		

^{*}Difference between Policy and Current Allocation



TOTAL FUND PERFORMANCE DETAIL

	Allocat	ion				Pe	rformance	: (%)		
	Market Value (\$)	% of Portfolio	1 Mo (%)	1 Yr (%)	3 Yrs (%)	5 Yrs (%)	7 Yrs (%)	10 Yrs (%)	Inception (%)	Inception Date
Total Fund	2,638,303,896	100.0	4.1	-3.6	5.8	5.1	8.0	7.2	8.6	Jan-95
Policy Index			4.7	-2.2	6.2	5.4	8.0	7.2	7.9	
Allocation Index			4.7	-4.6						
Liquidity Sub-Portfolio	242,383,724	9.2	1.4	-1.3	0.9	2.6	2.0		1.8	Aug-14
StanCERA Liquidity Blended BM			1.7	-4.3	1.0	1.8	1.5		1.4	
Cash	33,751,675	1.3	0.4	2.1	2.1	1.9	1.7		1.5	Aug-14
FTSE 1 Month T-Bill			0.3	1.8	0.7	1.2	1.0		0.9	
Cashflow-Matched Bonds	208,632,049	7.9	1.5	-2.5	0.2	2.3			2.1	Jul-17
Blmbg. Intermed. U.S. Government/Credit			1.9	-5.1	-1.1	1.3			1.1	
Insight	208,632,049	7.9	1.5	-2.5	0.2	2.3			2.1	Jul-17
Blmbg. Intermed. U.S. Government/Credit			1.9	-5.1	-1.1	1.3			1.1	
Growth Sub-Portfolio	1,928,133,451	73.1	4.4	-3.2	7.8	6.3	10.0	9.1	8.0	Jan-04
StanCERA Growth Blended BM			5.2	-0.7	9.0	7.2	10.4			
US Equities	530,951,665	20.1	7.0	-6.9	10.7	8.9	12.7	11.8	9.5	Jan-04
Russell 3000 Index			6.9	-8.2	9.5	9.1	13.0	12.3	9.2	
US Large Equity	422,425,586	16.0	6.3	-9.3	10.3	9.5	13.2	12.6	12.3	Jan-95
Russell 1000 Index			6.7	-8.5	9.7	9.4	13.2	12.5	10.2	
BlackRock Russell 1000 Growth	195,713,375	7.4	8.3	-16.0	9.9	11.2	15.2	14.5	14.9	Aug-10
Russell 1000 Growth Index			8.3	-16.0	9.9	11.2	15.2	14.5	14.9	-
BlackRock Russell 1000 Value	114,945,048	4.4	5.2	-0.5	8.6	7.0	10.8	10.2	11.6	Aug-09
Russell 1000 Value Index			5.2	-0.4	8.5	6.9	10.7	10.2	11.5	-
Dodge & Cox-Equity	111,767,162	4.2	3.9	-4.7	11.5	8.0	13.0	11.8	11.8	Jan-95
Russell 1000 Value Index			5.2	-0.4	8.5	6.9	10.7	10.2	9.8	
US Small Equity	108,526,079	4.1	10.0	3.9	12.5	6.8	11.0	9.4	12.2	Jan-09
Russell 2000 Index			9.7	-3.4	7.5	5.5	10.8	9.4	11.6	
Attucks Small Cap	108,526,079	4.1	10.0	3.9	12.5	6.8	12.1	9.7	12.4	Jan-09
Russell 2000 Value Index			9.5	-0.5	9.9	5.8	10.7	8.8	10.6	
International Equity	495,759,630	18.8	7.7	-5.1	5.2	2.0	7.7	5.0	6.1	Oct-04
MSCI AC World ex USA (Net)			8.1	-5.7	3.6	1.4	7.0	4.2	5.6	
LSV Int'l Large Cap Value	260,813,311	9.9	7.0	-2.0	5.2	1.3	7.7	4.9	5.9	Oct-04
MSCI AC World ex USA Value (Net)			7.8	-2.4	4.2	0.3	6.5	3.0	4.9	
Fidelity Int'l Growth	234,946,319	8.9	8.6	-8.4	5.1	2.6	7.5	5.0	4.1	May-06
MSCI AC World ex USA Growth (Net)			8.5	-9.2	2.7	2.1	7.4	5.2	4.0	

⁻ Cash Composite includes the Transaction Account Value.



TOTAL FUND PERFORMANCE DETAIL

	Allocat	tion				Pe	rformance	e (%)		
	Market Value (\$)	% of Portfolio	1 Mo (%)	1 Yr (%)	3 Yrs (%)	5 Yrs (%)	7 Yrs (%)	10 Yrs (%)	Inception (%)	Inception Date
Core Real Estate	205,497,072	7.8	0.4	1.5	6.4	6.9	6.0	6.7	3.2	Apr-08
NCREIF Property Index			0.0	5.5	8.1	7.5	7.5	8.8	6.5	
Prime Property Fund	103,829,403	3.9	0.0	6.1	9.3	8.4	8.6		8.6	Oct-15
NCREIF ODCE			0.0	7.5	9.9	8.7	8.5		8.6	
BlackRock Real Estate Securities	7,265,405	0.3	11.0	-12.2	1.8	5.4	5.3	6.4	6.8	Oct-12
Dow Jones U.S. Select RESI			11.0	-12.2	1.9	5.5	5.4	6.5	6.8	
PGIM Real Estate US Debt Fund	94,402,264	3.6	0.0	5.2	5.0				5.1	Sep-18
Blmbg. U.S. Investment Grade: CMBS Index			2.6	-7.1	-1.6				1.5	
Value-Add Real Estate	127,410,136	4.8	0.0	2.3	10.8	11.2	11.3		11.0	Aug-14
NCREIF Property Index +2%			0.2	7.6	10.2	9.6	9.6		10.6	
American Strategic Value Realty	88,716,589	3.4	0.0	7.4	9.5	9.3	9.7		10.6	Jan-15
NCREIF Property Index			0.0	5.5	8.1	7.5	7.5		8.1	
Greenfield Acquisition Partners VII	1,873,971	0.1	0.0	10.9	5.6	9.0	10.4		10.3	Aug-14
NCREIF-ODCE +1%			0.1	8.5	11.0	9.8	9.6		10.7	
Grandview Property Partners I	20,974,149	0.8	0.0	-11.1	18.5				20.8	Apr-18
NCREIF-ODCE +1%			0.1	8.5	11.0				9.6	
Grandview Property Partners II	15,845,427	0.6	0.0	5.5					-0.4	Dec-21
NCREIF-ODCE +1%			0.1	8.5					14.7	
Infrastructure	208,850,693	7.9	1.8	-2.1	-1.1	4.1	6.7		4.7	Jun-15
CPI + 5% (Unadjusted)			1.2	11.7	10.3	9.0	8.6		8.2	
MS Infrastructure Partners II	28,212,207	1.1	0.0	15.0	7.5	9.4	10.5		8.1	Jun-15
CPI + 5% (Unadjusted)			1.2	11.7	10.3	9.0	8.6		8.2	
Palistar Communications Infrastructure Fund II	11,097,925	0.4	0.0	8.4					7.7	Jan-22
CPI + 5% (Unadjusted)			1.2	11.7					12.1	
JP Morgan IIF Hedged LP	32,097,892	1.2	0.0						8.8	Apr-22
CPI + 5% (Unadjusted)			1.2						8.4	
Northern Trust Infrastructure Fund	84,897,637	3.2	4.1	-5.2					-3.2	Jul-21
67% STOXX Global Broad Infra / 33% Bloomberg US TIPS			3.7	-4.8					-3.0	
IFM Global Infrastructure Fund	52,545,032	2.0	0.8						5.1	Jul-22
CPI + 5% (Unadjusted)			1.2						3.9	

⁻ Greenfield Acquisition Partners VII, Grandview Property Partners, Grandview Property Partners II, MS Infrastructure Partners II, Palistar Communications Infrastructure Fund II, and IFM Global Infrastructure Fund are preliminary and subject to change once finalized.



TOTAL FUND PERFORMANCE DETAIL

	Allocat	tion				Pe	rformance	e (%)		
	Market	% of	1 Mo	1 Yr	3 Yrs	5 Yrs	7 Yrs	10 Yrs	Inception	Inception
	Value (\$)	Portfolio	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	Date
Private Equity	140,308,962	5.3	2.7	-4.5	12.1				14.4	Dec-18
Russell 3000 + 3%			7.2	-5.5	12.8				14.6	
Private Equity	87,027,253	3.3	0.0	5.2					18.8	Apr-20
Russell 3000 + 3%			7.2	-5.5					23.1	
Private Equity Proxy	53,281,709	2.0	6.9	-8.3	9.5	10.2	13.6	12.9	9.6	Dec-03
Russell 3000 Index			6.9	-8.2	9.5	9.1	13.0	12.3	9.4	
Private Credit	219,355,293	8.3	1.7	2.4	-0.1	0.1	0.7		2.2	Jun-13
S&P/LSTA Leveraged Loan Index +2%			2.9	3.8	5.3	5.7	7.0		5.9	
Private Credit	105,270,698	4.0	0.0	10.5	3.4	2.3	2.2		3.4	Jun-13
S&P/LSTA Leveraged Loan Index +2%			2.9	3.8	5.3	5.7	7.0		5.9	
Private Credit Proxy	114,084,595	4.3	3.3	-4.2					-3.4	Jul-21
ICE BofA US High Yield Master II Constrained			3.9	-5.2					-4.0	
Risk-Diversifying Sub-Portfolio	467,786,722	17.7	4.3	-5.6	0.0	1.7	2.3	2.3	4.1	Dec-03
StanCERA Risk-Diversifying Blended BM			4.1	-7.1	-0.1	1.7	1.3	1.3		
Risk Parity	239,572,450	9.1	6.3	-11.6	0.2	2.9			3.0	Dec-17
60% MSCI ACWI (Net)/ 40% Bloomberg Global Agg			5.6	-9.3	2.7	3.1			3.9	
HFR Risk Parity Vol 10 Institutional Index			5.4	-11.9	-1.4	1.6			1.9	
AQR Global Risk Premium - EL	121,886,549	4.6	4.0	-10.5	0.0				3.4	Apr-18
60% MSCI ACWI (Net)/ 40% Bloomberg Global Agg			5.6	-9.3	2.7				4.0	
PanAgora Risk Parity Multi Asset	117,685,901	4.5	8.8	-12.7	0.3	3.0			3.1	Dec-17
60% MSCI ACWI (Net)/ 40% Bloomberg Global Agg			5.6	-9.3	2.7	3.1			3.9	
US Treasury Bonds	143,867,241	5.5	3.0	-9.8	-3.1	0.6	1.5	1.8	3.8	Dec-03
Blmbg. U.S. Treasury: 7-10 Year			3.2	-10.1	-3.2	0.9	0.4	1.2	3.6	
Northern Trust Intermediate Gov't Bond	100,576,051	3.8	1.6	-5.1	-1.4	0.9			0.6	Aug-17
Blmbg. U.S. Government: Intermediate			1.6	-5.0	-1.3	1.0			0.6	-
Northern Trust Long Term Gov't Bond	43,291,190	1.6	6.4	-19.2	-6.7	0.2			0.2	Aug-17
Blmbg. U.S. Government: Long Term Bond Index			6.4	-21.4	-7.5	-0.3			-0.3	· ·
Liquid Absolute Return	84,347,031	3.2	1.1	21.5					16.5	Oct-21
30 Day T-Bill + 4%			0.7	5.9					5.4	
Graham Global Investment Fund I SPC LTD	56,498,094	2.1	0.8	24.9					21.7	Nov-21
HFRI Macro (Total) Index			0.1	8.3					6.0	
Invesco Global Targeted Return	27,848,936	1.1	1.6	4.8					3.8	Dec-21
30 Day T-Bill + 4%			0.7	5.9					5.6	

⁻ Private Credit Composite includes Medley Capital, which is preliminary and subject to change once finalized. - PanAgora Risk Parity Multi-Asset is preliminary and subject to change once finalized.



NOTES

- All performance is shown net of investment management fees.
- Performance history is provided by Verus through June 2020. As of July 1, 2020 performance is calculated and reported by NEPC.
- Policy Index history:
 - Inception 6/30/2017: 14.4% Russell 1000 Value, 11.3% Russell 1000 Growth, 4.8% S&P 500, 4% Russell 2000 Value, 3.7% Russell 2000 Growth, 18% MSCI ACWI ex USA Gross, 29.8%Bloomberg US Aggregate TR, 3.5% DJ US Select RESI TR USD, 7.5% 9% Annual, 3% CPI + 4%
 - **7/1/2017 8/31/2018:** 18.5% Russell 1000, 5.5% Russell 2000, 24% MSCI ACWI ex USA Gross, 19% Bloomberg US Govt/Credit 1-3 Yr. TR, 1% FTSE T-Bill 1 Month TR, 3% Bloomberg US Treasury 7-10 Yr TR, 7.7% NCREIF Property Index, 1.7% NCREIF Property Index +2%, 0.6% CPI + 5%, 5% Bloomberg US High Yield + 2%, 14% 60% MSCI ACWI Net/40% Bloomberg Global Aggregate
 - 9/1/2018 5/30/2019: 10% Russell 1000, 3% Russell 2000, 6% Russell 3000 +3%, 27% MSCI ACWI ex USA Gross, 20% Bloomberg US Govt/Credit 1-3 Yr. TR, 1% FTSE T-Bill 1 Month TR, 3%Bloomberg US Treasury 7-10 Yr TR, 5% NCREIF Property Index, 5% NCREIF Property Index +2%, 1% CPI + 5%, 6% S&P/LSTA Leveraged Loan Index+2%, 13% 60% MSCI ACWI Net/40% Bloomberg Global Aggregate
 - 6/1/2019 6/30/2020: 14% Russell 1000, 3% Russell 2000, 6% Russell 3000 + 3%, 23% MSCI ACWI ex-USA, 19% Bloomberg US Gov't/Credit 1-3 Yr, 1% Citi 1 Month T-Bills, 3% Bloomberg US Treasury 7-10 Yr, 5% NCREIF Property, 5% NCREIF Property +2%, 2% CPI +5%, 6% S&P/LSTA Leveraged Loan Index + 2%, 13% 60% MSCI ACWI / 40% Bloomberg Global Aggregate
 - **7/1/2020 12/31/2020**: 14% Russell 1000, 3% Russell 2000, 6% Russell 3000 + 3%, 23% MSCI ACWI ex-USA, 8% Bloomberg US Gov't/Credit 1-3 Yr, 1% Citi 1 Month T-Bills, 3% Bloomberg US Treasury 7-10 Yr, 5% NCREIF Property, 5% NCREIF Property +2%, 2% CPI +5%, 6% S&P/LSTA Leveraged Loan Index + 2%, 13% 60% MSCI ACWI / 40% Bloomberg Global Aggregate, 11% Bloomberg US Intermediate.
 - 1/1/2021 06/30/2021: 16% Russell 1000, 3.5% Russell 2000, 6% Russell 3000 + 3%, 23% MSCI ACWI ex-USA, 8% Bloomberg US Gov't/Credit 1-3 Yr, 1% Citi 1 Month T-Bills, 5% Bloomberg US Treasury 7-10 Yr, 6% NCREIF Property, 5% NCREIF Property +2%, 2% CPI +5%, 4.5% S&P/LSTA Leveraged Loan Index + 2%, 13% 60% MSCI ACWI / 40% Bloomberg Global Aggregate, 7%Bloomberg US Intermediate.
 - **07/01/2021 Present:** 16% Russell 1000, 4% Russell 2000, 5% Russell 3000 + 3%, 20% MSCI ACWI ex USA Gross, 6.5% NCREIF Property Index, 6% NCREIF Property Index + 2%, 7.5% CPI + 5%
 - (Unadjusted), 8% S&P/LSTA Leveraged Loan Index +2%, 6% Bloomberg US Treasury 7-10 Yr TR, 10% 60% MSCI ACWI (Net)/ 40% Bloomberg Global Agg, 3% 30 Day T-Bill + 4%, 1% FTSE T-Bill 1 Month TR, 7% Bloomberg US Govt/Credit Int TR.
- Starting July 1, 2020, the small Capital Prospects transition cash balance is moved from the Cash composite to the Capital Prospects account. Historical performance for Capital Prospects, US Small, US Equities, Growth Sub-Portfolio, Cash, and Liquidity Sub-Portfolio prior to July 1, 2020 reflects performance of these composites before this change.
- Private Equity investments are valued one guarter lagged and adjusted for capital calls and distributions between guarter-end months.
- Value-Add Real Estate managers are valued quarterly adjusted for current cash flows.



DISCLAIMERS & DISCLOSURES

Past performance is no guarantee of future results.

Returns for pooled funds, e.g. mutual funds and collective investment trusts, are collected from third parties; they are not generally calculated by NEPC. Returns for separate accounts, with some exceptions, are calculated by NEPC. Returns are reported net of manager fees unless otherwise noted.

A "since inception" return, if reported, begins with the first full month after funding, although actual inception dates (e.g. the middle of a month) and the timing of cash flows are taken into account in Composite return calculations.

NEPC's preferred data source is the plan's custodian bank or record-keeper. If data cannot be obtained from one of the preferred data sources, data provided by investment managers may be used. Information on market indices and security characteristics is received from additional providers. While NEPC has exercised reasonable professional care in preparing this report, we cannot guarantee the accuracy of all source information contained within. In addition, some index returns displayed in this report or used in calculation of a policy index, allocation index or other custom benchmark may be preliminary and subject to change.

All investments carry some level of risk. Diversification and other asset allocation techniques are not guaranteed to ensure profit or protect against losses.

The opinions presented herein represent the good faith views of NEPC as of the date of this presentation and are subject to change at any time. Neither fund performance nor universe rankings contained in this report should be considered a recommendation by NEPC.

This report may contain confidential or proprietary information and may not be copied or redistributed to any party not legally entitled to receive it.

Source of private fund performance benchmark data: Cambridge Associates, via Refinitiv









QUARTERLY PERFORMANCE REPORT

STANISLAUS COUNTY EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT ASSOCIATION



DECEMBER 31, 2022

Dan Hennessy, CFA, CAIA, Senior Consultant Sam Austin, Partner Leah Tongco, Consulting Analyst



ECONOMIC ENVIRONMENT

- Q4 Real GDP (advance estimate) increased at an annual rate of 2.9%.
 - Retail sales ended October at +6.4% on a YoY basis. In the same period last year the YoY growth rate was +16.0%.
 - Corporate profits as a percent of GDP ended June 2022 at 11.2%, down from 12.0% in the same period last year and remain elevated relative to historical levels.
 - The inventory-to-sales ratio ended October was 1.35 up from 1.26 one year ago. Levels have remained relatively constant since early 2010 with a spike to 1.7 in April 2020.
 - The U.S. trade deficit narrowed in November as imports decreased more than exports.
- The unemployment rate was 3.5% ended Q4, down from 3.7% in Q3; U-6, a broader measure of unemployment, decreased to 6.5% in Q4 from 6.7% in Q3.
 - The labor force participation rate ended Q4 unchanged from Q3 at 62.3%. Labor force participation declined to 60.2% in April 2020 and is at levels below the 10 year pre-pandemic average of 63.0%.
- The Case-Shiller Home Price Index (ended October) declined to 298.99 from 300.59 in September and remains at levels higher than that of pre-financial crisis levels of 150.9.
- Rolling 12-month seasonally-adjusted CPI ended Q4 at 6.42% down from Q3 at 8.2%. In the same period last year, it was 7.09%; Capacity Utilization decreased to 78.75% in Q4 from 80.07% in Q3.
- Fed Funds rate increased in Q4 by 1.25% to a targeted range of 4.25%-to-4.50% up from a targeted range of 3.00%-to-3.25% ended Q3. The 10-year Treasury Yield (constant maturity) finished Q4 at 3.62% up from 3.52% in Q3.
- The Fed continues scaling back asset purchases. The Fed continues to reduce the size of its balance sheet after a period of rapid growth post-pandemic.
- S&P valuations decreased in Q4 to 27.96 from 28.42x in Q3 and are lower than the 10-year average of 28.99x.
 - Cyclically adjusted Shiller PE ratio remains above the long-term average of 16.99x.



MARKET ENVIRONMENT

Q4 2022 OVERVIEW

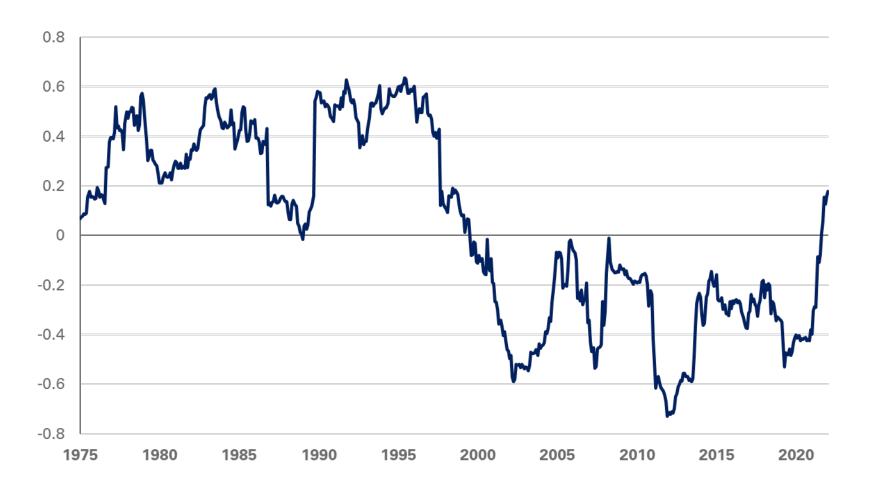
World Equity Benchmarks		Qtr.								-
Morld Equity Panahmarka		Qtr.	1 Yr.	3 Yr.	5 Yr.	10 Yr.				
World Equity Benchmarks							MSCI ACWI IMI (Net)	+ + +		-
MSCI ACWI IMI (Net)	World with Small Cap	9.84%	-18.40%	3.89%	4.96%	7.94%	` '			
MSCI ACWI Net (USD)	World W/O Small Cap	9.76%	-18.36%	4.00%	5.23%	7.98%	MSCI ACWI Net (USD)			
MSCI ACWI (Local)	World (Local Currency)	7.36%	-15.98%	5.07%	6.10%	9.33%	MSCI ACWI (Local)			
Domestic Equity Benchmarks							Russell 3000			
Russell 3000	Domestic All Cap	7.18%	-19.21%	7.07%	8.79%	12.13%	S&P 500			
S&P 500	Large Core	7.56%	-18.11%	7.66%	9.42%	12.56%	Russell 1000			
Russell 1000	Large Core	7.24%	-19.13%	7.35%	9.13%	12.37%	Russell 1000 Growth			
Russell 1000 Growth	Large Growth	2.20%	-29.14%	7.79%	10.96%	14.10%	Russell 1000 Value			
Russell 1000 Value	Large Value	12.42%	-7.54%	5.96%	6.67%	10.29%	Russell 2000			
Russell 2000	Small Core	6.23%	-20.44%	3.10%	4.13%	9.01%	Russell 2000 Growth			
Russell 2000 Growth	Small Growth	4.13%	-26.36%	0.65%	3.51%	9.20%	Russell 2000 Value			
Russell 2000 Value	Small Value	8.42%	-14.48%	4.70%	4.13%	8.48%				
NASDAQ Composite	Large Growth	-0.79%	-32.54%	6.10%	9.67%	14.43%	NASDAQ Composite	\leftarrow		
NASDAQ Biotechnology	Biotech	12.01%	-10.12%	4.36%	5.32%	11.92%	NASDAQ Biotechnology			_
International Equity Benchmarks							MSCI ACWI Ex USA			_
MSCI ACWI Ex USA	World ex-US	14.28%	-16.00%	0.07%	0.88%	3.80%	MSCI EAFE Net (USD)			-
MSCI EAFE Net (USD)	Int'i Developed	17.34%	-14.45%	0.87%	1.54%	4.67%	MSCI EAFE (Local)			
MSCI EAFE (Local)	Int'l Developed (Local Currency)	8.72%	-7.00%	3.64%	3.81%	7.56%	MSCI EAFE Small Cap			-
MSCI EAFE Small Cap	Small Cap Int'l	15.79%	-21.39%	-0.93%	-0.05%	6.21%	MSCI Emerging Markets			
MSCI Emerging Markets	Emerging Equity	9.70%	-20.09%	-2.69%	-1.40%	1.44%	Bloomberg Aggregate			
Domestic Fixed Income Benchmarks							Barclays US High Yield			
Bloomberg Aggregate	Core Bonds	1.87%	-13.01%	-2.71%	0.02%	1.06%	CSFB Levered Loans			
Barclays US High Yield	High Yield	4.17%	-11.19%	0.05%	2.31%	4.03%	BofA ML US 3-Month T-Bill		■ Quarte	er
CSFB Levered Loans	Bank Loans	2.33%	-1.06%	2.34%	3.24%	3.78%				
BofA ML US 3-Month T-Bill	Cash	0.84%	1.46%	0.72%	1.26%	0.76%	Bloomberg US TIPS 1-10 Yr		■ 1 Yr	
Bloomberg US TIPS 1-10 Yr	Inflation	1.64%	-7.34%	2.01%	2.50%	1.29%	Barclays Global Aggregate			-
Global Fixed Income Benchmarks							FTSE WGBI			
Barclays Global Aggregate	Global Core Bonds	4.55%	-16.25%	-4.48%	-1.66%	-0.44%	BC Global Credit			
FTSE WGBI	World Gov. Bonds	3.82%	-18.26%	-5.75%	-2.54%	-1.22%	JPM GBI-EM Glob. Diversified	<u> </u>		
BC Global Credit	Global Bonds	5.28%	-16.96%	-4.01%	-1.06%	0.60%	JPM EMBI+			
JPM GBI-EM Glob. Diversified	Em. Mkt. Bonds (Local Currency)	8.45%	-11.69%	-6.11%	-2.51%	-2.03%	Bloomberg Commodity Index			
JPM EMBI+	Em. Mkt. Bonds	8.70%	-24.67%	-8.34%	-3.87%	-0.35%	HFRI Fund of Funds Composite Index			_
Alternative Benchmarks							Cambridge PE Lagged*		7	
Bloomberg Commodity Index	Commodities	2.22%	16.09%	12.65%	6.44%	-1.28%	NCREIF ODCE Net Lagged*			
HFRI Fund of Funds Composite Index	Fund of Hedge Funds	1.79%	-5.25%	3.71%	3.02%	3.51%	FTSE NAREIT All Equity REITs			
Cambridge PE Lagged*	Private Equity	0.08%	2.86%	19.37%	16.75%	15.02%				
NCREIF ODCE Net Lagged*	Real Estate	0.35%	21.05%	11.41%	9.28%	9.92%	-40%	-30% -20% -10%	6 0% 10%	20%
FTSE NAREIT All Equity REITs	REIT	4.14%	-24.95%	0.20%	4.43%	7.10%				



^{*} As of 9/30/2022

ASSET CLASS CORRELATIONS SHIFTED

ROLLING CORRELATION BETWEEN THE S&P 500 AND TREASURIES

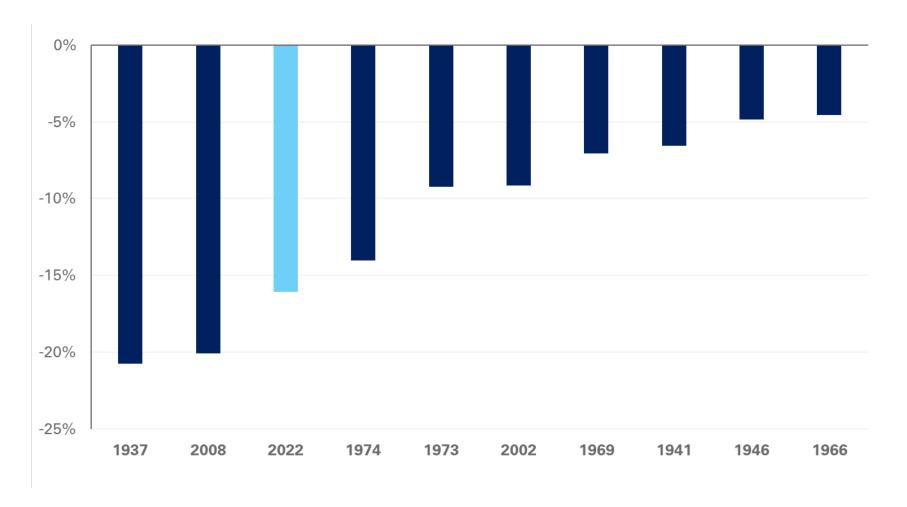




Correlations are calculated based on a rolling 3-year time horizon Source: S&P, Bloomberg, FactSet

MOST ASSET CLASS RETURNS WERE CHALLENGED

WORST ANNUAL RETURNS: 60/40 PORTFOLIO





60/40 Portfolio represents 60% S&P 500 and 40% U.S. Aggregate Bonds (post 1975) and 40% Treasury (prior to 1974) Data calculated from 12/31/1936 Sources: S&P, Bloomberg, FactSet

THE S&P 500 INDEX REMAINS IN A BEAR MARKET

LENGTH AND DEPTH OF S&P 500 BEAR MARKETS

Start	End	Length of Bear Market (Months)	Length of Recovery* (Months)	S&P 500 Decline
01/03/2022	?	12*	?	-18%
02/19/2020	03/23/2020	1	5	-34%
10/09/2007	03/09/2009	17	59	-57%
03/24/2000	10/09/2002	31	80	-49%
08/25/1987	12/04/1987	3	20	-34%
11/28/1980	08/12/1982	21	3	-27%
01/11/1973	10/03/1974	21	69	-48%

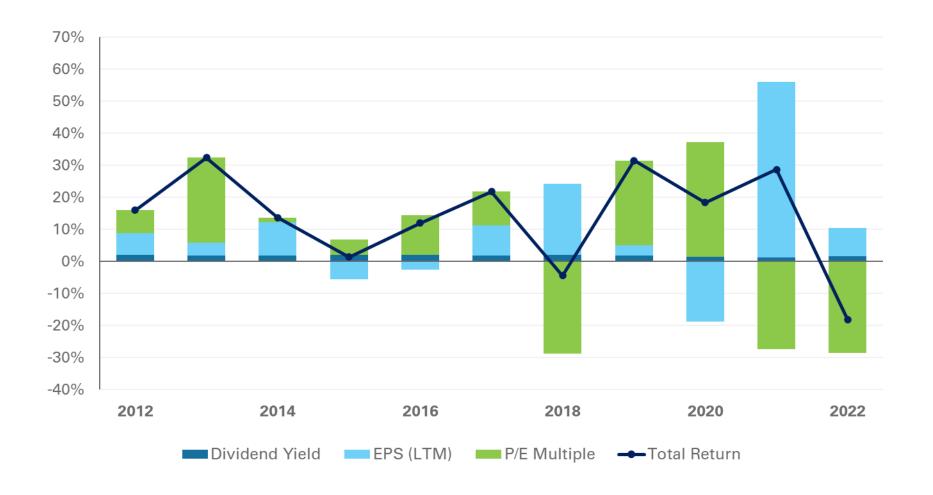
Notes: 2022 bear market is ongoing; represents historical bear markets since 1970. *Length of Recovery represents time to recoup losses from the start of the bear market.

Sources: S&P, FactSet, NEPC



P/E RATIO CONTRACTION LED TO LOWER RETURNS

S&P 500 ATTRIBUTION TO TOTAL RETURNS

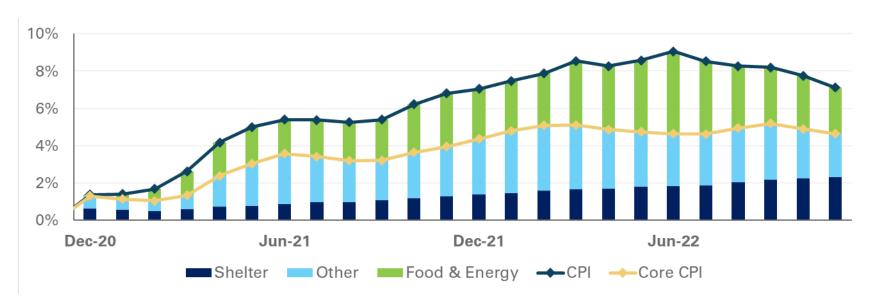




Source: S&P, FactSet

U.S. HEADLINE AND CORE CPI REMAIN ELEVATED

ANNUAL U.S. CPI-U CHANGES



Annual Change in U.S. CPI-U Subcategories











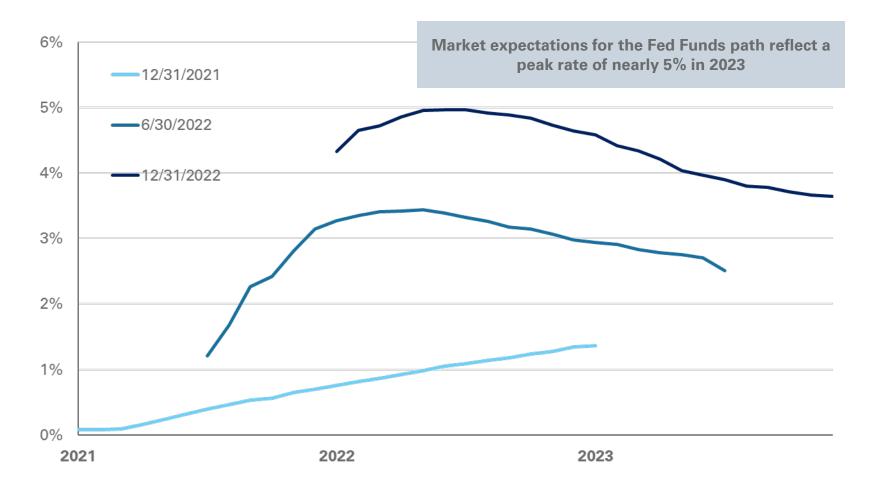




Sources: Bureau of Labor Statistics, FactSet

RATE EXPECTATIONS INCREASED DRAMATICALLY

FED FUNDS EXPECTATIONS

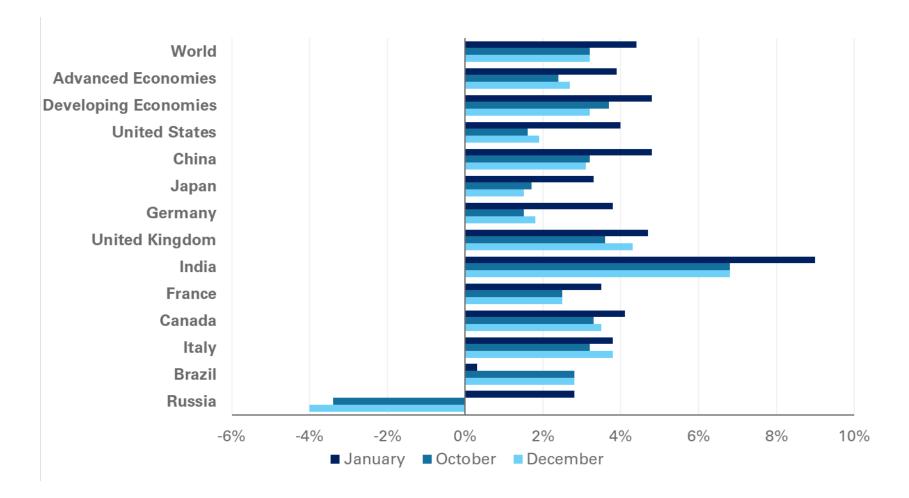




Source: FactSet

GLOBAL GROWTH EXPECTATIONS WEAKENED

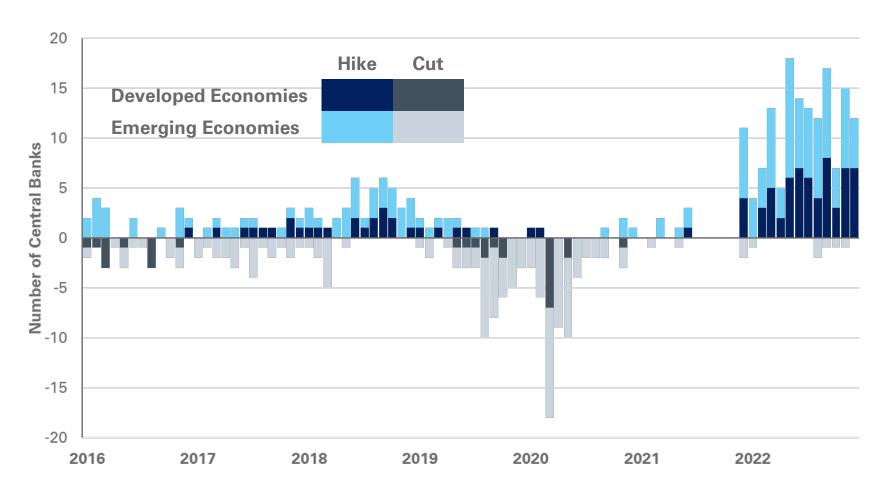
2022 REAL GDP PROJECTIONS





THE MONETARY POLICY BACKDROP IS TIGHTER

INTEREST RATE CHANGES BY GLOBAL CENTRAL BANKS







2023 KEY INVESTMENT THEMES

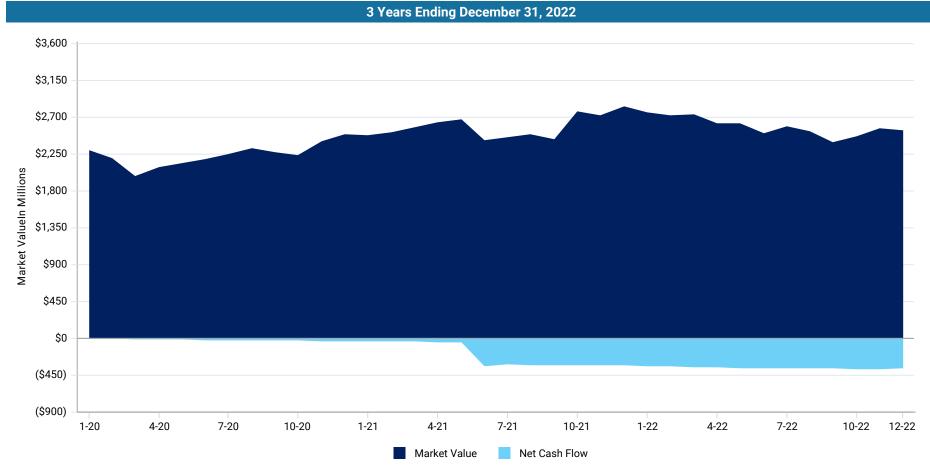
NEPC MARKET OUTLOOK

Stagflation Trends	Stagflation trends challenge the investment landscape and are the driving force for market dynamics
Recession Outlook	Changes in unemployment, wages, and service sector inflation will inform the likelihood and potential severity of a U.S. recession
European Energy Transition	Europe is on the clock to secure new sources of natural gas supply or face severe energy shortages
China Reopening	China's reopening will have global implications for growth, trade, and inflation and may drive a consumer resurgence in China
\$ U.S. Dollar Trajectory	U.S. Dollar strength reveals risks in the global financial system and is a tightening of financial conditions





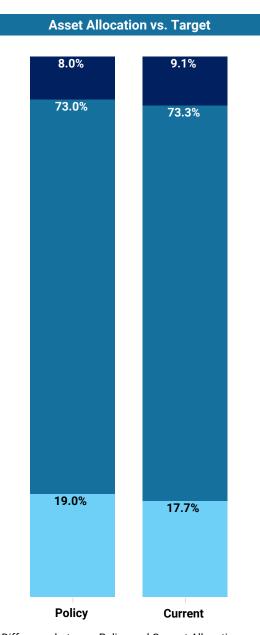
ASSET GROWTH SUMMARY



	Last Three Months	FYTD	1 Year
Beginning Market Value	2,398,021,638	2,507,413,470	2,832,546,787
Net Cash Flow	6,755,528	-146,182	-27,265,731
Net Investment Change	132,292,866	29,802,744	-268,211,025
Ending Market Value	2,537,070,032	2,537,070,032	2,537,070,032
Net Change	139,048,394	29,656,561	-295,476,756



ASSET ALLOCATION VS. POLICY



	Current (\$)	Current (%)	Policy \$	Policy (%)	Policy Range (%)	Within Range
■ Liquidity Sub-Portfolio	229,782,438	9.1	202,965,603	8.0	4.0 - 14.0	Yes
■ Growth Sub-Portfolio	1,858,831,863	73.3	1,852,061,123	73.0	60.0 - 80.0	Yes
Risk-Diversifying Sub-Portfolio	448,455,731	17.7	482,043,306	19.0	15.0 - 24.0	Yes
Total Fund	2,537,070,032	100.0	2,537,070,032	100.0		

*Difference between Policy and Current Allocation



ASSET ALLOCATION VS. POLICY

Asset Alloc	ation vs. Target
16.0%	15.7%
4.0%	3.9%
20.0%	18.1%
7.0%	8.2%
6.0%	5.5%
7.5%	8.6%
3.0%	3.3%
5.0%	5.4%
10.0%	8.9%
8.0%	8.5%
6.0%	5.0%
6.5%	8.1%
Policy	Current

	Current (\$)	Current (%)	Policy (%)	Policy \$	Policy Range (%)	Within Range
■ Large Cap Equity	397,530,753	15.7	16.0	405,931,205	12.0 - 20.0	Yes
Small Cap Equity	98,643,707	3.9	4.0	101,482,801	0.0 - 7.0	Yes
International Equity	460,178,846	18.1	20.0	507,414,006	14.0 - 26.0	Yes
Intermediate	209,075,603	8.2	7.0	177,594,902	4.0 - 10.0	Yes
Treasury	139,719,217	5.5	6.0	152,224,202	4.0 - 8.0	Yes
Infrastructure	219,309,983	8.6	7.5	190,280,252	0.0 - 12.0	Yes
Absolute Return	83,460,999	3.3	3.0	76,112,101	0.0 - 5.0	Yes
■ Private Equity	136,318,039	5.4	5.0	126,853,502	0.0 - 8.0	Yes
Risk Parity	225,275,515	8.9	10.0	253,707,003	6.0 - 14.0	Yes
■ Private Credit	215,228,041	8.5	8.0	202,965,603	0.0 - 10.0	Yes
Non-Core Real Estate	126,846,223	5.0	6.0	152,224,202	0.0 - 10.0	Yes
Real Estate - Core	204,776,271	8.1	6.5	164,909,552	0.0 - 10.0	Yes
■ Cash	20,706,835	0.8	1.0	25,370,700	0.0 - 4.0	Yes
Total	2,537,070,032	100.0	100.0	2,537,070,032		

^{*}Difference between Policy and Current Allocation



	Allocation	on					Perforn	nance (%)		
	Market Value (\$)	% of Portfolio	3 Mo (%)	FYTD (%)	1 Yr (%)	3 Yrs (%)	5 Yrs (%)	7 Yrs (%)	10 Yrs (%)	Inception (%)	Inception Date
Total Fund	2,537,070,032	100.0	5.3	1.0	-9.7	4.2	4.9	6.7	7.1	8.5	Jan-95
Policy Index			<u>5.7</u>	<u>1.7</u>	<u>-9.1</u>	<u>4.5</u>	<u>5.1</u>	<u>6.8</u>	<u>7.0</u>	<u>7.7</u>	
Allocation Index			<u>5.4</u>	<u>0.8</u>	<u>-11.9</u>						
InvMetrics Public DB > \$1 Billion Rank			42	39	34	62	62	61	50	1	
Liquidity Sub-Portfolio	229,782,438	9.1	1.7	-0.1	-3.4	0.9	2.2	1.8		1.6	Aug-14
StanCERA Liquidity Blended BM			<u>1.5</u>	<u>-1.2</u>	<u>-7.1</u>	<u>0.6</u>	<u>1.4</u>	<u>1.3</u>		<u>1.2</u>	
Cash	20,706,834	0.8	0.9	1.3	1.7	2.0	1.9	1.6		1.5	Aug-14
FTSE 1 Month T-Bill			<u>0.9</u>	<u>1.4</u>	<u>1.5</u>	<u>0.7</u>	<u>1.2</u>	<u>1.0</u>		<u>0.8</u>	
Cashflow-Matched Bonds	209,075,603	8.2	1.8	-0.4	-4.9	0.2	1.9			1.9	Jul-17
Blmbg. Intermed. U.S. Government/Credit			<u>1.5</u>	<u>-1.6</u>	<u>-8.2</u>	<u>-1.3</u>	<u>0.7</u>			<u>0.7</u>	
eV US Government Fixed Inc Rank			1	4	5	4	1			1	
Insight	209,075,603	8.2	1.8	-0.4	-4.9	0.2	1.9			1.9	Jul-17
Blmbg. Intermed. U.S. Government/Credit			<u>1.5</u>	<u>-1.6</u>	<u>-8.2</u>	<u>-1.3</u>	<u>0.7</u>			<u>0.7</u>	
eV US Government Fixed Inc Rank			1	4	5	4	1			1	
Growth Sub-Portfolio	1,858,831,863	73.3	6.7	2.2	-9.8	5.9	6.2	8.3	9.2	7.8	Jan-04
StanCERA Growth Blended BM			<u>6.4</u>	2.6	<u>-8.3</u>	<u>6.9</u>	<u>7.0</u>	<u>8.9</u>			



	Allocati	on		Performance (%)							
	Market	% of	3 Mo	FYTD	1 Yr	3 Yrs	5 Yrs	7 Yrs	10 Yrs	Inception	Inception
110 5 111	Value (\$)	Portfolio	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	Date
US Equities	496,174,460	19.6	8.2	3.4	-17.0	7.9	8.6	10.5	11.7	9.2	Jan-04
Russell 3000 Index	007 500 750	457	<u>7.2</u>	<u>2.4</u>	<u>-19.2</u>	<u>7.1</u>	<u>8.8</u>	<u>11.0</u>	<u>12.1</u>	<u>8.9</u>	
US Large Equity	397,530,753	15.7	7.6	2.2	-18.6	8.0	9.6	11.3	12.5	12.1	Jan-95
Russell 1000 Index			<u>7.2</u>	<u>2.3</u>	<u>-19.1</u>	<u>7.3</u>	<u>9.1</u>	<u>11.3</u>	<u>12.4</u>	<u>10.0</u>	
eV US Large Cap Equity Rank			65	64	63	30	27	26	26	3	
BlackRock Russell 1000 Growth	180,654,360	7.1	2.2	-1.5	-29.1	7.8	10.9	12.9	14.1	14.3	Aug-10
Russell 1000 Growth Index			<u>2.2</u>	<u>-1.5</u>	<u>-29.1</u>	<u>7.8</u>	<u>11.0</u>	<u>12.9</u>	<u>14.1</u>	<u>14.2</u>	
eV US Large Cap Growth Equity Rank			70	60	48	24	19	12	12	8	
BlackRock Russell 1000 Value	109,280,497	4.3	12.4	6.1	-7.6	6.0	6.7	9.2	10.4	11.3	Aug-09
Russell 1000 Value Index			<u>12.4</u>	<u>6.1</u>	<u>-7.5</u>	<u>6.0</u>	<u>6.7</u>	<u>9.1</u>	<u>10.3</u>	<u>11.2</u>	
eV US Large Cap Value Equity Rank			56	53	67	76	68	67	60	51	
Dodge & Cox-Equity	107,595,896	4.2	12.9	5.0	-7.1	8.9	8.4	11.3	12.1	11.7	Jan-95
Russell 1000 Value Index			<u>12.4</u>	<u>6.1</u>	<u>-7.5</u>	<u>6.0</u>	<u>6.7</u>	<u>9.1</u>	<u>10.3</u>	<u>9.6</u>	
eV US Large Cap Value Equity Rank			48	71	63	26	32	15	16	3	
US Small Equity	98,643,707	3.9	10.4	8.5	-9.8	7.3	5.2	8.0	9.0	11.5	Jan-09
Russell 2000 Index			<u>6.2</u>	<u>3.9</u>	<u>-20.4</u>	<u>3.1</u>	<u>4.1</u>	<u>7.9</u>	<u>9.0</u>	<u>10.9</u>	
eV US Small Cap Value Equity Rank			56	18	33	36	40	61	54	50	
Attucks Small Cap	98,643,707	3.9	10.4	8.5	-9.8	7.3	5.2	9.4	9.3	11.7	Jan-09
Russell 2000 Value Index			<u>8.4</u>	<u>3.4</u>	<u>-14.5</u>	<u>4.7</u>	<u>4.1</u>	<u>8.2</u>	<u>8.5</u>	<u>10.0</u>	
eV US Small Cap Value Equity Rank			56	18	33	36	40	28	48	42	
International Equity	460,178,846	18.1	16.8	4.3	-13.1	1.6	1.5	5.4	4.7	5.7	Oct-04
MSCI AC World ex USA (Net)			<u>14.3</u>	<u>3.0</u>	<u>-16.0</u>	<u>0.1</u>	<u>0.9</u>	<u>4.8</u>	<u>3.8</u>	<u>5.1</u>	
eV ACWI ex-US Large Cap Equity Rank			22	50	22	39	58	43	52	52	
LSV Int'l Large Cap Value	243,755,527	9.6	18.0	5.0	-8.2	1.5	1.0	5.4	4.6	5.5	Oct-04
MSCI AC World ex USA Value (Net)			<u> 15.7</u>	<u>3.6</u>	<u>-8.6</u>	0.1	<u>-0.1</u>	<u>4.2</u>	<u>2.7</u>	<u>4.5</u>	
eV ACWI ex-US Large Cap Equity Rank			16	33	4	42	69	42	55	60	
Fidelity Int'l Growth	216,423,319	8.5	15.5	3.5	-18.0	1.6	1.9	5.1	4.6	3.6	May-06
MSCI AC World ex USA Growth (Net)			12.9	<u>2.3</u>	<u>-23.1</u>	<u>-0.4</u>	<u>1.5</u>	<u>5.2</u>	<u>4.7</u>	<u>3.5</u>	
eV ACWI ex-US Large Cap Equity Rank			38	62	49	41	43	54	55	37	



	Allocation	on					Perforn	nance (%)		
	Market Value (\$)	% of Portfolio	3 Mo (%)	FYTD (%)	1 Yr (%)	3 Yrs (%)	5 Yrs (%)	7 Yrs (%)	10 Yrs (%)	Inception (%)	Inception Date
Core Real Estate	204,776,271	8.1	-1.0	-0.5	-1.4	6.3	6.1	5.8	7.0	3.2	Apr-08
NCREIF Property Index			<u>-3.5</u>	<u>-3.0</u>	<u>5.5</u>	<u>8.1</u>	<u>7.5</u>	<u>7.5</u>	<u>8.8</u>	<u>6.5</u>	
Prime Property Fund	103,829,403	4.1	-3.7	-3.7	6.1	9.3	8.4	8.6		8.7	Oct-15
NCREIF ODCE			<u>-5.0</u>	<u>-4.5</u>	<u>7.5</u>	<u>9.9</u>	<u>8.7</u>	<u>8.5</u>		<u>8.7</u>	
BlackRock Real Estate Securities	6,544,604	0.3	4.7	-6.2	-26.1	-1.5	2.4	3.2	5.7	5.8	Oct-12
Dow Jones U.S. Select RESI			<u>4.7</u>	<u>-6.2</u>	<u>-26.0</u>	<u>-1.4</u>	<u>2.5</u>	<u>3.2</u>	<u>5.7</u>	<u>5.8</u>	
PGIM Real Estate US Debt Fund	94,402,264	3.7	1.7	3.3	5.2	5.0				5.2	Sep-18
Blmbg. U.S. Investment Grade: CMBS Index			<u>1.0</u>	<u>-2.9</u>	<u>-10.9</u>	<u>-1.7</u>				<u>0.9</u>	
Value-Add Real Estate	126,846,223	5.0	-2.5	-3.3	2.3	12.6	11.7	11.3		11.1	Aug-14
NCREIF Property Index +2%			<u>-3.0</u>	<u>-2.0</u>	<u>7.6</u>	<u>10.2</u>	<u>9.6</u>	<u>9.6</u>		<u>10.6</u>	
American Strategic Value Realty	88,716,589	3.5	-3.5	-2.0	7.4	9.5	9.3	9.7		10.8	Jan-15
NCREIF Property Index			<u>-3.5</u>	<u>-3.0</u>	<u>5.5</u>	<u>8.1</u>	<u>7.5</u>	<u>7.5</u>		<u>8.2</u>	
Greenfield Acquisition Partners VII	2,046,544	0.1	0.0	6.3	10.9	8.0	10.4	10.4		10.5	Aug-14
NCREIF-ODCE +1%			<u>-4.7</u>	<u>-4.0</u>	<u>8.5</u>	<u>11.0</u>	<u>9.8</u>	<u>9.6</u>		<u>10.8</u>	
Grandview Property Partners I	20,974,408	0.8	0.0	-7.2	-11.1	25.3				21.2	Apr-18
NCREIF-ODCE +1%			<u>-4.7</u>	<u>-4.0</u>	<u>8.5</u>	<u>11.0</u>				<u>9.7</u>	
Grandview Property Partners II	15,108,682	0.6	0.0	3.3	5.5					-0.4	Dec-21
NCREIF-ODCE +1%			<u>-4.7</u>	<u>-4.0</u>	<u>8.5</u>					<u>15.9</u>	



	Allocati	on					Perforn	nance (%)		
	Market Value (\$)	% of Portfolio	3 Mo (%)	FYTD (%)	1 Yr (%)	3 Yrs (%)	5 Yrs (%)	7 Yrs (%)	10 Yrs (%)	Inception (%)	Inception Date
Infrastructure	219,309,983	8.6	2.0	0.7	-5.6	0.0	4.2	6.4		4.5	Jun-15
CPI + 5% (Unadjusted)			<u>1.2</u>	<u>2.6</u>	<u>11.8</u>	<u>10.2</u>	<u>9.0</u>	<u>8.5</u>		<u>8.1</u>	
eV Infrastructure Rank			100	31	42	82	71	80		66	
MS Infrastructure Partners II	42,409,945	1.7	0.0	12.2	15.0	9.4	9.9	10.5		8.2	Jun-15
CPI + 5% (Unadjusted)			<u>1.2</u>	<u>2.6</u>	<u>11.8</u>	<u>10.2</u>	<u>9.0</u>	<u>8.5</u>		<u>8.1</u>	
eV Infrastructure Rank			100	4	3	8	9	4		4	
Northern Trust Infrastructure Fund	81,564,703	3.2	7.9	-2.2	-10.8					-5.9	Jul-21
67% STOXX Global Broad Infra / 33% Bloomberg US TIPS			<u>7.9</u>	<u>-1.6</u>	<u>-10.6</u>					<u>-5.5</u>	
Palistar Communications Infrastructure Fund II	11,097,925	0.4	0.0	4.5	8.4					8.4	Jan-22
CPI + 5% (Unadjusted)			<u>1.2</u>	<u>2.6</u>	<u>11.8</u>					<u>11.8</u>	
JP Morgan IIF Hedged LP	32,097,892	1.3	5.2	6.9						8.8	Apr-22
CPI + 5% (Unadjusted)			<u>1.2</u>	<u>2.6</u>						<u>7.1</u>	
IFM Global Infrastructure Fund	52,139,518	2.1	4.0							4.3	Jul-22
CPI + 5% (Unadjusted)			<u>1.2</u>	2.6						<u>2.6</u>	



	Allocati	on					Perforn	nance (%)		
	Market Value (\$)	% of Portfolio	3 Mo (%)	FYTD (%)	1 Yr (%)	3 Yrs (%)	5 Yrs (%)	7 Yrs (%)	10 Yrs (%)	Inception (%)	Inception Date
Private Equity	136,318,039	5.4	3.7	-0.9	-10.5	11.1	(10)	(10)	(10)	14.0	Dec-18
Russell 3000 + 3%			<u>8.0</u>	<u>3.9</u>	<u>-16.8</u>	<u>10.3</u>				<u>13.0</u>	
Private Equity	79,413,158	3.1	0.9	-4.2	5.2					19.5	Apr-20
Russell 3000 + 3%			<u>8.0</u>	<u>3.9</u>	<u>-16.8</u>					<u> 20.8</u>	
Private Equity Proxy	56,904,880	2.2	7.2	2.4	-19.3	7.0	9.9	11.7	12.7	9.2	Dec-03
Russell 3000 Index			<u>7.2</u>	<u>2.4</u>	<u>-19.2</u>	<u>7.1</u>	<u>8.8</u>	<u>11.0</u>	<u>12.1</u>	<u>9.1</u>	
eV US Large Cap Equity Rank			68	63	67	48	20	20	20	37	
Private Credit	215,228,041	8.5	3.6	4.4	-0.9	-2.4	0.3	0.5		2.1	Jun-13
S&P/LSTA Leveraged Loan Index +2%			<u>3.2</u>	<u>5.2</u>	<u>1.4</u>	<u>4.6</u>	<u>5.4</u>	<u>6.5</u>		<u>5.6</u>	
Private Credit	104,771,985	4.1	1.2	3.5	10.5	1.7	2.8	2.2		3.4	Jun-13
S&P/LSTA Leveraged Loan Index +2%			<u>3.2</u>	<u>5.2</u>	<u>1.4</u>	<u>4.6</u>	<u>5.4</u>	<u>6.5</u>		<u>5.6</u>	
Private Credit Proxy	110,456,056	4.4	6.2	5.3	-9.8					-4.7	Jun-21
ICE BofA US High Yield Master II Constrained			<u>4.0</u>	<u>3.3</u>	<u>-11.2</u>					<u>-5.5</u>	
Risk-Diversifying Sub-Portfolio	448,455,731	17.7	2.1	-2.9	-11.6	-1.1	0.7	1.8	1.9	3.9	Dec-03
StanCERA Risk-Diversifying Blended BM			<u>4.7</u>	<u>-0.6</u>	<u>-13.1</u>	<u>-1.0</u>	<u>0.7</u>	<u>0.9</u>	<u>0.9</u>		
Risk Parity	225,275,515	8.9	3.1	-5.7	-19.9	-1.5	1.6			1.8	Dec-17
60% MSCI ACWI (Net)/ 40% Bloomberg Global Agg			<u>7.7</u>	<u>0.4</u>	<u>-17.3</u>	<u>0.8</u>	<u>2.7</u>			<u>2.9</u>	
HFR Risk Parity Vol 10 Institutional Index			<u>3.4</u>	<u>-3.8</u>	<u>-19.5</u>	<u>-3.0</u>	<u>0.6</u>			<u>0.9</u>	
AQR Global Risk Premium - EL	117,108,326	4.6	2.4	-4.3	-16.9	-1.1				2.6	Apr-18
60% MSCI ACWI (Net)/ 40% Bloomberg Global Agg			<u>7.7</u>	<u>0.4</u>	<u>-17.3</u>	<u>0.8</u>				<u>2.8</u>	
PanAgora Risk Parity Multi Asset	108,167,189	4.3	3.8	-7.2	-23.0	-2.0	1.2			1.4	Dec-17
60% MSCI ACWI (Net)/ 40% Bloomberg Global Agg			<u>7.7</u>	<u>0.4</u>	<u>-17.3</u>	<u>0.8</u>	<u>2.7</u>			<u>2.9</u>	

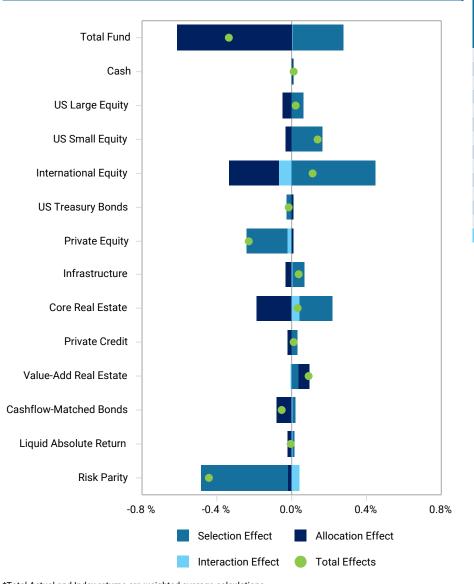


	Allocation	Allocation Performance (%)									
	Market Value (\$)	% of Portfolio	3 Mo (%)	FYTD (%)	1 Yr (%)	3 Yrs (%)	5 Yrs (%)	7 Yrs (%)	10 Yrs (%)	Inception (%)	Inception Date
US Treasury Bonds	139,719,217	5.5	0.5	-4.6	-14.4	-3.2	-0.3	1.2	1.5	3.7	Dec-03
Blmbg. U.S. Treasury: 7-10 Year			<u>1.0</u>	<u>-4.6</u>	<u>-14.9</u>	<u>-3.2</u>	<u>-0.1</u>	<u>0.4</u>	<u>0.7</u>	<u>3.4</u>	
eV US Government Fixed Inc Rank			87	96	96	93	86	5	4	1	
Northern Trust Intermediate Gov't Bond	99,016,707	3.9	1.0	-2.1	-7.8	-1.4	0.4			0.3	Aug-17
Blmbg. U.S. Government: Intermediate			<u>1.0</u>	<u>-2.1</u>	<u>-7.7</u>	<u>-1.4</u>	<u>0.5</u>			<u>0.4</u>	
eV US Government Fixed Inc Rank			31	18	19	20	15			22	
Northern Trust Long Term Gov't Bond	40,702,510	1.6	-0.6	-10.2	-27.1	-6.6	-1.7			-0.9	Aug-17
Blmbg. U.S. Government: Long Term Bond Index			<u>-0.6</u>	<u>-10.1</u>	<u>-29.2</u>	<u>-7.4</u>	<u>-2.2</u>			<u>-1.4</u>	
eV US Long Duration Fixed Inc Rank			95	95	70	91	90			92	
Liquid Absolute Return	83,460,999	3.3	2.3	7.3	23.3					16.7	Oct-21
30 Day T-Bill + 4%			<u>1.9</u>	<u>3.4</u>	<u>5.5</u>					<u>5.2</u>	
Graham Global Investment Fund I SPC LTD	56,063,118	2.2	-2.3	3.4	30.7					22.6	Nov-21
HFRI Macro (Total) Index			<u>-1.3</u>	<u>0.4</u>	<u>9.0</u>					<u>6.3</u>	
Invesco Global Targeted Return	27,397,881	1.1	5.4	7.9	0.0					1.3	Nov-21
30 Day T-Bill + 4%			<u>1.9</u>	<u>3.4</u>	<u>5.5</u>					<u>5.3</u>	



ATTRIBUTION ANALYSIS

Attribution Effects 1 Quarter Ending December 31, 2022



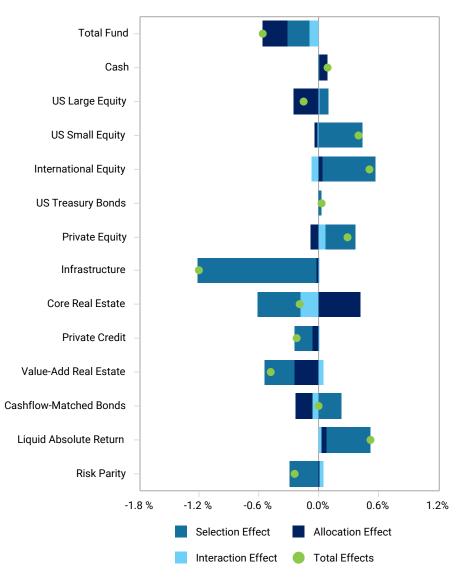
Attribution Summary 1 Quarter Ending December 31, 2022												
	Wtd. Actual Return (%)	Wtd. Index Return (%)	Excess Return (%)	Selection Effect (%)	Allocation Effect (%)	Interaction Effects (%)	Total Effects (%)					
Cash	0.9	0.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0					
US Large Equity	7.6	7.2	0.4	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0					
US Small Equity	10.4	6.2	4.2	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.1					
International Equity	16.8	14.4	2.4	0.4	-0.3	-0.1	0.1					
US Treasury Bonds	0.5	1.0	-0.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0					
Private Equity	3.7	8.0	-4.2	-0.2	0.0	0.0	-0.2					
Infrastructure	2.0	1.2	0.8	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0					
Core Real Estate	-1.0	-3.5	2.5	0.2	-0.2	0.0	0.0					
Private Credit	3.6	3.2	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0					
Value-Add Real Estate	-2.5	-3.0	0.6	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.1					
Cashflow-Matched Bonds	1.8	1.5	0.3	0.0	-0.1	0.0	-0.1					
Liquid Absolute Return	2.3	1.9	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0					
Risk Parity	3.1	7.7	-4.7	-0.4	0.0	0.0	-0.4					
Total Fund	5.3	5.7	-0.3	0.3	-0.6	0.0	-0.3					

 $[\]hbox{*Total Actual and Index returns are weighted average calculations}.$



ATTRIBUTION ANALYSIS

Attribution Effects 1 Year Ending December 31, 2022

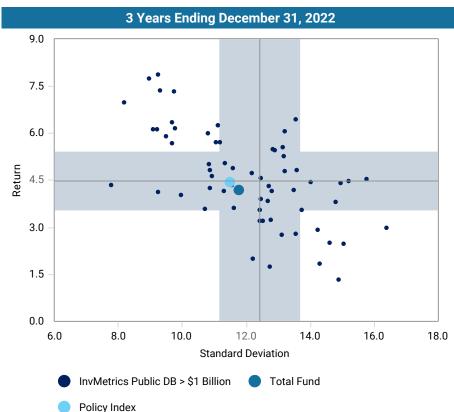


	1 Yea	ır Endin	g Dece	mber 31,	2022		
	Wtd. Actual Return (%)	Wtd. Index Return (%)	Excess Return (%)	Selection Effect (%)	Allocation Effect (%)	Interaction Effects (%)	Total Effects (%)
Cash	1.7	1.5	0.3	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.1
US Large Equity	-18.6	-19.1	0.5	0.1	-0.2	0.0	-0.1
US Small Equity	-9.8	-20.4	10.6	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.4
International Equity	-13.1	-15.6	2.5	0.5	0.0	-0.1	0.5
US Treasury Bonds	-14.4	-14.9	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Private Equity	-10.5	-16.8	6.2	0.4	-0.1	0.1	0.3
Infrastructure	-5.6	11.8	-17.3	-1.2	0.0	0.0	-1.2
Core Real Estate	-1.4	5.5	-7.0	-0.6	0.4	-0.2	-0.2
Private Credit	-0.9	1.4	-2.3	-0.2	-0.1	0.0	-0.2
Value-Add Real Estate	2.3	7.6	-5.3	-0.2	-0.2	0.1	-0.5
Cashflow-Matched Bonds	-4.9	-8.2	3.3	0.2	-0.2	-0.1	0.0
Liquid Absolute Return	23.3	5.5	17.8	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.5
Risk Parity	-19.9	-17.3	-2.6	-0.2	0.0	0.0	-0.2
Total Fund	-9.7	-9.1	-0.6	-0.4	-0.3	-0.1	-0.6

Attribution Summary

^{*}Total Actual and Index returns are weighted average calculations.





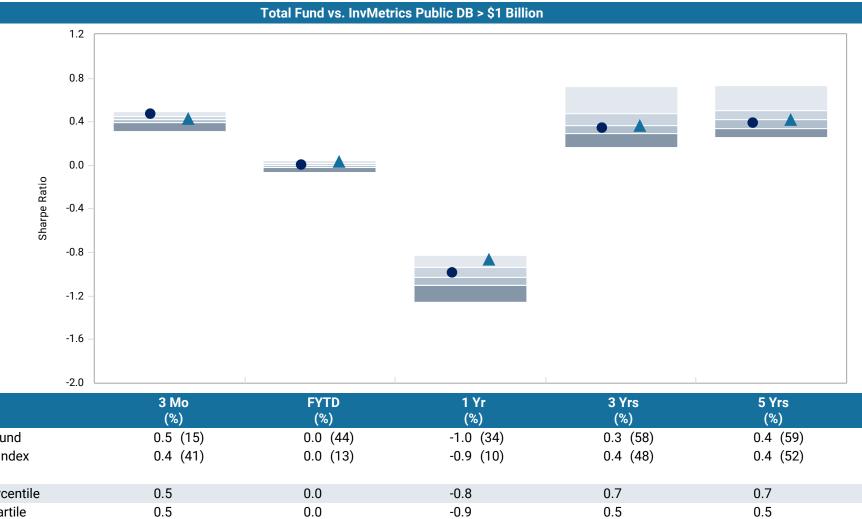
Inv	Metrics Public DB > \$1 Billio	n lotal Fund	
Po	licy Index		
	3 Years Ending D	December 31, 2022	
	Return	Standard Deviation	Sharpe Ratio
Total Fund	4.2 (62)	11.8 (43)	0.3 (58)
Policy Index	4.5 (52)	11.5 (39)	0.4 (48)
Population	63	63	63

		5 Years E	nding D	ecembe	er 31, 2	022	
8.8							
8.0	_	•					
7.2		•					
6.4	_		•	:			
Seturn 9.6		• •	•••		•	•	
4.8	_	•		•		•	
4.0	_		•	•••	•	•	
3.2	_		•	•	,	•	
						•	
	6.0	8.0	10.0		12.0	14.0	16.0
			Standa	ard Devia	tion		
	Ir	nvMetrics Public DB	> \$1 Billior	n 🛑 1	Γotal Fun	d	
	P	olicy Index					

5 Years Ending December 31, 2022							
	Return	Standard Deviation	Sharpe Ratio				
Total Fund	4.9 (62)	10.2 (43)	0.4 (59)				
Policy Index	5.1 (57)	10.0 (41)	0.4 (52)				
Population	62	62	62				



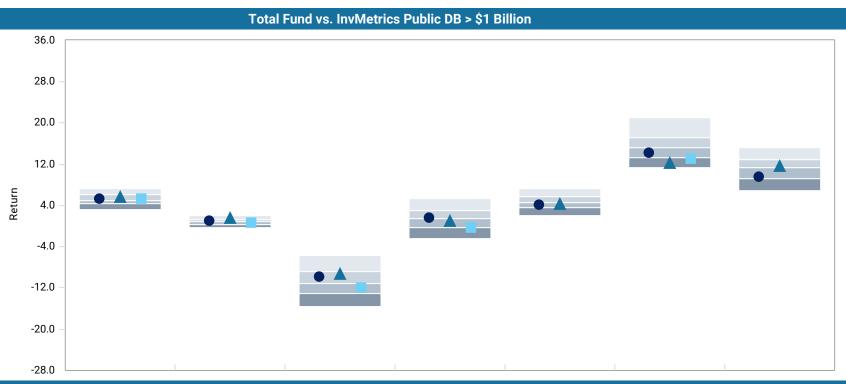
TOTAL FUND SHARPE RATIO RANKINGS



	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)
Total Fund	0.5 (15)	0.0 (44)	-1.0 (34)	0.3 (58)	0.4 (59)
Policy Index	0.4 (41)	0.0 (13)	-0.9 (10)	0.4 (48)	0.4 (52)
5th Percentile	0.5	0.0	-0.8	0.7	0.7
1st Quartile	0.5	0.0	-0.9	0.5	0.5
Median	0.4	0.0	-1.0	0.4	0.4
3rd Quartile	0.4	0.0	-1.1	0.3	0.3
95th Percentile	0.3	-0.1	-1.3	0.2	0.3
Population	65	65	65	63	62



RETURN SUMMARY VS. PEER UNIVERSE



	3 Mo	FYTD	1 Year	2 Years	3 Years	2021	2020
● Total Fund	5.3 (42)	1.0 (39)	-9.7 (34)	1.6 (48)	4.2 (62)	14.3 (62)	9.6 (73)
▲ Policy Index	5.7 (36)	1.7 (13)	-9.1 (28)	1.0 (55)	4.5 (52)	12.2 (91)	11.7 (47)
Allocation Index	5.4 (42)	0.8 (55)	-11.9 (62)	-0.2 (73)		13.0 (79)	
5th Percentile	7.3	2.1	-5.7	5.3	7.3	21.1	15.2
1st Quartile	6.1	1.3	-8.8	3.1	5.7	17.2	13.0
Median	5.1	0.8	-11.2	1.4	4.5	15.3	11.4
3rd Quartile	4.4	0.4	-13.1	-0.3	3.6	13.3	9.3
95th Percentile	3.3	-0.3	-15.6	-2.4	2.1	11.4	6.9
Population	65	65	65	64	63	130	148



Account Name	Fee Schedule	Market Value (\$)	Estimated Annual Fee (\$)	Estimated Annual Fee (%)
Cash Account	0.1 % of Assets	20,538,717	20,539	0.1
Transition Account		168,117		
Insight	0.1 % of Assets	209,075,603	250,891	0.1
BlackRock Russell 1000 Growth	0.0 % of Assets	180,654,360	36,131	0.0
BlackRock Russell 1000 Value	0.0 % of Assets	109,280,497	21,856	0.0
Dodge & Cox-Equity	0.4 % of First \$10 M 0.2 % of Next \$90 M 0.2 % Thereafter	107,595,896	231,394	0.2
Channing	0.5 % of Assets	26,412,788	132,064	0.5
Pacific Ridge	0.6 % of Assets	17,232,106	103,393	0.6
Walthausen	0.5 % of Assets	11,006	55	0.5
Seizert		31,322,865		
Phocas'		23,664,941		
LSV Int'l Large Cap Value	0.3 % of Assets	243,755,527	609,389	0.3
Fidelity Int'l Growth	0.3 % of Assets	216,423,319	541,058	0.3
Prime Property Fund	0.8 % of Assets	103,829,403	872,167	0.8
BlackRock Real Estate Securities	0.1 % of First \$100 M 0.1 % Thereafter	6,544,604	5,890	0.1
PGIM Real Estate US Debt Fund		94,402,264		
American Strategic Value Realty	0.8 % of First \$25 M 0.7 % of Next \$25 M 0.6 % of Next \$50 M 0.5 % Thereafter	88,716,589	562,941	0.6
Greenfield Acquisition Partners VII		2,046,544		
Grandview Property Partners I		20,974,408		
Grandview Property Partners II		15,108,682		
MS Infrastructure Partners II		42,409,945		
Palistar Communications Infrastructure Fund II		11,097,925		
JP Morgan IIF Hedged LP		32,097,892		
Northern Trust Infrastructure Fund		81,564,703		
IFM Global Infrastructure Fund		52,139,518		



Account Name	Fee Schedule	Market Value (\$)	Estimated Annual Fee (\$)	Estimated Annual Fee (%)
Vista Foundation Fund IV		11,056,955		
Insight Partners XI		23,286,286		
Gryphon Partners VI LP	0.0 % of Assets	13,568,763	2,714	0.0
Clayton, Dublier, & Rice		12,745,496		
Genstar Capital Partners X		7,742,611		
Sole Source Capital Partners II		9,982,560		
Great Hill EP VIII		1,030,487		
Northern Trust Russell 3000	0.0 % of Assets	56,904,880	11,381	0.0
Medley Capital		2,905,948		
Owl Rock First Lien Fund	0.7 % of Assets	8,286,428	58,005	0.7
Raven Opportunity III		58,431,825		
White Oak Pinnacle		25,565,403		
Abry Senior Equity VI, L.P.		5,431,946		
Strategic Values Special Situations Fund V, L.P.		4,150,435		
Blackrock High Yield Fund		93,384,138		
Monroe Private Credit IV		17,071,918		
AQR Global Risk Premium - EL	0.4 % of Assets	117,108,326	445,012	0.4
PanAgora Risk Parity Multi Asset	0.4 % of Assets	108,167,189	378,585	0.4
Northern Trust Intermediate Gov't Bond	0.1 % of First \$25 M 0.0 % Thereafter	99,016,707	42,107	0.0
Northern Trust Long Term Gov't Bond	0.1 % of First \$25 M 0.0 % Thereafter	40,702,510	18,781	0.0
Graham Global Investment Fund I SPC LTD		56,063,118		
Invesco Global Targeted Return		27,397,881		
Investment Management Fees		2,537,070,032	4,344,352	0.2



December 31, 2022

		3 Yea	ırs Ending l	Decembe	er 31, 20	22					
	Return	Excess Return	Standard Deviation	Alpha	Beta	Tracking Error	R-Squared	Sharpe Ratio	Information Ratio	Up Capture	Down Capture
American Strategic Value Realty	9.5	8.6	6.8	1.1	1.0	1.4	1.0	1.3	1.0	112.0	84.8
NCREIF Property Index	8.1	7.3	6.4	0.0	1.0	0.0	1.0	1.1		100.0	100.0
AQR Global Risk Premium - EL	-1.1	-1.2	11.0	-1.8	0.7	6.0	0.8	-0.1	-0.4	65.6	74.8
60% MSCI ACWI (Net)/ 40% Bloomberg Global Agg	0.8	1.1	14.2	0.0	1.0	0.0	1.0	0.1		100.0	100.0
BlackRock Real Estate Securities	-1.5	0.8	24.4	-0.1	1.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	-1.9	99.8	100.1
Dow Jones U.S. Select RESI	-1.4	0.9	24.4	0.0	1.0	0.0	1.0	0.0		100.0	100.0
BlackRock Russell 1000 Growth	7.8	9.5	23.8	0.0	1.0	0.0	1.0	0.4	-0.9	99.9	99.9
Russell 1000 Growth Index	7.8	9.5	23.8	0.0	1.0	0.0	1.0	0.4		100.0	100.0
BlackRock Russell 1000 Value	6.0	7.4	21.5	0.0	1.0	0.1	1.0	0.3	0.6	100.0	99.9
Russell 1000 Value Index	6.0	7.4	21.6	0.0	1.0	0.0	1.0	0.3		100.0	100.0
Capital Prospects Transition	0.0	-0.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	27.7		-2.1	-0.3	0.0	0.0
Russell 2000 Value Index	4.7	7.7	27.7	0.0	1.0	0.0	1.0	0.3		100.0	100.0
Channing	5.1	8.2	28.2	0.7	1.0	8.1	0.9	0.3	0.1	100.1	98.7
Russell 2000 Value Index	4.7	7.7	27.7	0.0	1.0	0.0	1.0	0.3		100.0	100.0
Dodge & Cox-Equity	8.9	10.7	24.4	2.5	1.1	5.4	1.0	0.4	0.6	110.7	100.8
Russell 1000 Value Index	6.0	7.4	21.6	0.0	1.0	0.0	1.0	0.3		100.0	100.0
LSV Int'l Large Cap Value	1.5	2.9	21.0	1.4	1.0	2.2	1.0	0.1	0.6	103.8	98.9
MSCI AC World ex USA Value (Net)	0.1	1.6	21.3	0.0	1.0	0.0	1.0	0.1		100.0	100.0
Fidelity Int'l Growth	1.6	2.9	20.4	2.2	1.0	5.9	0.9	0.1	0.4	101.1	92.6
MSCI AC World ex USA Growth (Net)	-0.4	0.7	19.3	0.0	1.0	0.0	1.0	0.0		100.0	100.0
Greenfield Acquisition Partners VII	8.0	7.4	8.9	7.4	0.1	11.7	0.0	0.8	-0.2	62.6	0.0
NCREIF-ODCE +1%	11.0	10.1	8.5	0.0	1.0	0.0	1.0	1.2		100.0	100.0
Grandview Property Partners I	25.3	24.3	22.9	14.3	1.1	21.1	0.2	1.1	0.7	192.7	0.0
NCREIF-ODCE +1%	11.0	10.1	8.5	0.0	1.0	0.0	1.0	1.2		100.0	100.0



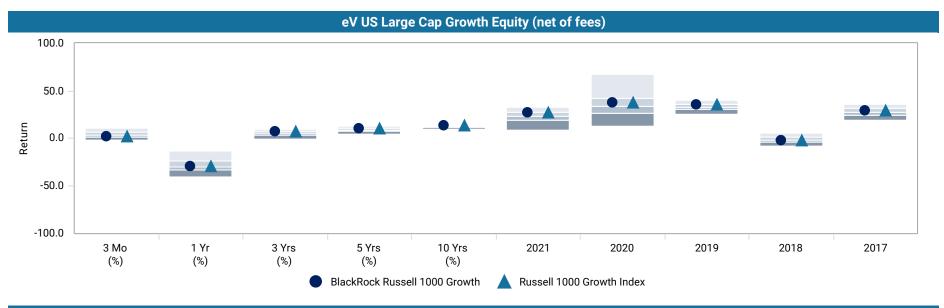
	Return	Excess Return	Standard Deviation	Alpha	Beta	Tracking Error	R-Squared	Sharpe Ratio	Information Ratio	Up Capture	Down Capture
Medley Capital	-6.3	-6.4	13.3	-4.6	-0.2	16.9	0.0	-0.5	-0.6	-47.7	1.4
S&P/LSTA Leveraged Loan Index +2%	4.6	4.2	8.9	0.0	1.0	0.0	1.0	0.5		100.0	100.0
MS Infrastructure Partners II	9.4	8.7	9.5	3.7	0.6	9.5	0.0	0.9	0.0	102.7	760.7
CPI + 5% (Unadjusted)	10.2	9.0	1.6	0.0	1.0	0.0	1.0	5.1		100.0	100.0
Northern Trust Intermediate Gov't Bond	-1.4	-2.1	3.6	0.0	1.0	0.2	1.0	-0.6	-0.2	99.1	100.1
Blmbg. U.S. Government: Intermediate	-1.4	-2.0	3.6	0.0	1.0	0.0	1.0	-0.6		100.0	100.0
Northern Trust Long Term Gov't Bond	-6.6	-6.5	14.3	0.8	1.0	2.0	1.0	-0.5	0.4	101.0	97.0
Blmbg. U.S. Government: Long Term Bond Index	-7.4	-7.4	14.3	0.0	1.0	0.0	1.0	-0.5		100.0	100.0
Pacific Ridge	3.6	7.3	29.2	-1.7	1.0	9.7	0.9	0.2	-0.2	90.7	94.1
Russell Microcap Value Index	6.1	9.3	28.4	0.0	1.0	0.0	1.0	0.3		100.0	100.0
Prime Property Fund	9.3	8.5	8.2	0.0	0.9	1.9	1.0	1.0	-0.3	92.1	85.0
NCREIF ODCE	9.9	9.1	8.5	0.0	1.0	0.0	1.0	1.1		100.0	100.0
PGIM Real Estate US Debt Fund	5.0	4.2	2.1	4.9	-0.1	6.3	0.1	2.1	1.0	33.4	-35.0
Blmbg. U.S. Investment Grade: CMBS Index	-1.7	-2.3	5.4	0.0	1.0	0.0	1.0	-0.4		100.0	100.0
Raven Opportunity III	10.4	9.6	8.3	11.5	-0.1	13.0	0.0	1.2	0.4	41.8	-80.2
S&P/LSTA Leveraged Loan Index +2%	4.6	4.2	8.9	0.0	1.0	0.0	1.0	0.5		100.0	100.0
Walthausen	8.4	10.4	24.3	4.5	0.8	12.1	8.0	0.4	0.2	84.4	72.3
Russell 2000 Value Index	4.7	7.7	27.7	0.0	1.0	0.0	1.0	0.3		100.0	100.0
PanAgora Risk Parity Multi Asset	-2.0	-1.6	14.7	-2.7	1.0	5.2	0.9	-0.1	-0.5	85.9	99.4
60% MSCI ACWI (Net)/ 40% Bloomberg Global Agg	0.8	1.1	14.2	0.0	1.0	0.0	1.0	0.1		100.0	100.0
White Oak Pinnacle	0.4	0.4	11.8	2.1	-0.2	15.8	0.0	0.0	-0.2	25.8	28.7
S&P/LSTA Leveraged Loan Index +2%	4.6	4.2	8.9	0.0	1.0	0.0	1.0	0.5		100.0	100.0

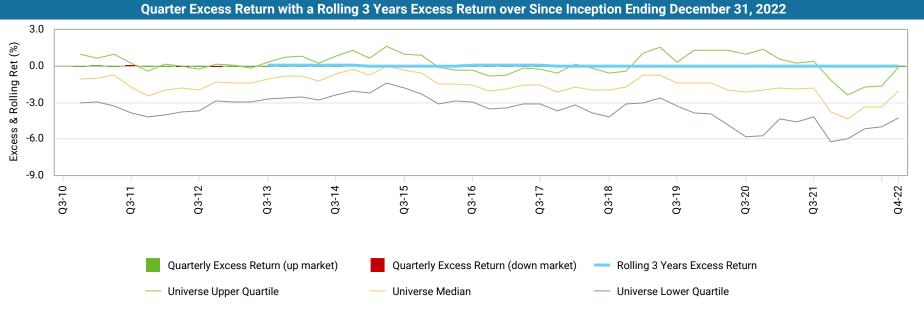




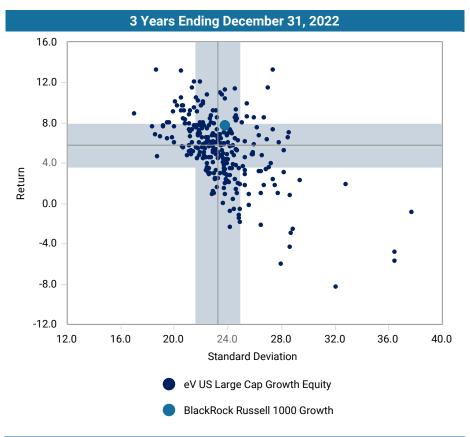


BLACKROCK RUSSELL 1000 GROWTH









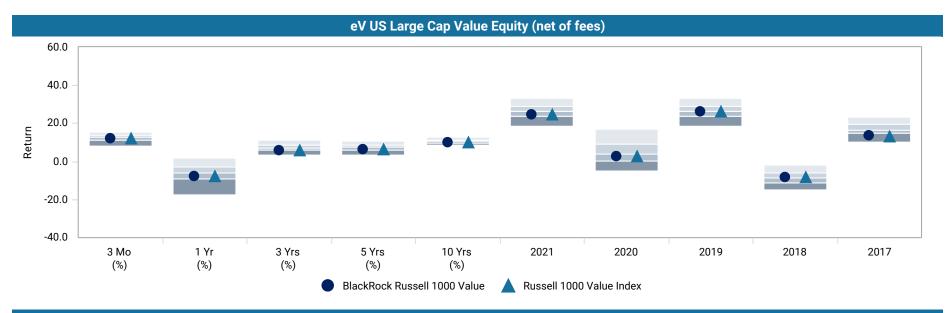
	5	Years	Ending D	ecembe	er 31, 20	22		
17.5								
15.0 –	•		•	•				
12.5 –				. •	•			
10.0 -	•							
Return 7.5 –	•		**		•		•	
5.0 -				••	•			
2.5 –			•	•		•		
0.0			•		•			
-2.5								
12.0	15.0	18.0	21.0	24.0	27.0	30.0	33.0	36.0
			Stand	dard Devia	ition			

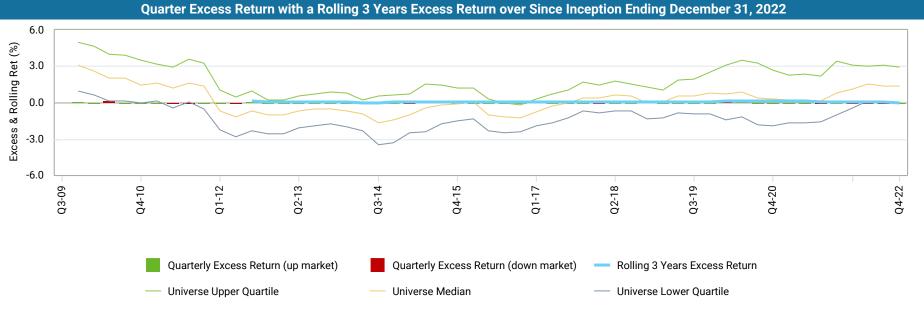
3 Years Ending December 31, 2022									
	Sharpe Ratio								
BlackRock Russell 1000 Growth	7.8 (24)	23.8 (62)	0.4 (28)						
Russell 1000 Growth Index	7.8 (23)	23.8 (62)	0.4 (28)						
eV US Large Cap Growth Equity Median	5.8	23.3	0.3						
Population	278	278	278						

5 Years Ending December 31, 2022								
	Return	Standard Deviation	Sharpe Ratio					
BlackRock Russell 1000 Growth	10.9 (19)	20.9 (59)	0.5 (23)					
Russell 1000 Growth Index	11.0 (19)	20.9 (59)	0.5 (23)					
eV US Large Cap Growth Equity Median	9.1	20.5	0.5					
Population	259	259	259					

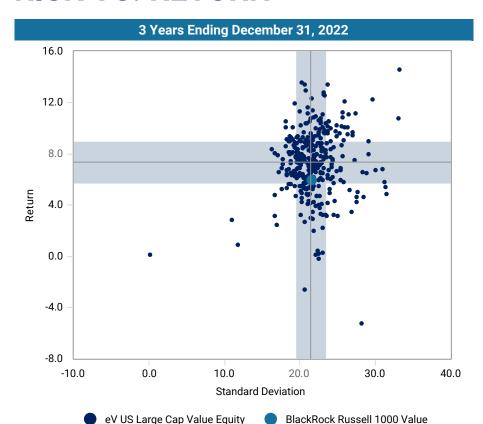


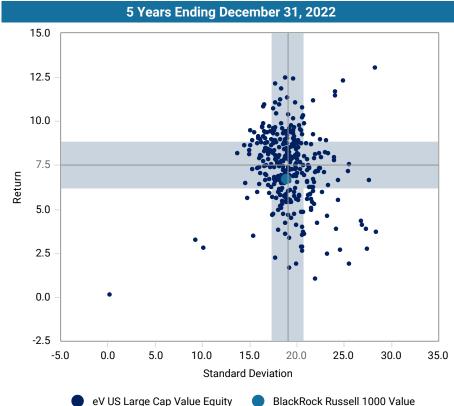
BLACKROCK RUSSELL 1000 VALUE









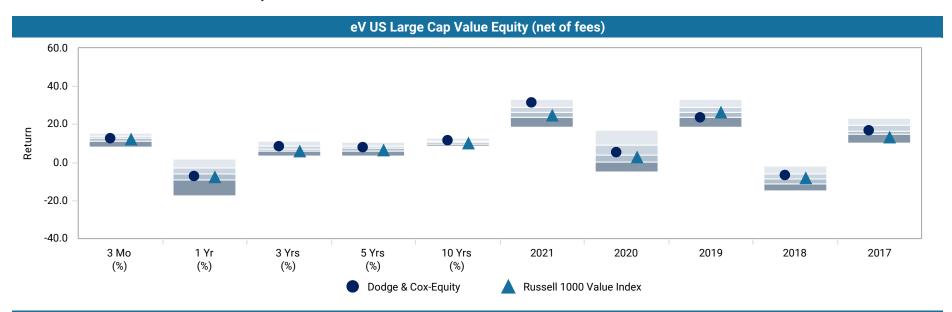


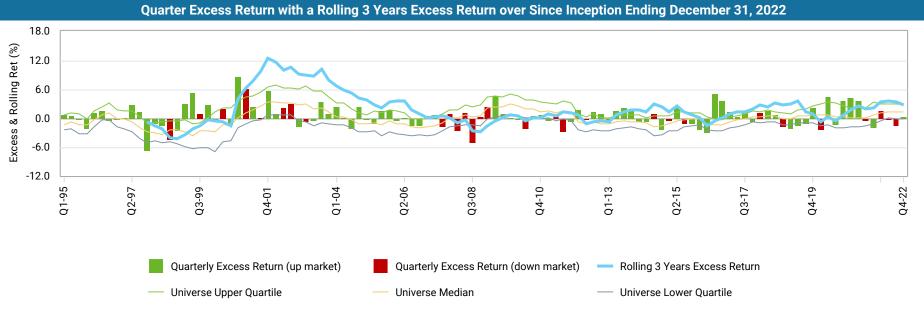
3 Years Ending December 31, 2022					
	Return	Standard Deviation	Sharpe Ratio		
BlackRock Russell 1000 Value	6.0 (76)	21.5 (51)	0.3 (75)		
Russell 1000 Value Index	6.0 (77)	21.6 (51)	0.3 (75)		
eV US Large Cap Value Equity Median	7.4	21.5	0.4		
Population	363	363	363		

5 Years Ending December 31, 2022					
	Return	Standard Deviation	Sharpe Ratio		
BlackRock Russell 1000 Value	6.7 (68)	18.8 (46)	0.4 (67)		
Russell 1000 Value Index	6.7 (70)	18.9 (46)	0.4 (69)		
eV US Large Cap Value Equity Median	7.5	19.0	0.4		
Population	351	351	351		

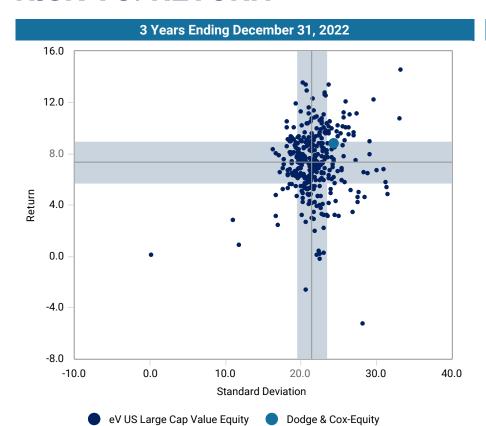


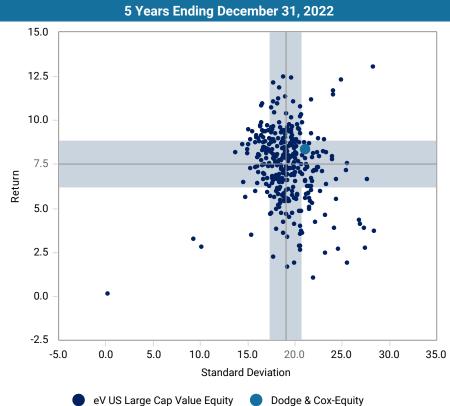
DODGE & COX-EQUITY









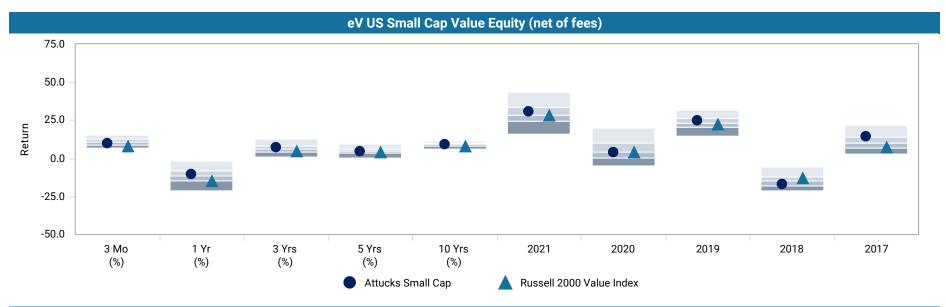


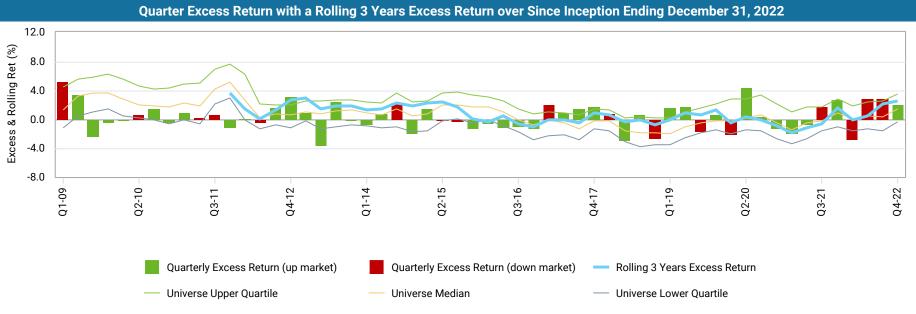
3 Years Ending December 31, 2022					
	Return	Standard Deviation	Sharpe Ratio		
Dodge & Cox-Equity	8.9 (26)	24.4 (86)	0.4 (37)		
Russell 1000 Value Index	6.0 (77)	21.6 (51)	0.3 (75)		
eV US Large Cap Value Equity Median	7.4	21.5	0.4		
Population	363	363	363		

5 Years Ending December 31, 2022					
	Return	Standard Deviation	Sharpe Ratio		
Dodge & Cox-Equity	8.4 (32)	21.1 (82)	0.4 (45)		
Russell 1000 Value Index	6.7 (70)	18.9 (46)	0.4 (69)		
eV US Large Cap Value Equity Median	7.5	19.0	0.4		
Population	351	351	351		

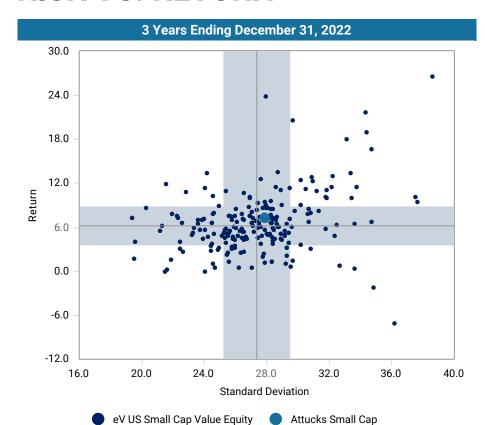


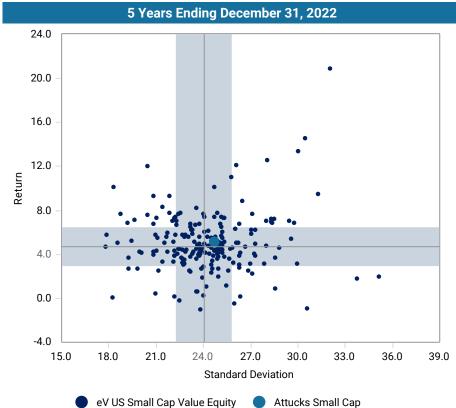
ATTUCKS SMALL CAP











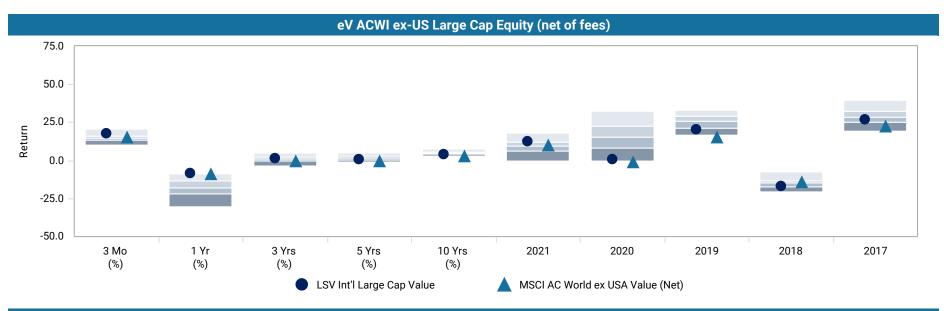
3 Years Ending December 31, 2022					
	Return	Standard Deviation	Sharpe Ratio		
Attucks Small Cap	7.3 (36)	27.9 (57)	0.4 (36)		
Russell 2000 Value Index	4.7 (72)	27.7 (54)	0.3 (72)		
eV US Small Cap Value Equity Median	6.2	27.3	0.3		
Population	217	217	217		

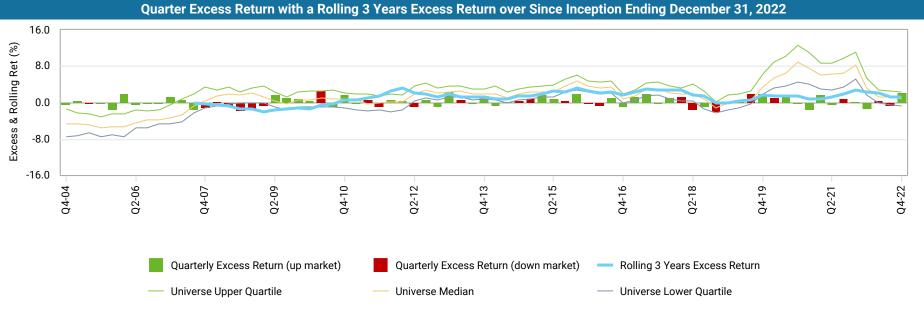
5 Years Ending December 31, 2022					
	Return	Standard Deviation	Sharpe Ratio		
Attucks Small Cap	5.2 (40)	24.7 (59)	0.3 (41)		
Russell 2000 Value Index	4.1 (66)	24.2 (52)	0.2 (67)		
eV US Small Cap Value Equity Median	4.7	24.0	0.3		
Population	207	207	207		



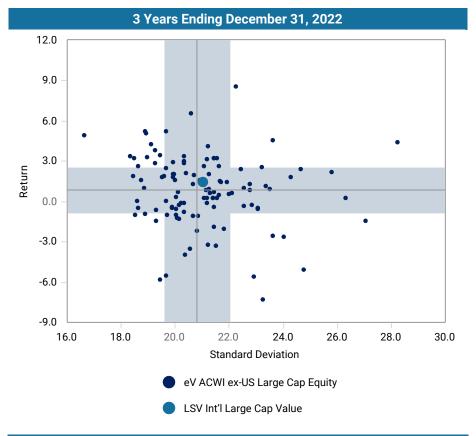


LSV INT'L LARGE CAP VALUE









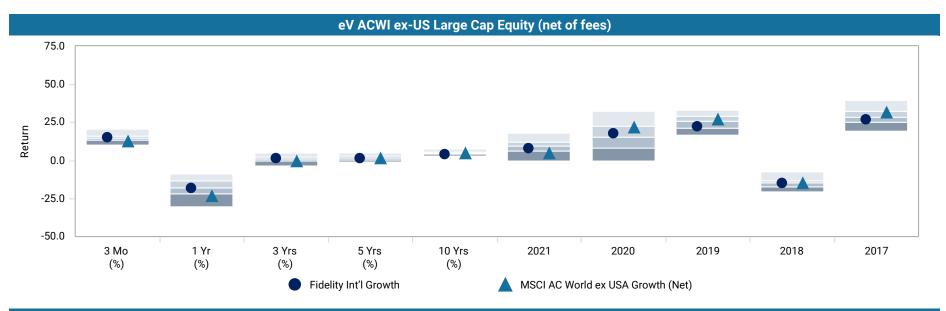
	5 Years Ending December 31, 2022							
	10.0							
	8.0 -				•			
	6.0 -	•						
	4.0 -	•			•		•	
Return	2.0 –					• • •	•	
	0.0 -		• 3 • •			•		
	-2.0 -		•	•		•		
	-4.0 –			•		•		
	-6.0 [[]	.0 16.0	18.0)	20.0	22.0	24.0	26.0
		.0.0	10.0		ard Devia		24.0	20.0
			● eV	ACWI ex	c-US Large	e Cap Equity		
LSV Int'l Large Cap Value								

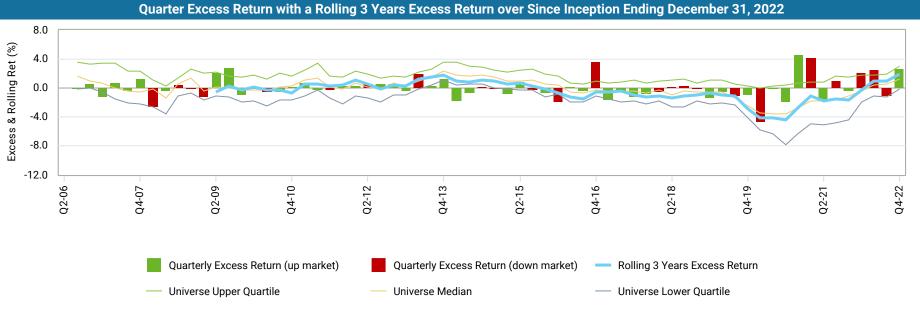
3 Years Ending December 31, 2022					
	Return	Standard Deviation	Sharpe Ratio		
LSV Int'l Large Cap Value	1.5 (42)	21.0 (52)	0.1 (42)		
MSCI AC World ex USA Value (Net)	0.1 (64)	21.3 (62)	0.1 (64)		
eV ACWI ex-US Large Cap Equity Median	0.8	20.8	0.1		
Population	111	111	111		

5 Years Ending December 31, 2022					
	Return	Standard Deviation	Sharpe Ratio		
LSV Int'l Large Cap Value	1.0 (69)	18.7 (61)	0.1 (68)		
MSCI AC World ex USA Value (Net)	-0.1 (86)	18.6 (57)	0.0 (85)		
eV ACWI ex-US Large Cap Equity Median	1.7	18.4	0.1		
Population	100	100	100		

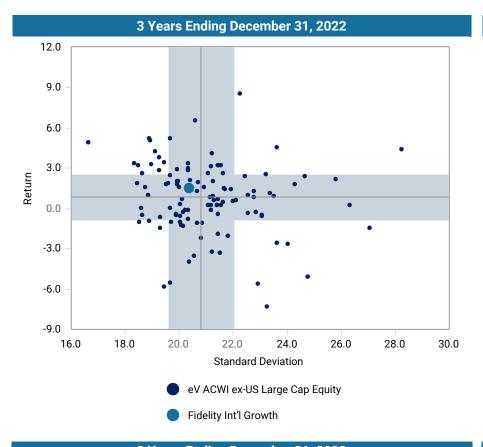


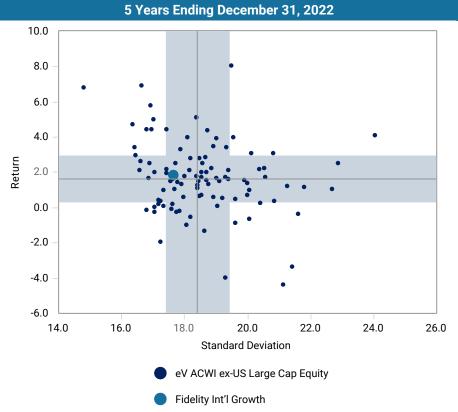
FIDELITY INT'L GROWTH











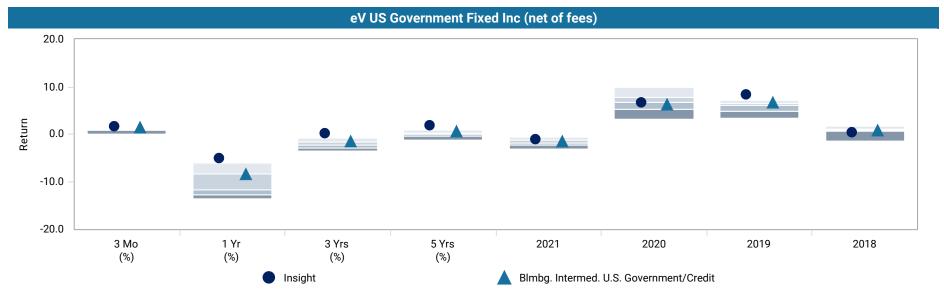
3 Years Ending December 31, 2022					
	Return	Standard Deviation	Sharpe Ratio		
Fidelity Int'l Growth	1.6 (41)	20.4 (43)	0.1 (41)		
MSCI AC World ex USA Growth (Net)	-0.4 (71)	19.3 (14)	0.0 (77)		
eV ACWI ex-US Large Cap Equity Median	0.8	20.8	0.1		
Population	111	111	111		

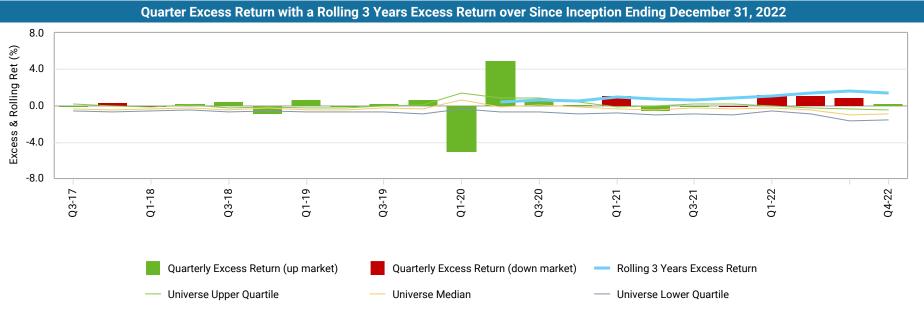
5 Years Ending December 31, 2022					
	Return	Standard Deviation	Sharpe Ratio		
Fidelity Int'l Growth	1.9 (43)	17.7 (30)	0.1 (44)		
MSCI AC World ex USA Growth (Net)	1.5 (57)	17.1 (16)	0.1 (63)		
eV ACWI ex-US Large Cap Equity Median	1.7	18.4	0.1		
Population	100	100	100		



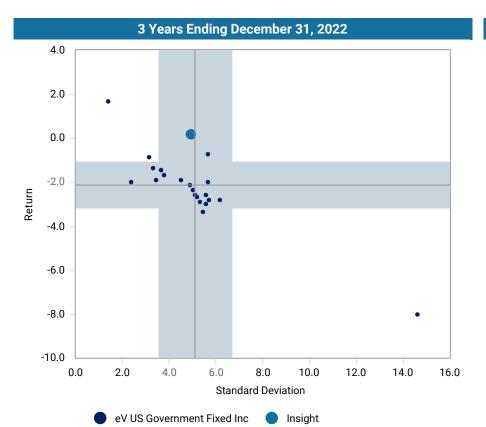


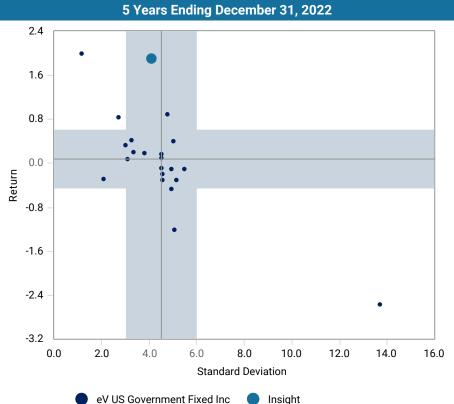
INSIGHT









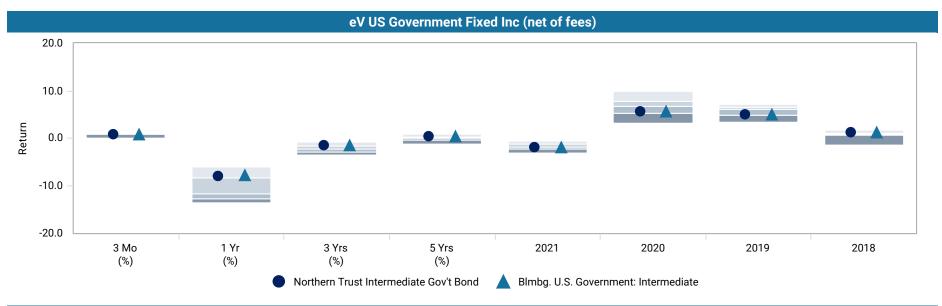


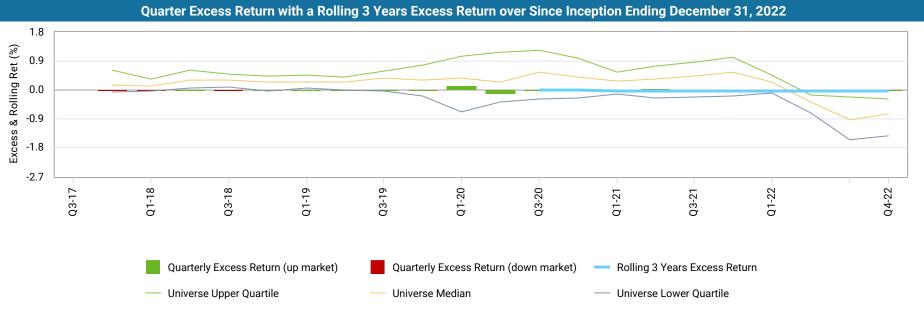
3 Years Ending December 31, 2022					
	Return Standard Sl Deviation R				
Insight	0.2 (4)	5.0 (41)	-0.1 (5)		
Blmbg. Intermed. U.S. Government/Credit	-1.3 (15)	3.9 (30)	-0.5 (16)		
eV US Government Fixed Inc Median	-2.1	5.1	-0.6		
Population	21	21	21		

5 Years Ending December 31, 2022					
	Return	Sharpe Ratio			
Insight	1.9 (1)	4.1 (37)	0.2 (4)		
Blmbg. Intermed. U.S. Government/Credit	0.7 (12)	3.4 (30)	-0.1 (10)		
eV US Government Fixed Inc Median	0.1	4.5	-0.3		
Population	21	21	21		



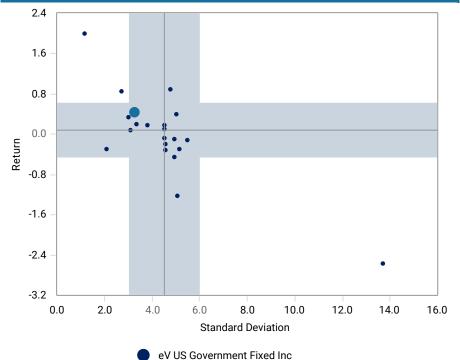
NORTHERN TRUST INTERMEDIATE GOV'T BOND











5 Years Ending December 31, 2022

3 Years Ending December 31, 2022					
	Return	Sharpe Ratio			
Northern Trust Intermediate Gov't Bond	-1.4 (20)	3.6 (24)	-0.6 (48)		
Blmbg. U.S. Government: Intermediate	-1.4 (17)	3.6 (24)	-0.6 (46)		
eV US Government Fixed Inc Median	-2.1	5.1	-0.6		
Population	21	21	21		

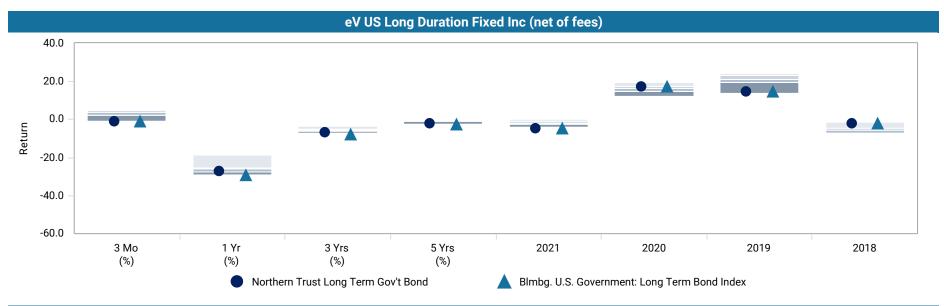
Northern Trust Intermediate Gov't Bond

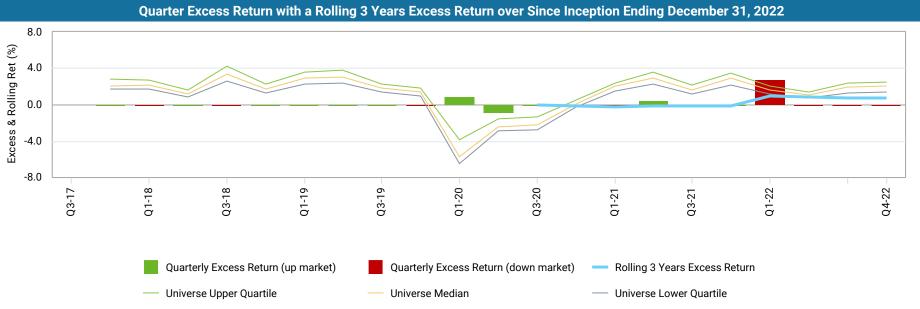
5 Years Ending December 31, 2022					
	Return Standard Deviation				
Northern Trust Intermediate Gov't Bond	0.4 (15)	3.3 (24	0.2 (41)		
Blmbg. U.S. Government: Intermediate	0.5 (15)	3.2 (23)) -0.2 (35)		
eV US Government Fixed Inc Median	0.1	4.5	-0.3		
Population	21	21	21		

Northern Trust Intermediate Gov't Bond

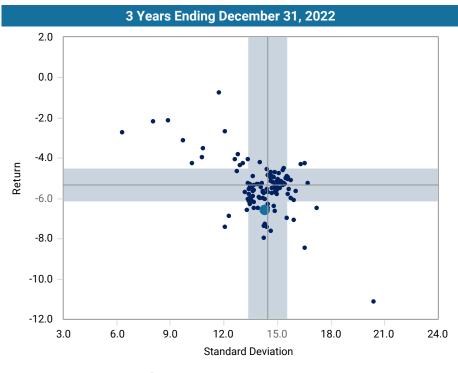


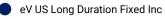
NORTHERN TRUST LONG TERM GOV'T BOND











Northern Trust Long Term Gov't Bond

		5 Years Ending December 31, 2022					
6	5.0						
4	1.0 –		•				
2	2.0 –						
		•	• .		•		
Return	0.0	•			• .		
ш.				3	•		
-2	2.0 –		•				
					•		
-4	1.0 –					•	•
-6	5.0			10.0	15.0	100	21.0
	3.0	6.0	9.0 Standa	12.0 ard Deviatio	15.0	18.0	21.0
eV US Long Duration Fixed Inc							
Northern Trust Long Term Gov't Bond							

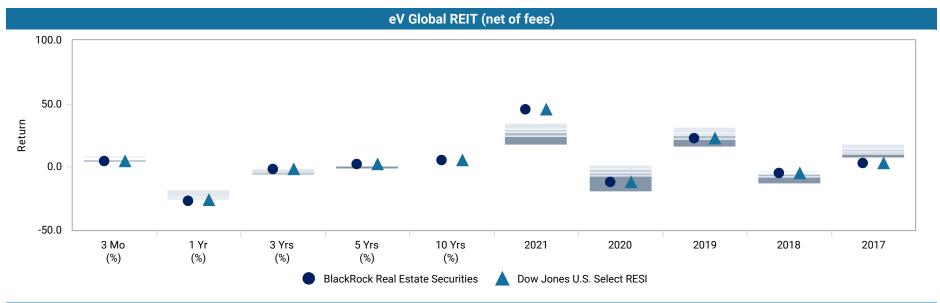
3 Years Ending December 31, 2022				
	Return Standard Sh Deviation Ra			
Northern Trust Long Term Gov't Bond	-6.6 (91)	14.3 (46)	-0.5 (89)	
Blmbg. U.S. Government: Long Term Bond Index	-7.4 (96)	14.3 (45)	-0.5 (97)	
eV US Long Duration Fixed Inc Median	-5.3	14.4	-0.4	
Population	121	121	121	

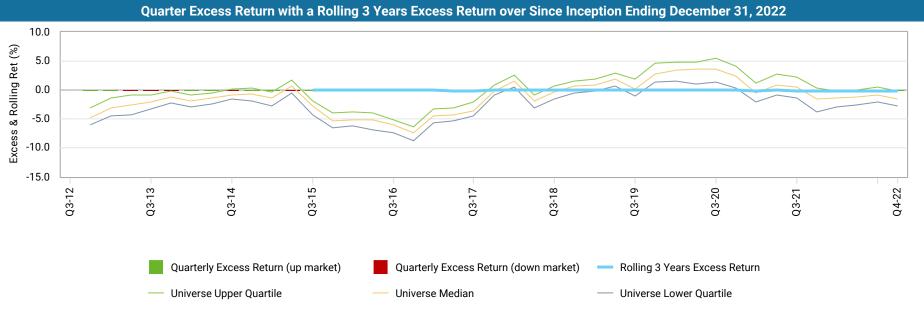
5 Years Ending December 31, 2022				
	Return	Standard Deviation	Sharpe Ratio	
Northern Trust Long Term Gov't Bond	-1.7 (90)	13.5 (91)	-0.2 (85)	
Blmbg. U.S. Government: Long Term Bond Index	-2.2 (94)	13.5 (91)	-0.2 (94)	
eV US Long Duration Fixed Inc Median	-0.6	12.4	-0.1	
Population	116	116	116	



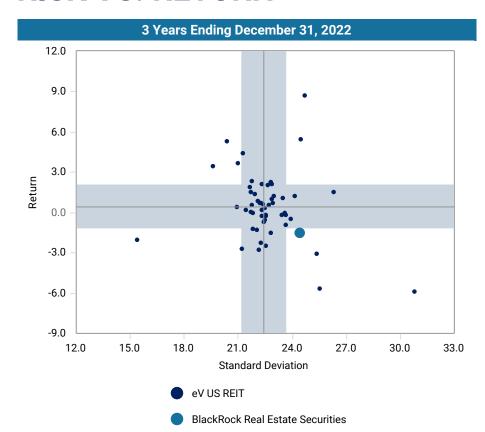


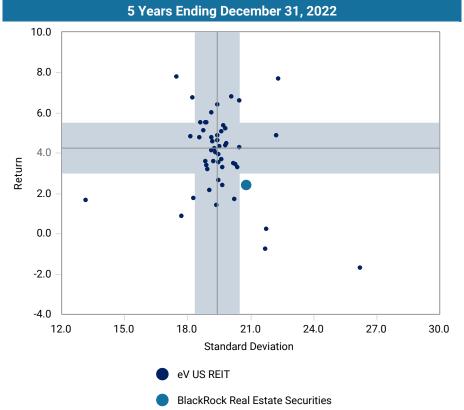
BLACKROCK REAL ESTATE SECURITIES











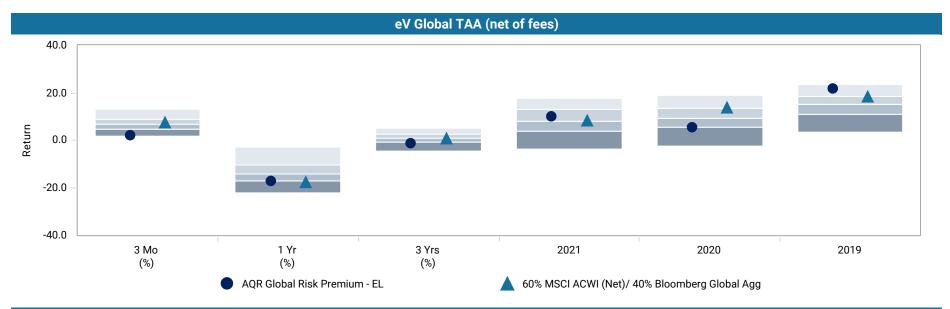
3 Years Ending December 31, 2022						
Return Standard S Deviation						
BlackRock Real Estate Securities	-1.5 (85)	24.4 (89)	0.0 (81)			
Dow Jones U.S. Select RESI	-1.4 (84)	24.4 (90)	0.0 (81)			
eV US REIT Median	0.5	22.4	0.1			
Population	53	53	53			

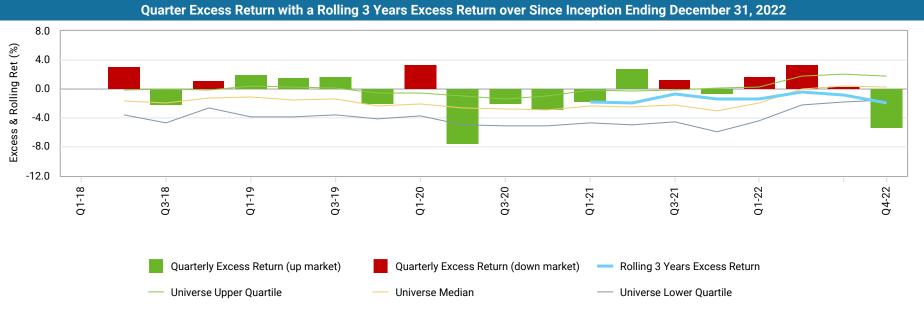
5 Years Ending December 31, 2022					
Return Standard S Deviation					
BlackRock Real Estate Securities	2.4 (82)	20.8 (90)	0.2 (82)		
Dow Jones U.S. Select RESI	2.5 (82)	20.8 (90)	0.2 (81)		
eV US REIT Median	4.3	19.4	0.2		
Population	50	50	50		



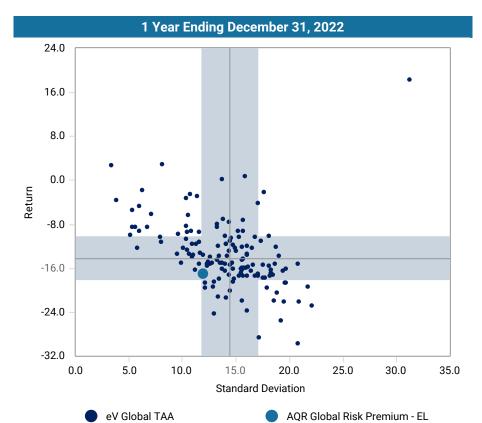


AQR GLOBAL RISK PREMIUM - EL









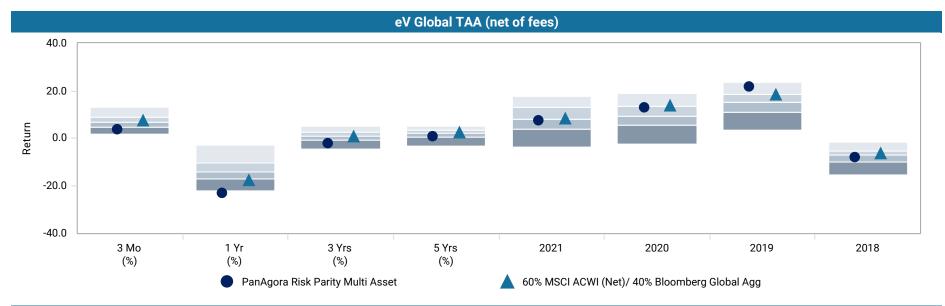


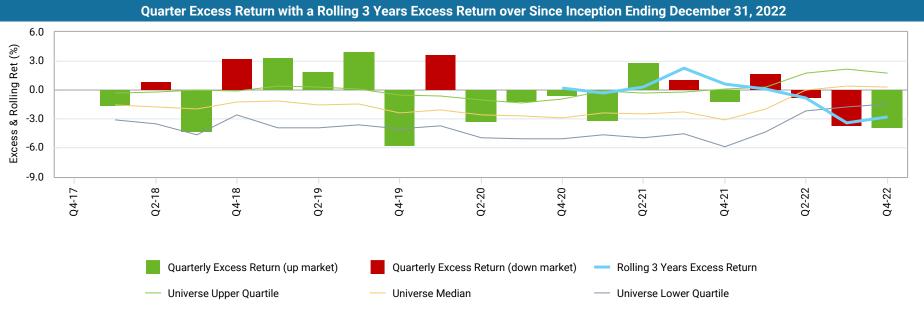
1 Year Ending December 31, 2022					
	Return	Standard Deviation	Sharpe Ratio		
AQR Global Risk Premium - EL	-16.9 (76)	11.9 (26)	-1.6 (88)		
60% MSCI ACWI (Net)/ 40% Bloomberg Global Agg	-17.3 (81)	16.2 (73)	-1.2 (60)		
eV Global TAA Median	-14.2	14.4	-1.1		
Population	147	147	147		

3 Years Ending December 31, 2022					
	Return	Standard Deviation	Sharpe Ratio		
AQR Global Risk Premium - EL	-1.1 (79)	11.0 (24)	-0.1 (81)		
60% MSCI ACWI (Net)/ 40% Bloomberg Global Agg	0.8 (57)	14.2 (59)	0.1 (58)		
eV Global TAA Median	1.1	13.6	0.1		
Population	145	145	145		

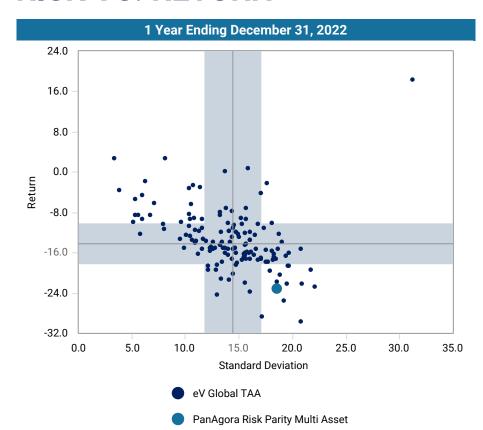


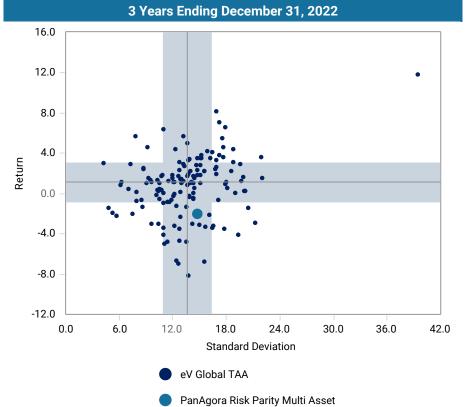
PANAGORA RISK PARITY MULTI ASSET











1 Year Ending December 31, 2022					
	Return	Standard Deviation	Sharpe Ratio		
PanAgora Risk Parity Multi Asset	-23.0 (97)	18.5 (89)	-1.4 (79)		
60% MSCI ACWI (Net)/ 40% Bloomberg Global Agg	-17.3 (81)	16.2 (73)	-1.2 (60)		
eV Global TAA Median	-14.2	14.4	-1.1		
Population	147	147	147		

3 Years Ending December 31, 2022			
	Return	Standard Deviation	Sharpe Ratio
PanAgora Risk Parity Multi Asset	-2.0 (83)	14.7 (65)	-0.1 (81)
60% MSCI ACWI (Net)/ 40% Bloomberg Global Agg	0.8 (57)	14.2 (59)	0.1 (58)
eV Global TAA Median	1.1	13.6	0.1
Population	145	145	145





NOTES

- All performance is shown net of investment management fees.
- Performance history is provided by Verus through June 2020. As of July 1, 2020 performance is calculated and reported by NEPC.
- Policy Index history:
 - Inception 6/30/2017: 14.4% Russell 1000 Value, 11.3% Russell 1000 Growth, 4.8% S&P 500, 4% Russell 2000 Value, 3.7% Russell 2000 Growth, 18% MSCI ACWI ex USA Gross, 29.8%Bloomberg US Aggregate TR, 3.5% DJ US Select RESI TR USD, 7.5% 9% Annual, 3% CPI + 4%
 - **7/1/2017 8/31/2018:** 18.5% Russell 1000, 5.5% Russell 2000, 24% MSCI ACWI ex USA Gross, 19% Bloomberg US Govt/Credit 1-3 Yr. TR, 1% FTSE T-Bill 1 Month TR, 3% Bloomberg US Treasury 7-10 Yr TR, 7.7% NCREIF Property Index, 1.7% NCREIF Property Index +2%, 0.6% CPI + 5%, 5% Bloomberg US High Yield + 2%, 14% 60% MSCI ACWI Net/40% Bloomberg Global Aggregate
 - 9/1/2018 5/30/2019: 10% Russell 1000, 3% Russell 2000, 6% Russell 3000 +3%, 27% MSCI ACWI ex USA Gross, 20% Bloomberg US Govt/Credit 1-3 Yr. TR, 1% FTSE T-Bill 1 Month TR, 3%Bloomberg US Treasury 7-10 Yr TR, 5% NCREIF Property Index, 5% NCREIF Property Index +2%, 1% CPI + 5%, 6% S&P/LSTA Leveraged Loan Index+2%, 13% 60% MSCI ACWI Net/40% Bloomberg Global Aggregate
 - 6/1/2019 6/30/2020: 14% Russell 1000, 3% Russell 2000, 6% Russell 3000 + 3%, 23% MSCI ACWI ex-USA, 19% Bloomberg US Gov't/Credit 1-3 Yr, 1% Citi 1 Month T-Bills, 3% Bloomberg US Treasury 7-10 Yr, 5% NCREIF Property, 5% NCREIF Property +2%, 2% CPI +5%, 6% S&P/LSTA Leveraged Loan Index + 2%, 13% 60% MSCI ACWI / 40% Bloomberg Global Aggregate
 - **7/1/2020 12/31/2020**: 14% Russell 1000, 3% Russell 2000, 6% Russell 3000 + 3%, 23% MSCI ACWI ex-USA, 8% Bloomberg US Gov't/Credit 1-3 Yr, 1% Citi 1 Month T-Bills, 3% Bloomberg US Treasury 7-10 Yr, 5% NCREIF Property, 5% NCREIF Property +2%, 2% CPI +5%, 6% S&P/LSTA Leveraged Loan Index + 2%, 13% 60% MSCI ACWI / 40% Bloomberg Global Aggregate, 11% Bloomberg US Intermediate.
 - 1/1/2021 06/30/2021: 16% Russell 1000, 3.5% Russell 2000, 6% Russell 3000 + 3%, 23% MSCI ACWI ex-USA, 8% Bloomberg US Gov't/Credit 1-3 Yr, 1% Citi 1 Month T-Bills, 5% Bloomberg US Treasury 7-10 Yr, 6% NCREIF Property, 5% NCREIF Property +2%, 2% CPI +5%, 4.5% S&P/LSTA Leveraged Loan Index + 2%, 13% 60% MSCI ACWI / 40% Bloomberg Global Aggregate, 7%Bloomberg US Intermediate.
 - **07/01/2021 Present:** 16% Russell 1000, 4% Russell 2000, 5% Russell 3000 + 3%, 20% MSCI ACWI ex USA Gross, 6.5% NCREIF Property Index, 6% NCREIF Property Index + 2%, 7.5% CPI + 5%
 - (Unadjusted), 8% S&P/LSTA Leveraged Loan Index +2%, 6% Bloomberg US Treasury 7-10 Yr TR, 10% 60% MSCI ACWI (Net)/ 40% Bloomberg Global Agg, 3% 30 Day T-Bill + 4%, 1% FTSE T-Bill 1 Month TR, 7% Bloomberg US Govt/Credit Int TR.
- Starting July 1, 2020, the small Capital Prospects transition cash balance is moved from the Cash composite to the Capital Prospects account. Historical performance for Capital Prospects, US Small, US Equities, Growth Sub-Portfolio, Cash, and Liquidity Sub-Portfolio prior to July 1, 2020 reflects performance of these composites before this change.
- Private Equity investments are valued one quarter lagged and adjusted for capital calls and distributions between quarter-end months.
- Value-Add Real Estate managers are valued quarterly adjusted for current cash flows.



DISCLAIMERS & DISCLOSURES

Past performance is no guarantee of future results.

Returns for pooled funds, e.g. mutual funds and collective investment trusts, are collected from third parties; they are not generally calculated by NEPC. Returns for separate accounts, with some exceptions, are calculated by NEPC. Returns are reported net of manager fees unless otherwise noted.

A "since inception" return, if reported, begins with the first full month after funding, although actual inception dates (e.g. the middle of a month) and the timing of cash flows are taken into account in Composite return calculations.

NEPC's preferred data source is the plan's custodian bank or record-keeper. If data cannot be obtained from one of the preferred data sources, data provided by investment managers may be used. Information on market indices and security characteristics is received from additional providers. While NEPC has exercised reasonable professional care in preparing this report, we cannot guarantee the accuracy of all source information contained within. In addition, some index returns displayed in this report or used in calculation of a policy index, allocation index or other custom benchmark may be preliminary and subject to change.

All investments carry some level of risk. Diversification and other asset allocation techniques are not guaranteed to ensure profit or protect against losses.

The opinions presented herein represent the good faith views of NEPC as of the date of this presentation and are subject to change at any time. Neither fund performance nor universe rankings contained in this report should be considered a recommendation by NEPC.

This report may contain confidential or proprietary information and may not be copied or redistributed to any party not legally entitled to receive it.

Source of private fund performance benchmark data: Cambridge Associates, via Refinitiv









ASSET CLASS ASSUMPTIONS UPDATE

STANISLAUS COUNTY EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT ASSOCIATION



FEBRUARY 28, 2023

Dan Hennessy, CFA, CAIA, Senior Consultant Sam Austin, Partner Leah Tongco, Consulting Analyst



ASSET CLASS ASSUMPTIONS

Introd	uction	3
	action	

- Macroeconomic10
- Public Equity 15
- Fixed Income 22
- Real Assets
- Alternative Assets 35
- Appendix41



ASSET CLASS ASSUMPTIONS

OVERVIEW

- NEPC's capital market assumptions are available each quarter and reflect December 31, 2022 market data
- A tighter policy backdrop weighed on broad market performance, but higher interest rates have lifted forward-looking return expectations
- The interest rate reset has increased yields in public fixed income and lowered valuations in public equities, both of which are positive contributors to forward returns in each asset class
- We encourage investors to hold a dedicated safe-haven fixed income allocation to be a source of portfolio liquidity and downside protection
- NEPC's expectation for inflation is elevated over the near-term, but the long-term outlook reflects a more subdued inflation environment



ASSET CLASS ASSUMPTIONS

DEVELOPMENT

- Assumptions are published for over 70 asset classes
 - NEPC publishes return forecasts for 10-year and 30-year periods
- Market data as of 12/31/2022
 - Assumptions are developed with NEPC valuations models and rely on a building block approach
- The 10-year return outlook is intended to support strategic asset allocation analysis
- 30-year return assumptions are used for actuarial inputs and long-term planning

Asset Allocation Process

- 1. Finalize list of new asset classes
- 2. Calculate asset class volatility and correlation assumptions
- 3. Set model terminal values, growth, and inflation inputs
- 4. Model data updated at quarter-end
- Review model outputs and produce asset class return assumptions
- 6. Assumptions released on the 15th calendar day after quarter-end



ASSET CLASS BUILDING BLOCKS

METHODOLOGY

- Asset models reflect current and forecasted market data to inform expected returns
- Systematic inputs are paired with a long-term trend to terminal values
- Model inputs are aggregated to capture key return drivers for each asset class
- Building block inputs will differ across asset class categories





CHANGE IN ASSET CLASS EXPECTATIONS

	Asset Class	12/31/22 10-Year Return	12/31/21 10-Year Return	Delta
	Cash	4.0%	1.5%	+2.5%
	U.S. Inflation	2.5%	2.4%	+0.1%
	U.S. Large-Cap Equity	5.4%	4.3%	+1.1%
	Non-U.S. Developed Equity	5.6%	5.2%	+0.4%
Equity	Emerging Market Equity	9.6%	8.3%	+1.3%
	Global Equity*	6.3%	5.4%	+0.9%
	Private Equity*	9.2%	9.0%	+0.2%
	US Treasury Bond	4.2%	1.5%	+2.7%
	US Municipal Bond	4.4%	1.6%	+2.8%
Fixed	US Aggregate Bond*	4.8%	2.0%	+2.8%
Income	US TIPS	4.4%	1.4%	+3.0%
	US High Yield Corporate Bond	7.1%	3.2%	+3.9%
	Private Debt*	8.8%	6.6%	+2.2%
	Commodity Futures	4.2%	0.4%	+3.8%
Dool	REIT	6.2%	4.5%	+1.7%
Real Assets	Gold	5.1%	3.3%	+1.8%
ASSELS	Real Estate - Core	4.0%	4.7%	-0.7%
	Private Real Assets - Infrastructure	6.6%	5.3%	+1.3%
N/L.14:	60% S&P 500 & 40% U.S. Aggregate	5.4%	3.7%	+1.7%
Multi- Asset	60% MSCI ACWI & 40% U.S. Agg.	6.0%	4.4%	+1.6%
ASSEL	Liquid Absolute Return*	6.5%	4.2%	+2.3%



^{*}Calculated as a blend of other asset classes

STANCERA ASSET ALLOCATION EXPECTATIONS

	Current Policy
Cash	1.0%
Cashflow-Matched Bonds	7.0%
Total Liquidity Sub-Portfolio	8.0%
US Large-Cap Equity	16.0%
US Small/Mid-Cap Equity	4.0%
Non-US Public Equity	20.0%
Private Equity	5.0%
Private Credit	8.0%
Core Real Estate	6.5%
Value-Add Real Estate	6.0%
Private Infratsructure	7.5%
Total Growth Sub-Portfolio	73.0%
Risk Parity	10.0%
Liquid Absolute Return Strategies	3.0%
US Treasury Bond	6.0%
Total Risk-Diversifying Sub-Portfolio	19.0%

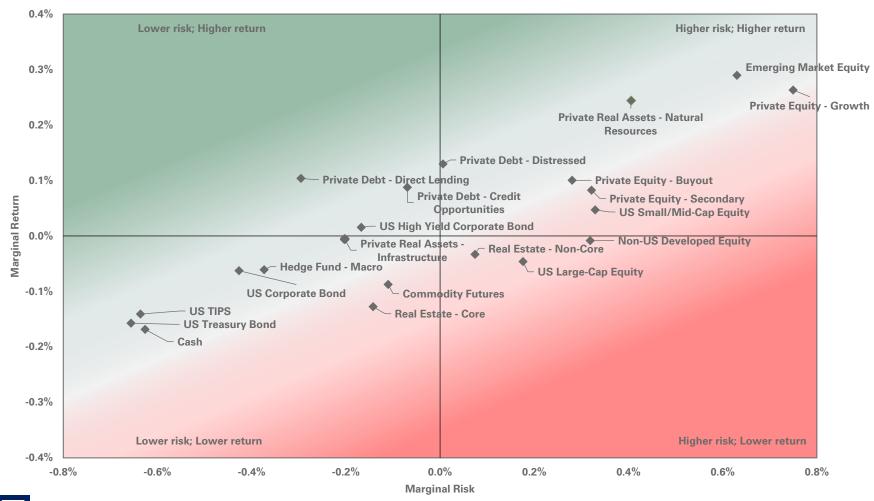
	2021	2022
	Assumptions	Assumptions
10-Year Expected Return	5.50%	6.70%
30-Year Expected Return	6.75%	7.47%
Standard Deviation (Volatility)	12.00%	12.41%

Probability of 10-Year Return Over 6.75%	37%	50%
Probability of 30-Year Return Over 6.75%	50%	62%
Probability of 1-Year Return Under 0%	32%	30%
Probability of 5-Year Return Under 0%	15%	11%



RISK VERSUS RETURN BY ASSET CLASS

EXPECTED IMPACT FROM ADDING 5% TO EXISTING CLASSES







INFLATION ASSUMPTIONS

OVERVIEW

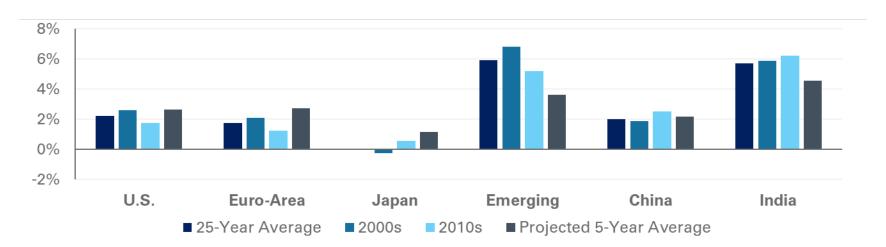
- Inflation is a key building block to develop asset class assumptions
- Inflation assumptions are model-driven and informed by multiple inputs for both the U.S. and global assets
 - Includes forecasts from international organizations (e.g. IMF), local consumer and producer price indices, global interest rate curves, and break-even inflation expectations
- NEPC's U.S. inflation expectations reflect stickier inflation over the near-term, but a stable inflation outlook over the long-term
 - We anticipate continued volatility among inflation measures as market-based inflation expectations diverge from current consumer inflation metrics

Region	10-Year Inflation Assumption	30-Year Inflation Assumption
United States	2.5%	2.6%



GLOBAL INFLATION

HISTORICAL INFLATION

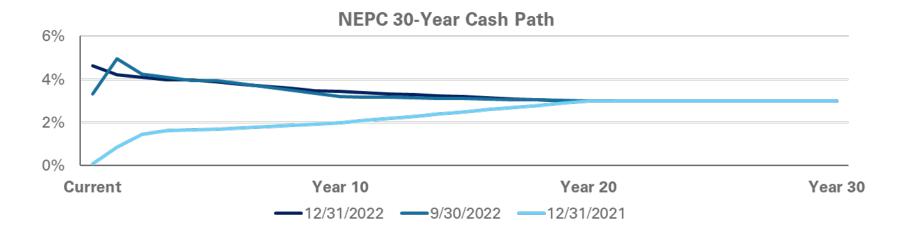


- Near-term inflation levels are elevated relative to stated central bank inflation targets
 - Long-term inflation assumptions are subdued and reflect market-based breakeven inflation expectations
- Emerging market inflation levels are projected to decline, but generally remain above the developed world



U.S. CASH

EXPECTATIONS



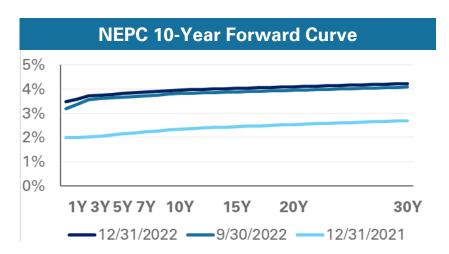
- Cash is a foundational input for all asset class return expectations
 - Cash + risk premia is an input for long-term asset class return projections
- Cash assumptions reflect inflation and real interest rates
- U.S. nominal rate forecasts reflect continued tighter policy in the nearterm, but long-term expectations remain subdued relative to history

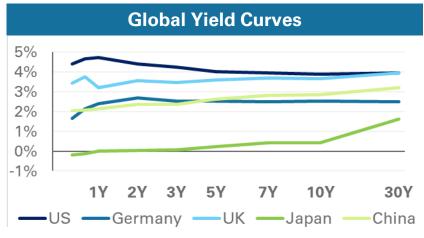


GLOBAL INTEREST RATE

EXPECTATIONS

- Real yields have normalized, reflecting the transition to a tighter policy environment
 - Higher real rates support returns in the long-term, but also signal a shift in risk posture for markets
- The transition to tighter Fed policy has lifted bond yield forecasts
- The outlook is relatively poor for Non-U.S. developed markets due to the nominal yield differential
- Emerging market real rates and nominal interest rates are higher relative to the developed world







Sources: FactSet, NEPC



PUBLIC EQUITY ASSUMPTIONS

OVERVIEW

- Current valuation multiples across public equities have moved lower,
 reflecting a tighter monetary policy and elevated inflation environment
 - Equity valuation multiples are sensitive to higher interest rates, though inflation can positively impact nominal revenue growth
- Long-term valuation multiples underlying equity return assumptions have lowered as well, reflecting the impact of higher interest rates
- NEPC's strategic equity targets reflect a bias to the U.S. and Emerging Markets over Non-U.S. Developed relative to the MSCI ACWI IMI
 - The return assumption for emerging markets is highest among public equities, driven by the long-term opportunities in Asia
- NEPC encourages a strategic bias to small-cap with the use of active management relative to small-cap exposure in the MSCI ACWI IMI



PUBLIC EQUITY ASSUMPTIONS

BUILDING BLOCKS

Illiquidity Premium	The return expected for assets with illiquidity risk	
Valuation	Represents P/E multiple contraction or expansion relative to long-term trend	
Inflation	Market-specific inflation based on country-level revenue exposure	
Real Earnings Growth	Market-specific real growth based on a weighted-average of country revenue exposure and GDP growth	
Dividend Yield	Income distributed to shareholders adjusted to reflect market trends	

Asset Class	12/31/22 10-Yr Return	12-Month Change
U.S. Large-Cap Equity	5.4%	+1.1%
U.S. Small/Mid-Cap Equity	6.5%	+0.9%
Non-U.S. Developed Equity	5.6%	+0.4%
Non-U.S. Developed Small-Cap Equity	6.7%	+0.8%
Emerging Market Equity	9.6%	+1.3%
Emerging Market Small-Cap Equity	9.3%	+1.7%
China Equity	8.7%	-0.1%
Hedge Fund - Equity	6.0%	+1.9%
Global Equity*	6.3%	+0.9%
Private Equity*	9.2%	+0.2%



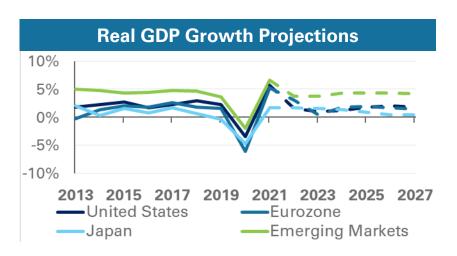
Source: NEPC

^{*}Calculated as a blend of other asset classes

PUBLIC EQUITY

REAL EARNINGS GROWTH

- Global growth rates have slowed from recent highs
- Regions reliant on revenue from emerging markets are forecasted to benefit from higher earnings growth
 - Non-U.S. stocks benefit from a greater portion of revenue from EM than U.S. stocks
- We expect elevated real earnings growth for small-caps over the long-term relative to large-cap
 - Over the long-term we expect a forward-looking risk premium for small-cap and mid-cap equities relative to large-cap stocks



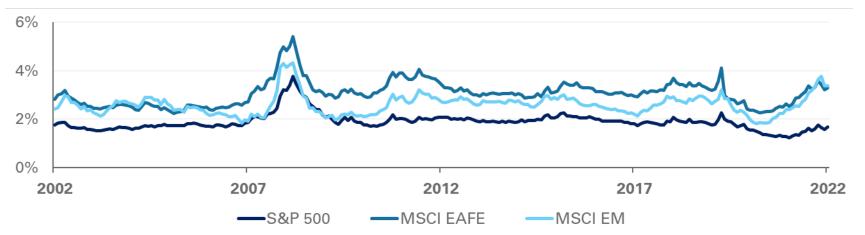




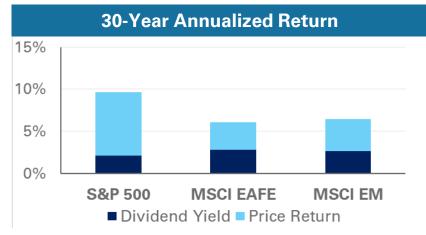
Sources: IMF, MSCI, FactSet, NEPC

PUBLIC EQUITY

DIVIDEND YIELD



- Non-U.S. equities provide higher dividend yields relative to the U.S. over the long-term
 - Terminal value dividend yield inputs for MSCI EM and EAFE are 2.5% and 3.0%
 - Terminal value dividend yield input for S&P 500 is 2.50%



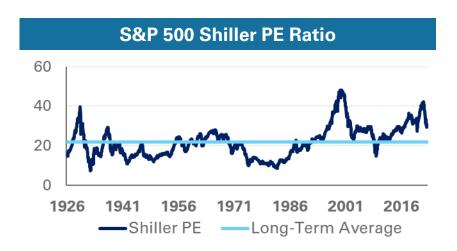


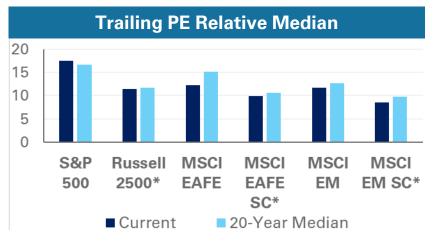
Sources: S&P, MSCI, FactSet

PUBLIC EQUITY

VALUATION

- U.S. stock valuations have declined and are now trading closer to long-term averages
- P/E terminal value inputs are lower, reflecting the impact of higher nominal interest rates
- EAFE P/E inputs reflect more subdued market sentiment levels
- Emerging market stocks offer an elevated total return opportunity relative to developed markets





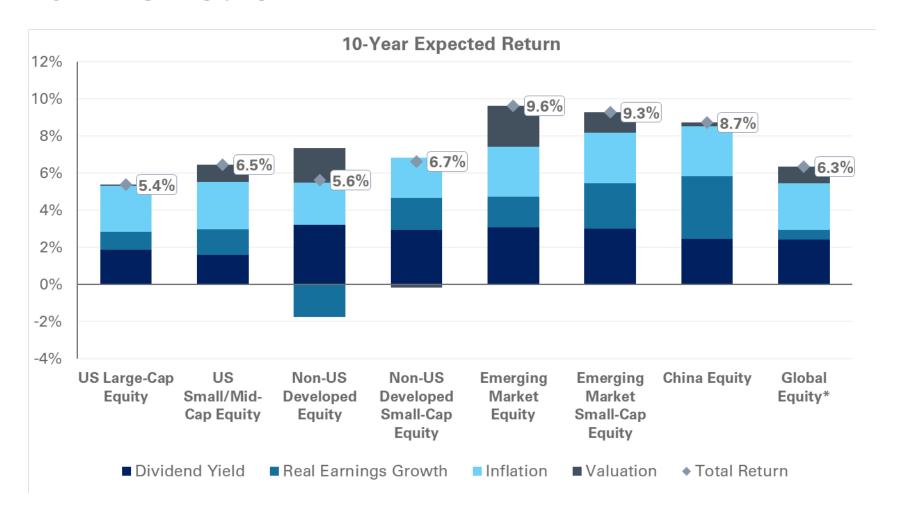


Sources: S&P, Shiller, Russell, MSCI, FactSet, NEPC; Shiller PE long-term average beginning in 1926

Note: *Small cap indices valuations based on EV/EBITDA multiples; MSCI EM Small Cap median calculated since 3/31/2003

PUBLIC EQUITY

BUILDING BLOCKS





Source: NEPC

*Calculated as a blend of other classes



FIXED INCOME ASSUMPTIONS

OVERVIEW

- Fixed income return assumptions are higher, reflecting the transition to tighter monetary policy to offset ongoing inflationary pressures
- NEPC remains committed to a dedicated Treasury allocation given the upward movement in interest rates and return expectations
- Safe-haven fixed income exposure is a critical liquidity source for the portfolio and offers downside protection in periods of market stress
 - Sizing of the safe-haven exposure is a strategic exercise and reflects investor return objectives, risk-tolerance, and private market pacing plan needs
- High-quality fixed income is an asset class designed to support lower volatility portfolios and larger strategic targets to fixed income
 - Investment grade credit and TIPS offer exposure to nominal and real interest rates plus cyclical diversification benefits to the overall fixed income portfolio
- The use of return-seeking credit investments requires a more dynamic posture to manage shifts in credit spreads and market cycles



FIXED INCOME ASSUMPTIONS

BUILDING BLOCKS

Illiquidity Premium	The return expected for assets with illiquidity risk
Government Rates Price Change	Change due to shifts in current yields relative to forecasted rates
Credit Deterioration	The average loss for credit assets due to defaults and recovery rates
Spread Price Change	Valuation change due to changes in credit spreads relative to long-term targets
Credit Spread	Yield premium provided by securities with credit risk
Government Rates	The yield attributed to sovereign bonds that do not have credit risk

Asset Class	12/31/22 10-Yr Return	12-Month Change
U.S. TIPS	4.4%	+3.0%
U.S. Treasury Bond	4.2%	+2.7%
U.S. Corporate Bond	5.9%	+3.1%
U.S. MBS	4.5%	+2.7%
U.S. High Yield Corporate	7.1%	+3.9%
U.S. Leveraged Loan	7.8%	+3.1%
EMD External Debt	7.1%	+3.0%
EMD Local Currency Debt	7.2%	+1.5%
Non-U.S. Govt. Bond	2.6%	+1.5%
U.S. Muni Bond (1-10 Year)	3.2%	+2.0%
U.S. High Yield Muni Bond	5.7%	+3.6%
Hedge Fund – Credit	7.1%	+2.9%
U.S. Aggregate Bond*	4.8%	+2.8%
Private Debt*	8.8%	+2.2%

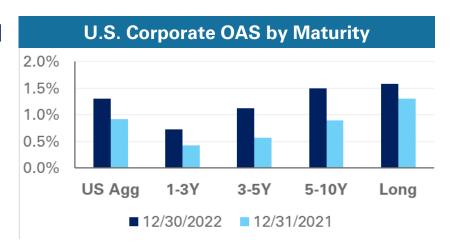


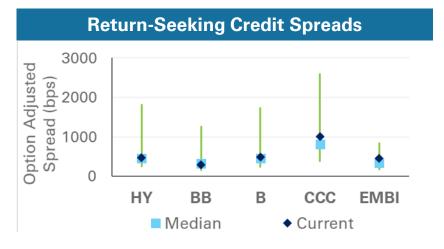
Source: NEPC

^{*}Calculated as a blend of other asset classes

CREDIT SPREADS

- Credit spreads have increased and are above median levels
- Higher credit spread levels raise future return expectations
- Credit spread assumptions reflect potential disruption
 - With a record number of BBB rated corporates, fallen angel downgrades are a greater risk
 - CCC spreads reflect broad economic concerns and have diverged from the rest of high yield
- Default and recovery rates are informed by long-term history

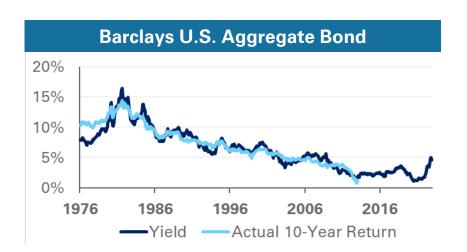






GOVERNMENT RATES

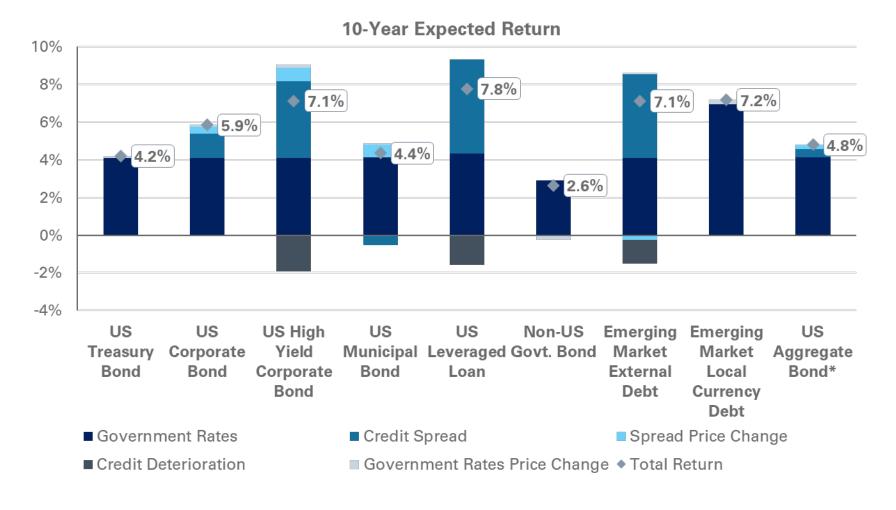
- Government rates price change reflects shifts in interest rates, the yield curve, and roll down
 - Roll down refers to the price change due to the aging of a bond along the yield curve
- Expectations for rising rates are a headwind for return expectations
 - However, higher interest rates boost the long-term return due to the increased yield benefit
- A steeper yield curve relative to forward interest rates can offer relief from rising rates







BUILDING BLOCKS





Source: NEPC

*Calculated as a blend of other classes

BUILDING BLOCKS





- Government Rates
- Credit Deterioration

- Credit Spread
- Spread Price Change
- Government Rates Price Change ◆ Total Return



^{*}Calculated as a blend of other classes





REAL ASSET ASSUMPTIONS

OVERVIEW

- The strategic outlook for real assets reflects a high level of uncertainty due to the elevated near-term inflation environment
 - Real assets offer a meaningful portfolio diversification benefit, but are sensitive to a wide range of potential inflation scenarios
- Real assets exhibit different betas to inflation and each asset class is exposed to various economic factors
 - Diversification and correlation benefits are helpful to a portfolio but must be carefully considered relative to the expected risk premium
- Strategic asset allocation targets for real assets are determined by investor objectives, including the need for portfolio inflation sensitivity
 - Short-term changes in market inflation dynamics should not dictate a portfolio's strategic need for real asset exposure
- Building portfolio inflation sensitivity is a strategic exercise and is wellaligned with an appropriately sized private real assets pacing program
 - The strategic outlook for real assets is volatile as market expectations conflict with the near-term inflation path and longer-term deflationary forces



REAL ASSET ASSUMPTIONS

BUILDING BLOCKS

Illiquidity Premium	The return expected for assets with illiquidity risk
Valuation	The change in price of the asset moving to a terminal value or real average level
Inflation	Based on the inflation path as defined by breakeven-inflation rates and NEPC assumptions
Growth	Market-specific real growth based on a weighted-average of country- level revenue exposure and GDP growth
Real Income	The inflation-adjusted income produced by the asset

Asset Class	12/31/22 10-Yr Return	12-Month Change
Commodity Futures	4.2%	+3.8%
Midstream Energy	6.0%	-0.7%
REIT	6.2%	+1.7%
Global Infrastructure Equity	5.6%	-
Global Natural Resources Equity	5.5%	-
Gold	5.1%	+1.8%
Real Estate - Core	4.0%	-0.7%
Real Estate – Non-Core	5.3%	-0.6%
Private Debt - Real Estate	5.8%	+1.2%
Private Real Assets - Natural Resources	8.1%	+1.0%
Private Real Assets - Infrastructure	6.6%	+1.3%



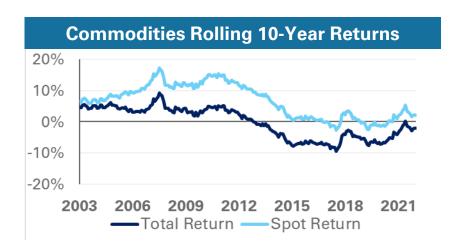
Source: NEPC

^{*}Calculated as a blend of other asset classes

REAL ASSET

REAL INCOME

- Equity: Real income is inflationadjusted dividend yield
 - Includes public infrastructure, REITS, midstream energy, and natural resource equity
- Real Estate: Real income is net operating income (NOI)
 - NOI growth tracks the business cycle and economic regimes
- Commodity Futures: Real income reflects collateral return and the futures roll yield
 - Collateral is based on a cash proxy over the time horizon



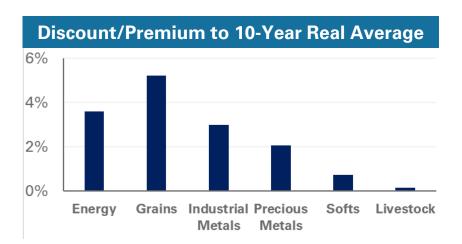
Real Assets Yields				
12/31/22 12/				
Midstream Energy	5.6%	5.9%		
Real Estate - Core	2.7%	3.1%		
US REITs	4.4%	2.9%		
Global Infrastructure Equities	3.2%	2.8%		
Natural Resource Equities	3.8%	3.8%		
US 10-Year Breakeven Inflation	2.3%	2.6%		
Commodity Index Roll Yield	5.7%	2.4%		



REAL ASSET

VALUATION

- Commodity valuation inputs reflect the long-term average of spot prices
 - Many areas of the commodity index are trading at a premium to long-term real averages
- Valuation assumptions for other real assets are based on assetspecific valuation inputs
 - Capitalization rates are used for core real estate, price-to-earnings for global infrastructure and global natural resources equity
 - Gold's valuation incorporates the asset's historical risk premia and the impact of the macroeconomic market regime



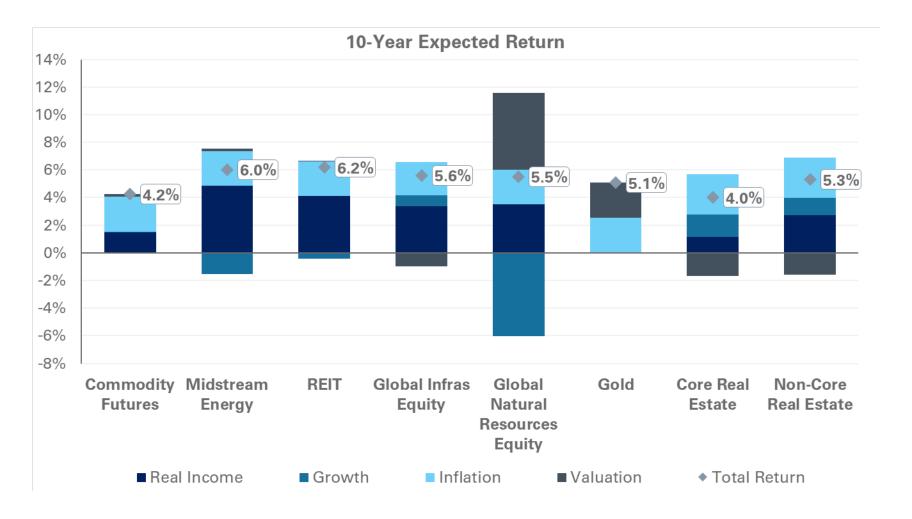




Sources: FactSet, NEPC

REAL ASSET

BUILDING BLOCKS



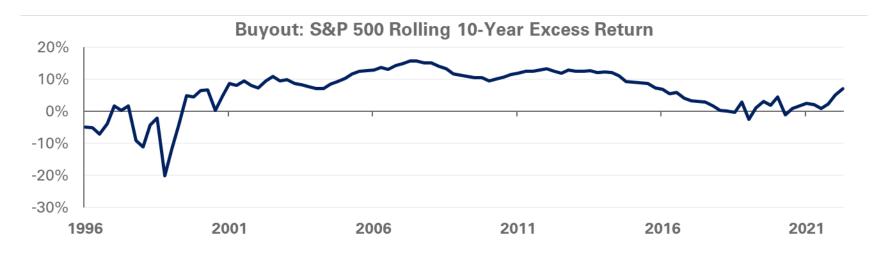


Source: NEPC



ALTERNATIVE ASSETS

METHODOLOGY

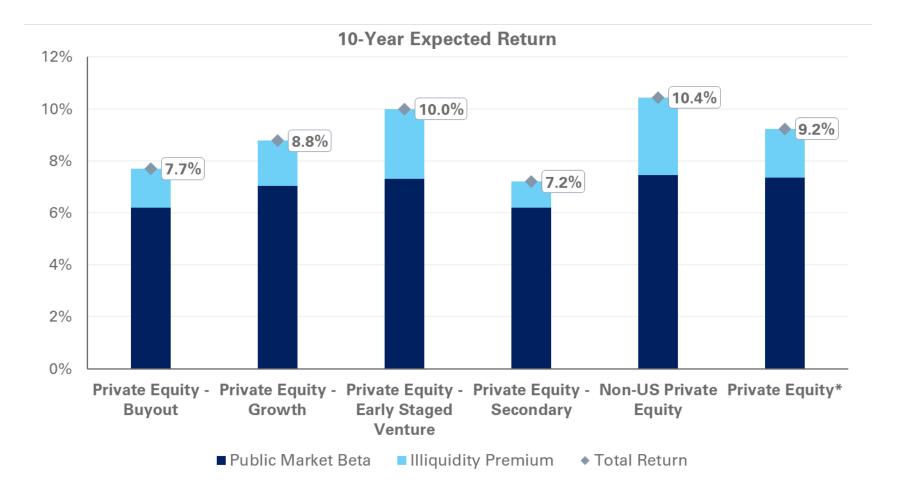


- Private market assumptions are constructed from betas to public markets with an added illiquidity premia
 - Historically, the observed illiquidity premium has been a significant component driving private market returns
- Hedge fund assumptions are constructed from betas to public markets with an added alpha assumption



PRIVATE EQUITY

BUILDING BLOCKS



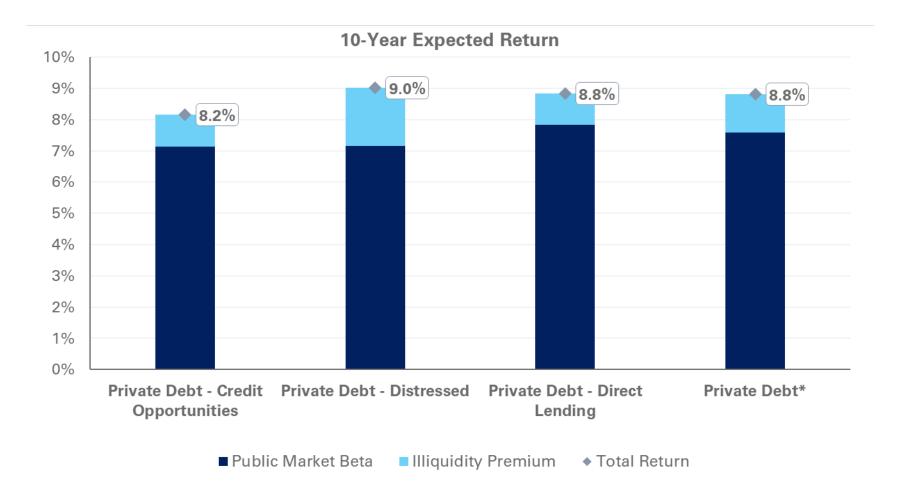


Source: NEPC

*Private Equity is a derived composite of 34% U.S. Buyout, 34% U.S. Growth, 8.5% U.S. Secondary, 8.5% U.S. Venture, 15% Non-U.S. PE

PRIVATE DEBT

BUILDING BLOCKS



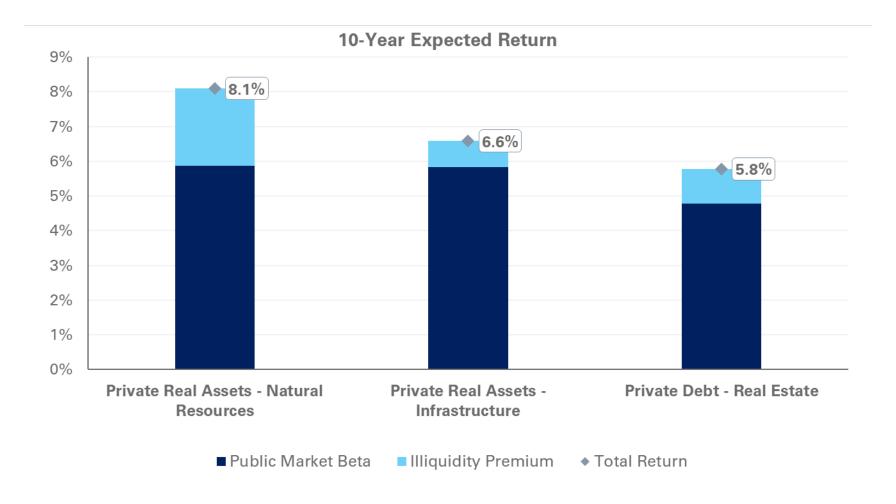


Source: NEPC

*Private Debt is a derived composite of 25% Mezzanine, 25% Distressed, 50% Direct Lending

PRIVATE REAL ASSET

BUILDING BLOCKS

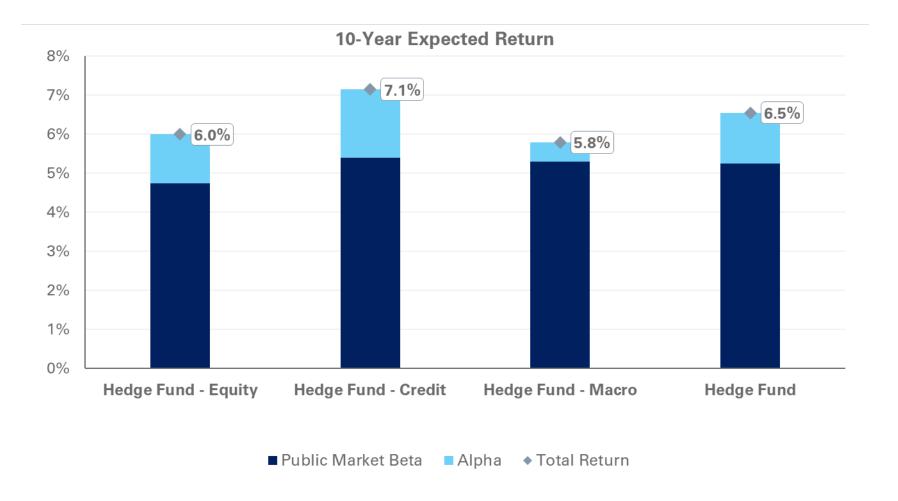




Source: NEPC

HEDGE FUND

BUILDING BLOCKS





Source: NEPC

*Hedge Funds is a derived composite of 40% Long/Short, 40% Credit, 20% Macro



EQUITY

Geometric Expected Return			
Asset Class	12/31/2022	12/31/2021	Delta
U.S. Large-Cap Equity	5.4%	4.3%	+1.1%
U.S. Small/Mid-Cap Equity	6.5%	5.6%	+0.9%
Non-U.S. Developed Equity	5.6%	5.2%	+0.4%
Non-U.S. Developed Equity (USD Hedge)	5.8%	5.4%	+0.4%
Non-U.S. Developed Small-Cap Equity	6.7%	5.9%	+0.8%
Emerging Market Equity	9.6%	8.3%	+1.3%
Emerging Market Small-Cap Equity	9.3%	7.6%	+1.7%
Hedge Fund - Equity	6.0%	4.1%	+1.9%
Private Equity - Buyout	7.7%	7.3%	+0.4%
Private Equity - Growth	8.8%	8.6%	+0.2%
Private Equity - Early Stage Venture	10.0%	10.0%	-
Private Equity - Secondary	7.2%	6.8%	+0.4%
Non-U.S. Private Equity	10.4%	10.3%	+0.1%
China Equity	8.7%	8.8%	-0.1%
U.S. Microcap Equity	7.6%	6.5%	+1.1%
Global Equity*	6.3%	5.4%	+0.9%
Private Equity*	9.2%	9.0%	+0.2%



^{*}Calculated as a blend of other asset classes

Geometric Expected Return			
Asset Class	12/31/2022	12/31/2021	Delta
Cash	4.0%	1.5%	+2.5%
US TIPS	4.4%	1.4%	+3.0%
US Treasury Bond	4.2%	1.5%	+2.7%
US Corporate Bond	5.9%	2.8%	+3.1%
US Corporate Bond - AAA	4.9%	2.2%	+2.7%
US Corporate Bond - AA	5.0%	2.2%	+2.8%
US Corporate Bond - A	5.6%	2.6%	+3.0%
US Corporate Bond - BBB	6.2%	3.1%	+3.1%
US Mortgage-Backed Securities	4.5%	1.8%	+2.7%
US Securitized Bond	5.2%	2.3%	+2.9%
US Collateralized Loan Obligation	5.8%	3.1%	+2.7%
US Municipal Bond	4.4%	1.6%	+2.8%
US Municipal Bond (1-10 Year)	3.2%	1.2%	+2.0%
US Taxable Municipal Bond	5.5%	2.7%	+2.8%



Geometric Expected Return			
Asset Class	12/31/2022	12/31/2021	Delta
Non-US Government Bond	2.6%	1.1%	+1.5%
Non-US Government Bond (USD Hedge)	2.9%	1.3%	+1.6%
Non-US Inflation-Linked Bond (USD Hedge)	3.4%	0.7%	+2.7%
US Short-Term TIPS (1-3 Year)	4.3%	1.2%	+3.1%
US Short-Term Treasury Bond (1-3 Year)	4.2%	1.4%	+2.8%
US Short-Term Corporate Bond (1-3 Year)	5.4%	2.3%	+3.1%
US Intermediate-Term TIPS (3-10 Year)	4.4%	1.5%	+2.9%
US Intermediate-Term Treasury Bond (3-10 Year)	4.2%	1.6%	+2.6%
US Intermediate-Term Corporate Bond (3-10 Year)	6.1%	3.0%	+3.1%
US Long-Term TIPS (10-30 Year)	4.5%	1.3%	+3.2%
US Long-Term Treasury Bond (10-30 Year)	4.0%	1.4%	+2.6%
US Long-Term Corporate Bond (10-30 Year)	5.8%	2.8%	+3.0%
20+ Year US Treasury STRIPS	3.9%	1.0%	+2.9%
10 Year US Treasury Bond	4.3%	1.8%	+2.5%
10 Year Non-US Government Bond (USD Hedge)	2.2%	0.3%	+1.9%
US Aggregate Bond*	4.8%	2.0%	+2.8%



Geometric Expected Return			
Asset Class	12/31/2022	12/31/2021	Delta
US High Yield Corporate Bond	7.1%	3.2%	+3.9%
US Corporate Bond - BB	7.5%	4.0%	+3.5%
US Corporate Bond - B	7.5%	3.6%	+3.9%
US Corporate Bond - CCC/Below	2.9%	-3.8%	+6.7%
US Short-Term High Yield Corporate Bond (1-3 Year)	6.2%	2.3%	+3.9%
US Leveraged Loan	7.8%	4.7%	+3.1%
Emerging Market External Debt	7.1%	4.1%	+3.0%
Emerging Market Local Currency Debt	7.2%	5.7%	+1.5%
US High Yield Securitized Bond	8.9%	3.4%	+5.5%
US High Yield Collateralized Loan Obligation	8.5%	5.5%	+3.0%
US High Yield Municipal Bond	5.7%	2.1%	+3.6%
Hedge Fund - Credit	7.1%	4.2%	+2.9%
Private Debt - Credit Opportunities	8.2%	6.5%	+1.7%
Private Debt - Distressed	9.0%	7.2%	+1.8%
Private Debt - Direct Lending	8.8%	6.2%	+2.6%
Private Debt*	8.8%	6.6%	+2.2%



REAL ASSETS

Geometric Expected Return			
Asset Class	12/31/2022	12/31/2021	Delta
Commodity Futures	4.2%	0.4%	+3.8%
Midstream Energy	6.0%	6.7%	-0.7%
REIT	6.2%	4.5%	+1.7%
Global Infrastructure Equity	5.6%	5.6%	-
Global Natural Resources Equity	5.5%	5.5%	-
Gold	5.1%	3.3%	+1.8%
Real Estate - Core	4.0%	4.7%	-0.7%
Real Estate - Non-Core	5.3%	5.9%	-0.6%
Private Debt - Real Estate	5.8%	4.6%	+1.2%
Private Real Assets - Natural Resources	8.1%	7.1%	+1.0%
Private Real Assets - Infrastructure	6.6%	5.3%	+1.3%



EQUITY

Geometric Expected Return			
Asset Class	12/31/2022	12/31/2021	Delta
U.S. Large-Cap Equity	6.9%	6.1%	+0.8%
U.S. Small/Mid-Cap Equity	7.4%	6.6%	+0.8%
Non-U.S. Developed Equity	6.7%	6.2%	+0.5%
Non-U.S. Developed Equity (USD Hedge)	6.9%	6.4%	+0.5%
Non-U.S. Developed Small-Cap Equity	7.5%	6.8%	+0.7%
Emerging Market Equity	9.6%	8.7%	+0.9%
Emerging Market Small-Cap Equity	9.6%	8.7%	+0.9%
Hedge Fund - Equity	6.2%	5.2%	+1.0%
Private Equity - Buyout	8.8%	8.5%	+0.3%
Private Equity - Growth	9.8%	9.7%	+0.1%
Private Equity - Early Stage Venture	10.6%	10.7%	-0.1%
Private Equity - Secondary	8.2%	7.9%	+0.3%
Non-U.S. Private Equity	10.8%	10.7%	+0.1%
China Equity	9.1%	8.8%	+0.3%
U.S. Microcap Equity	8.2%	7.5%	+0.7%
Global Equity*	7.5%	6.8%	+0.7%
Private Equity*	10.1%	10.0%	+0.1%



^{*}Calculated as a blend of other asset classes

Geometric Expected Return			
Asset Class	12/31/2022	12/31/2021	Delta
Cash	3.4%	2.3%	+1.1%
US TIPS	4.3%	2.6%	+1.7%
US Treasury Bond	4.1%	2.5%	+1.6%
US Corporate Bond	5.9%	4.2%	+1.7%
US Corporate Bond - AAA	5.1%	3.3%	+1.8%
US Corporate Bond - AA	5.0%	3.4%	+1.6%
US Corporate Bond - A	5.5%	3.8%	+1.7%
US Corporate Bond - BBB	6.1%	4.4%	+1.7%
US Mortgage-Backed Securities	4.4%	2.8%	+1.6%
US Securitized Bond	5.1%	3.6%	+1.5%
US Collateralized Loan Obligation	5.2%	4.0%	+1.2%
US Municipal Bond	3.9%	2.5%	+1.4%
US Municipal Bond (1-10 Year)	3.4%	2.3%	+1.1%
US Taxable Municipal Bond	5.8%	4.3%	+1.5%



Geometric Expected Return					
Asset Class	12/31/2022	12/31/2021	Delta		
Non-US Government Bond	3.2%	1.9%	+1.3%		
Non-US Government Bond (USD Hedge)	3.4%	2.2%	+1.2%		
Non-US Inflation-Linked Bond (USD Hedge)	3.6%	1.4%	+2.2%		
US Short-Term TIPS (1-3 Year)	3.9%	2.4%	+1.5%		
US Short-Term Treasury Bond (1-3 Year)	3.8%	2.4%	+1.4%		
US Short-Term Corporate Bond (1-3 Year)	4.9%	3.4%	+1.5%		
US Intermediate-Term TIPS (3-10 Year)	4.4%	2.8%	+1.6%		
US Intermediate-Term Treasury Bond (3-10 Year)	4.2%	2.7%	+1.5%		
US Intermediate-Term Corporate Bond (3-10 Year)	6.0%	4.4%	+1.6%		
US Long-Term TIPS (10-30 Year)	4.6%	2.3%	+2.3%		
US Long-Term Treasury Bond (10-30 Year)	4.3%	2.4%	+1.9%		
US Long-Term Corporate Bond (10-30 Year)	6.2%	4.2%	+2.0%		
20+ Year US Treasury STRIPS	4.3%	2.1%	+2.2%		
10 Year US Treasury Bond	4.7%	3.0%	+1.7%		
10 Year Non-US Government Bond (USD Hedge)	3.1%	1.4%	+1.7%		
US Aggregate Bond*	4.7%	3.1%	+1.6%		



Geometric Expected Return					
Asset Class	12/31/2022	12/31/2021	Delta		
US High Yield Corporate Bond	7.3%	5.4%	+1.9%		
US Corporate Bond - BB	7.7%	6.0%	+1.7%		
US Corporate Bond - B	7.2%	5.4%	+1.8%		
US Corporate Bond - CCC/Below	2.1%	-0.6%	+2.7%		
US Short-Term High Yield Corporate Bond (1-3 Year)	5.5%	3.7%	+1.8%		
US Leveraged Loan	6.9%	5.6%	+1.3%		
Emerging Market External Debt	6.8%	5.1%	+1.7%		
Emerging Market Local Currency Debt	6.1%	5.3%	+0.8%		
US High Yield Securitized Bond	8.1%	5.4%	+2.7%		
US High Yield Collateralized Loan Obligation	7.7%	6.4%	+1.3%		
US High Yield Municipal Bond	5.7%	3.9%	+1.8%		
Hedge Fund - Credit	7.1%	5.7%	+1.4%		
Private Debt - Credit Opportunities	8.4%	7.4%	+1.0%		
Private Debt - Distressed	9.4%	8.2%	+1.2%		
Private Debt - Direct Lending	9.1%	7.8%	+1.3%		
Private Debt*	9.1%	7.9%	+1.2%		



^{*}Calculated as a blend of other asset classes

REAL ASSETS

Geometric Expected Return					
Asset Class	12/31/2022	12/31/2021	Delta		
Commodity Futures	3.2%	3.3%	-0.1%		
Midstream Energy	6.7%	6.7%	-		
REIT	7.3%	6.3%	+1.0%		
Global Infrastructure Equity	6.7%	6.3%	+0.4%		
Global Natural Resources Equity	6.6%	6.7%	-0.1%		
Gold	4.8%	4.0%	+0.8%		
Real Estate - Core	5.1%	5.6%	-0.5%		
Real Estate - Non-Core	6.5%	6.9%	-0.4%		
Private Debt - Real Estate	6.0%	5.4%	+0.6%		
Private Real Assets - Natural Resources	8.4%	8.2%	+0.2%		
Private Real Assets - Infrastructure	7.0%	6.6%	+0.4%		



PRIVATE MARKETS COMPOSITES

PUBLIC MARKET BETA INPUTS FOR PRIVATE MARKETS

PRIVATE EQUITY

Buyout: 25% U.S. Large Cap, 75% U.S. Small/Mid Cap **Secondary:** 25% U.S. Large Cap, 75% U.S. Small/Mid Cap **Growth:** 50% U.S. Small/Mid Cap, 50% U.S. Microcap

Early-Stage Venture: 25% U.S. Small/Mid Cap, 75% U.S. Microcap **Non-U.S.**: 70% International Small Cap, 30% Emerging Small Cap

Composite: 34% Buyout, 34% Growth, 15 % Non-U.S., 8.5% Secondary, 8.5% Early Venture

PRIVATE DEBT

Direct Lending: 100% Bank Loans

Distressed: 20% U.S. Small/Mid Cap, 60% U.S. High Yield, 20% Bank Loans

Credit Opportunities: 34% U.S. SMID Cap, 33% U.S. High Yield, 33% Bank Loans

Composite: 50% Direct Lending, 25% Credit Opportunities, 25% Distressed

PRIVATE REAL ASSETS

Energy: 30% Comm., 35% Midstream, 35% Public Resource Equity

Infra/Land: 30% Commodities, 70% Public Infrastructure

Private Real Estate Debt: 50% CMBS, 50% Real Estate - Core



INFORMATION DISCLAIMER

Past performance is no guarantee of future results.

The goal of this report is to provide a basis for substantiating asset allocation recommendations. The opinions presented herein represent the good faith views of NEPC as of the date of this report and are subject to change at any time.

Information on market indices was provided by sources external to NEPC. While NEPC has exercised reasonable professional care in preparing this report, we cannot guarantee the accuracy of all source information contained within.

All investments carry some level of risk. Diversification and other asset allocation techniques do not ensure profit or protect against losses.

This report is provided as a management aid for the client's internal use only. This report may contain confidential or proprietary information and may not be copied or redistributed to any party not legally entitled to receive it.





February 28, 2023

Retirement Board Agenda Item

TO: Retirement Board

FROM: Tom Stadelmaier, Executive Director

I. SUBJECT: June 30, 2022 Actuarial Valuation and Contribution Rate for StanRTA

II. ITEM NUMBER: 10.a

III. ITEM TYPE: Discussion and Action

IV. STAFF RECOMMENDATION: Accept the June 30, 2022 Actuarial Valuation and Contribution Rates for StanRTA

V. EXECUTIVE SUMMARY: This is the final June 30, 2022 actuarial valuation that was presented as preliminary at the December 2022 meeting.

VI. RISK: None

VII. STRATEGIC PLAN: N/A

ADMINISTRATIVE BUDGET IMPACT: None



Stanislaus County Employees' Retirement Association

Actuarial Valuation as of June 30, 2022

Produced by Cheiron

February 2023

TABLE OF CONTENTS

<u>Section</u>		<u>Page</u>
Letter of Tran	smittal	i
Foreword		ii
Section I	Executive Summary	1
Section II	Disclosures Related to Risk	10
Section III	Assets	20
Section IV	Liabilities	28
Section V	Contributions	32
Section VI	Required ACFR Exhibits	41
<u>Appendices</u>		
Appendix A	Membership Information	44
Appendix B	Statement of Current Actuarial Assumptions and Methods	63
Appendix C	Summary of Plan Provisions	77
Appendix D	Glossary	87
Appendix E	Member Contribution Rates	89





February 17, 2023

Board of Retirement Stanislaus County Employees' Retirement Association 832 12th Street, Suite 600 Modesto, CA 95353

Dear Members of the Board,

At your request, we have conducted an actuarial valuation of the Stanislaus County Employees' Retirement Association (StanCERA, the Fund, the Plan) as of June 30, 2022. This report contains information on the Plan's assets and liabilities. This report also discloses employer contribution levels and required disclosures for the Plan's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR). Your attention is called to the Foreword in which we refer to the general approach employed in the preparation of this report.

The purpose of this report is to present the results of the annual actuarial valuation of StanCERA. This report is for the use of StanCERA and its auditors in preparing financial reports in accordance with applicable law and accounting requirements. Any other user of this report is not an intended user and is considered a third party.

Cheiron's report was prepared solely for StanCERA for the purposes described herein, except that the Plan auditor may rely on this report solely for completing an audit related to the matters herein. It is not intended to benefit any third party, and Cheiron assumes no duty or liability to any such party.

This report and its contents have been prepared in accordance with generally recognized and accepted actuarial principles and practices and our understanding of the Code of Professional Conduct and applicable Actuarial Standards of Practice set out by the Actuarial Standards Board as well as applicable laws and regulations. Furthermore, as credentialed actuaries, we meet the Qualification Standards of the American Academy of Actuaries to render the opinion contained in this report. This report does not address any contractual or legal issues. We are not attorneys, and our firm does not provide any legal services or advice.

Sincerely, Cheiron

Graham A. Schmidt, ASA, EA, FCA, MAAA

Consulting Actuary

Jonathan B. Chipko, FSA, EA, MAAA

with & light

Consulting Actuary

FOREWORD

Cheiron has performed the actuarial valuation of the Stanislaus County Employees' Retirement Association as of June 30, 2022. The valuation is organized as follows:

- In Section I, the **Executive Summary**, we describe the purpose of an actuarial valuation, summarize the key results found in this valuation, and disclose important trends;
- The **Main Body** of the report presents details on the Plan's
 - Section II Disclosures Related to Risk
 - Section III Assets
 - Section IV Liabilities
 - Section V Contributions
 - o Section VI Required ACFR Exhibits
- In the **Appendices** we conclude our report with detailed information describing Plan membership (Appendix A), actuarial assumptions and methods employed in the valuation (Appendix B), a summary of pertinent Plan provisions (Appendix C), a glossary of key actuarial terms (Appendix D), and tables containing member contribution rates (Appendix E).

Future results may differ significantly from the current projections presented in this report due to such factors as the following: plan experience differing from that anticipated by the assumptions; changes in assumptions; and, changes in plan provisions or applicable law.

In preparing our report, we relied on information (some oral and some written) supplied by the StanCERA staff. This information includes, but is not limited to, Plan provisions, employee data, and financial information. We performed an informal examination of the obvious characteristics of the data for reasonableness and consistency in accordance with Actuarial Standard of Practice No. 23.

Cheiron utilizes ProVal, an actuarial valuation application leased from Winklevoss Technologies (WinTech), to calculate liabilities and project benefit payments. We have relied on WinTech as the developer of ProVal. We have reviewed ProVal, have a basic understanding of it, and have used it in accordance with its original intended purpose. We have not identified any material inconsistencies in assumptions or output of ProVal that would affect this report. The deterministic and stochastic projections shown in this report were developed using R-Scan, our proprietary stochastic projection tool for assessing probabilities of different outcomes. We have relied on Cheiron colleagues who developed the tool, and we have used the tool in accordance with its purpose.



SECTION I – EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The primary purpose of the actuarial valuation and this report is to measure, describe, and identify the following as of the valuation date:

- The funded status of the Plan,
- Past and expected trends in the funding progress of the Plan,
- Employer and employee contribution rates for Plan Year 2023-2024, and
- An assessment and disclosure of key risks.

In the balance of this Executive Summary, we present (A) the basis upon which this year's valuation was completed, (B) the key findings of this valuation including a summary of all key results, (C) an examination of the historical trends, and (D) the projected outlook for the Plan.

A. Valuation Basis

This valuation determines the employer contributions required for the employers' fiscal years beginning July 1, 2023. The employers include the County of Stanislaus and related employers, the City of Ceres, and other participating Special Districts¹.

The Plan's funding policy is to collect contributions from the employers and employees equal to the sum of:

- The Normal Cost under the Entry Age Normal Cost Method,
- Amortization of the Unfunded Actuarial Liability (UAL), and
- The Fund's expected administrative expenses.

This valuation was prepared based on the data summarized in Appendix A, the assumptions and methods described in Appendix B, and the Plan provisions shown in Appendix C.

Actuarial experience studies are performed every three years. This valuation was performed based on the economic and demographic assumptions that were determined in the Actuarial Experience Study performed by Cheiron as of June 30, 2021 and reviewed by the Board on December 14, 2021. This valuation is the second to use the assumptions determined in the above experience study.

¹ Adjusted contribution rates for new employers – specifically for this valuation, the Stanislaus Regional Transit Authority – will be provided in a separate document.



_

SECTION I – EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

B. Key Findings of this Valuation

The key results of the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuation are as follows:

- The actuarially determined employer contribution rate increased from 31.59% of payroll to 32.91% of payroll for the current valuation.
- The Plan's funded ratio, the ratio of Actuarial Assets over Actuarial Liability, decreased from 78.8% to 77.0%. Likewise, the Plan's funded ratio on a market value basis decreased from 85.9% to 74.0%.
- The Unfunded Actuarial Liability (UAL) is the excess of the Plan's Actuarial Liability over the Actuarial Value of Assets. The Plan experienced an increase in the UAL from \$669.3 million to \$775.8 million as of June 30, 2022. This increase in UAL was largely due to investment and demographic experience losses.
- During the year ending June 30, 2022, the return on Plan assets was -6.23% on a market value basis net of investment (but not administrative) expenses, as compared to the 6.75% assumption. The Actuarial Value of Assets recognizes 20% of the difference between the expected and actual return on the Market Value of Assets (MVA). This method of smoothing the asset gains and losses returned 6.37% on the smoothed value of assets, an actuarial asset loss of \$11.4 million. The loss in the Actuarial Value of Assets reflects the continued recognition of past investment gains and losses, with past investment gains offsetting the impact of the loss for the current year and leading to a higher actuarial value return than market value return.
- During the 2021-22 Plan Year, the actuarial liabilities of the Plan increased more than expected, with key factors being larger Cost of Living Adjustments (COLAs) than expected for members in pay status, increases in the projected COLA banks for members in pay status due to higher than expected inflation, and higher pay increases than expected for continuing actives. These and other unexpected changes resulted in a liability loss of \$115.1 million.
- Overall participant membership increased from 9,904 to 10,116 total members compared to last year. There were 644 new hires and rehires during 2021-2022 and the total active population increased slightly, from 4,321 to 4,323. Total projected pensionable payroll increased from \$306,344,007 to \$333,773,583, or 9.0%.



SECTION I – EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

In Tables I-1 and I-2 below, we summarize the key results of the valuation with respect to assets and liabilities, contributions, and membership. The results are presented and compared for both the current and prior Plan year.

Table I-1 Stanislaus County Employees' Retirement Association Summary of Key Valuation Results (in millions)										
Valuation Date	Jun	ne 30, 2021	Jun	ne 30, 2022		Absolute				
Fiscal Year End		2023		2024		Change				
Actuarial Liability	\$	3,153.0	\$	3,379.6	\$	226.6				
Actuarial Value of Assets ¹		2,483.7		2,603.8		120.1				
Unfunded Actuarial Liability (Actuarial Value)	\$	669.3	\$	775.8	\$	106.5				
Funding Ratio (Actuarial Value)		78.8%		77.0%		-1.8%				
Market Value of Assets ¹		2,707.3		2,499.8		(207.5)				
Unfunded Actuarial Liability (Market Value)	\$	445.7	\$	879.8	\$	434.1				
Funding Ratio (Market Value)		85.9%		74.0%		-11.9%				
Net Employer Contribution Rate		31.59%		32.91%		1.32%				

¹ Net of non-valuation reserves.

Table I-2 Membership Total											
Item	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2022	% Change								
Actives	4,321	4,323	0.0%								
Deferred Members	1,267	1,317	3.9%								
Retired Members	4,316	4,476	<u>3.7%</u>								
Total Members	9,904	10,116	2.1%								
Ratio of Inactive Members to Active Members	129.2%	134.0%									
Active Member Payroll (FYE 2022/2023)	\$ 306,344,007	\$ 333,773,583	9.0%								
Average Pay per Active	\$ 70,897	\$ 77,209	8.9%								

The ratio of inactive members (i.e., those receiving benefits or those entitled to a deferred benefit) to active members is a measure of the maturity of the plan. It shows how many inactive members are supported by each active member. A higher ratio indicates a more mature plan and potentially higher risk since the retiree benefits are larger relative to the contribution base, i.e., the active member payroll. Table I-2 shows that the ratio of inactive members to active members increased this year due to an increase in inactive members and a level active workforce, indicating the ongoing maturation of the Plan.



SECTION I – EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Changes in UAL

The Unfunded Actuarial Liability (UAL) for StanCERA increased by \$106.5 million, from \$669.3 million to \$775.8 million. Table I-3 below presents the specific components of the change in the UAL.

	Table I-3 Change in Unfunded Actuarial Liability										
	Experience	in millions									
1.	Unfunded actuarial liability, 6/30/2021	\$	669.3								
2.	Expected change in unfunded actuarial liability	\$	(16.2)								
3.	Unfunded increase due to investment loss		11.4								
4.	Unfunded decrease due to contribution surplus		(3.8)								
5.	Unfunded increase due to liability loss		115.1								
6.	Total change in unfunded actuarial liability	\$	106.5								
7.	Unfunded actuarial liability, 6/30/2022	\$	775.8								

As noted earlier, the return on the actuarial assets used to compute the UAL and the employer contribution rate was 6.37% during the 2021-22 Plan Year. Investment returns lower than the assumed rate of 6.75% increased the UAL by \$11.4 million.

Liability losses increased the UAL by \$115.1 million, driven by losses associated with larger Cost of Living Adjustments (COLAs) than expected for members in pay status, increases in the projected COLA banks for members in pay status due to higher-than-expected inflation, and higher pay increases than expected for continuing actives. The UAL also decreased by \$3.8 million due to contributions greater than the actuarially determined cost. This is primarily a result of the 12-month lag in the implementation of contribution rates and higher than expected payroll growth.

The expected change in the UAL due to the yearly amortization of the UAL balance – a decrease of \$16.2 million, as a result of the amortization schedule for the current year – combined with the above UAL changes to produce an overall increase of \$106.5 million.



SECTION I – EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Changes in Employer Contributions

Thus far, the experience of the 2021-22 Plan year has been presented in terms of the UAL and funded ratio. Table I-4 below summarizes the impact of actuarial experience and changes in assumptions on the employer contribution rate.

Table I-4										
Employer Contribution Reconciliation Normal Admi										
Item	Total	Cost	Amortization	Expense						
FYE 2023 Net Employer Contribution Rate	31.59%	11.18%	19.40%	1.01%						
Change Due to Asset Loss	0.26%	0.00%	0.26%	0.00%						
Change Due to Contribution Surplus	-0.09%	0.00%	-0.09%	0.00%						
Change Due to Demographic Changes	2.48%	-0.18%	2.66%	0.00%						
Change Due to Effect of Payroll on Amortization	-1.33%	0.00%	<u>-1.27%</u>	-0.06%						
Total Change	1.32%	-0.18%	1.56%	-0.06%						
FYE 2024 Net Employer Contribution Rate	32.91%	11.00%	20.96%	0.95%						

- Asset experience produced an investment loss on a smoothed basis, as described earlier. The smoothed loss increased the contribution rate by 0.26% of pay. The ratio of Actuarial to Market Value of Assets is 104.2%. There are now \$104.1 million in net deferred losses as of June 30, 2022. There is also \$25.2 million in a non-valuation Contingency Reserve.
- The Plan received a larger contribution than the actuarially determined cost for the prior plan year. The net impact of the surplus was a decrease in the employer contribution rate by 0.09% of pay.
- The demographic experience of the Plan rates of retirement, death, disability, and termination, as well as salary and COLA changes caused an increase in employer contribution rate of 2.48% of pay. Losses associated with COLA, COLA bank increases for members in pay status, and higher than expected pay increases for continuing active members were the largest factors contributing to an increase in the UAL and the associated amortization payment. The increase in the amortization payment was offset by a reduction in the employer-paid normal cost as a result of the continued transition of the active workforce to membership in the new PEPRA tiers, which reflect lower benefit levels for new hires.
- Overall payroll was higher than expected by about \$19.0 million, increasing 9.0% compared to the 2.75% assumption. As a result, the unfunded liability amortization payment and administrative expenses were spread over a larger payroll base than expected, and the employer contribution rate decreased by 1.33% of pay. We note that the pay for County members reflects expected pay increases of 3% in July 2022 and 5% in September 2022.



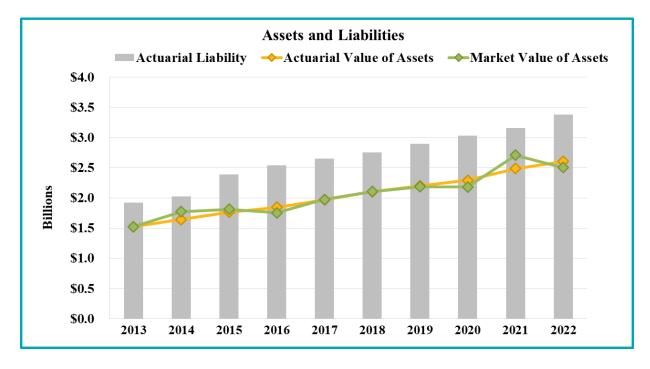
SECTION I – EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

C. Historical Trends

Despite the fact that for most retirement plans the greatest attention is given to the current valuation results and in particular, the size of the current UAL and the employer contribution, it is important to remember that each valuation is merely a snapshot in the long-term progress of a pension fund. It is more important to judge a current year's valuation result relative to historical trends, as well as trends expected into the future.

Assets and Liabilities

The chart below compares the Market Value of Assets (MVA) and Actuarial Value of Assets (AVA) to the Actuarial Liabilities. The percentage shown in the table below the graph is the ratio of the Actuarial Value of Assets to the Actuarial Liability (the funded ratio). The funded ratio has decreased from 79.4% in 2013 to 77.0% as of June 30, 2022. The large drop in the funded ratio in 2015 was primarily due to changes in assumptions. The decrease in the funded ratio from last year to this year was primarily a result of investment losses and higher than expected COLAs and pay increases.



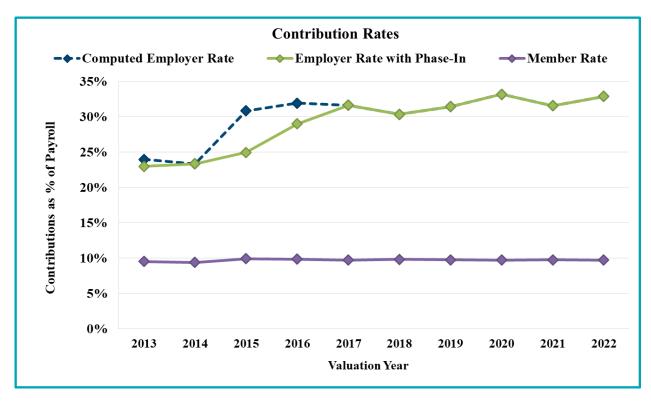
Valuation Year	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Funded Ratio	79.4%	81.1%	73.7%	72.8%	74.3%	76.4%	75.9%	75.6%	78.8%	77.0%
UAL (Billions)	\$ 0.40	\$ 0.38	\$ 0.63	\$ 0.69	\$ 0.68	\$ 0.65	\$ 0.70	\$ 0.74	\$ 0.67	\$ 0.78



SECTION I – EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Contribution Trends

In the chart below, we present the historical trends for the StanCERA contribution rates. The employer contribution rates have risen since 2013, primarily as a result of changes to the actuarial assumptions and methods. The average employee contribution rates have also increased as the Plan's economic and demographic assumptions have changed. The phase-ins shown from 2013-2016 recognized significant changes in the computed employer rate over a set period to help manage the financial impact for the Plan sponsors. The employer contribution rate increased this year due to investment and demographic experience losses.





SECTION I – EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

D. Future Expected Financial Trends

The analysis of projected financial trends is an important component of this valuation. In this Section, we present our assessment of the implications of the June 30, 2022 valuation results in terms of benefit security (assets compared to liabilities). All the projections in this section are based on the current investment return assumption of 6.75%. We have assumed future total payroll increases of 2.75% per year.

The graph below shows the expected employer and employee contribution rates based on achieving the 6.75% assumption **each year** for the next 20 years. This scenario is highly unlikely: even if the Plan does achieve an **average** return of 6.75% over this period, the returns in each given year will certainly vary. The expected total contribution rates based on the prior year valuation as of June 30, 2021 are shown (in the dashed line) for comparison.

The contribution rate graph shows that employer contribution rates are expected to increase gradually over the next four years as deferred investment losses are recognized in the actuarial value of assets and then stay relatively stable until the initial amortization base established in 2021, covering the bulk of the unfunded liability, has been paid down.

Projection of Contributions, 6.75% Return Each Year

The total contribution rate (employer plus employee) is approximately 43% of member payroll for the June 30, 2022 valuation. It is expected to gradually increase to approximately 45% through FYE 2028 if all actuarial assumptions are met, as recent market value asset losses are recognized in the actuarial value of assets. The total contribution rate (employer plus member) is expected to gradually decline after FYE 2028 as PEPRA members replace legacy members, lowering the average normal cost of the Plan.

After 14 years, the total contribution rate is expected to drop due to the end of the amortization period for the initial 2021 amortization base. Thereafter, the total contribution rate mostly represents expected normal cost plus administrative expenses, along with UAL amortization payments for any gains and losses than occurred after July 1, 2021. The end of the amortization periods only affects the employer contribution rate. It has no impact on the employee contribution rate.



SECTION I – EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Asset and Liability Projections:

The following graph shows the projection of assets and liabilities assuming that assets will earn the 6.75% assumption each year during the projection period. The funded ratio shown is based on the Actuarial Value of Assets. The Actuarial Value of Assets is more than the Market Value of Assets as of June 30, 2022; under the five-year smoothing policy, the two are assumed to be equal past 2025 if there are no additional asset gains/losses.

Projection of Assets and Liabilities, 6.75% Return Each Year (\$ millions)



The graph above shows that the projected funded status remains relatively level for several years before increasing more steadily. The funded ratio approaches 100% after 15 years, as can be expected based on the amortization policy and the one-year contribution lag, assuming the actuarial assumptions are achieved.

However, it is the **actual** return on Plan assets that will determine the future funded status and contribution rate to the Fund.

We note that the funded ratio is expected to gradually climb above 100%; this is because under the PEPRA legislation, the employer contribution is not allowed to fall below the level of the Normal Cost unless the Plan reaches at least 120% funded (and other conditions are met).



SECTION II – DISCLOSURES RELATED TO RISK

Actuarial valuations are based on a set of assumptions about future economic and demographic experience. These assumptions represent a reasonable estimate of future experience, but actual future experience will undoubtedly be different and may vary significantly.

Actuarial Standard of Practice (ASOP 51) requires actuaries to identify and assess risks that "may reasonably be anticipated to significantly affect the plan's future financial condition." This section of the report is intended to identify the primary risks to the Plan, provide some background information about those risks, and provide an assessment of those risks.

Identification of Risks

A fundamental risk to a pension plan is that the contributions needed to pay the benefits become unaffordable. Even in the case that the Plan remains affordable, the contributions needed to support the Plan may differ significantly from expectations. While there are a number of factors that could lead to contribution amounts deviating from expectations, we believe the primary risks are:

- Investment risk,
- Assumption change risk, and
- Contribution risk.

Other risks that we have not identified may also turn out to be important.

Investment Risk is the potential for investment returns to be different than expected. Lower investment returns than anticipated will increase the unfunded actuarial liability necessitating higher contributions in the future unless there are other gains that offset these investment losses. The potential volatility of future investment returns is determined by the Plan's asset allocation and the affordability of the investment risk is determined by the amount of assets invested relative to the size of the plan sponsors or other contribution base.

Assumption change risk is the potential for the environment to change such that future valuation assumptions are different than the current assumptions. For example, declines in interest rates over the last three decades resulted in higher investment returns for fixed income investments but lower expected future returns, necessitating either a change in investment policy, a reduction in discount rate, or some combination of the two. Assumption change risk is an extension of the other risks identified, but rather than capturing the risk as it is experienced, it captures the cost of recognizing a change in environment when the current assumption is no longer reasonable.

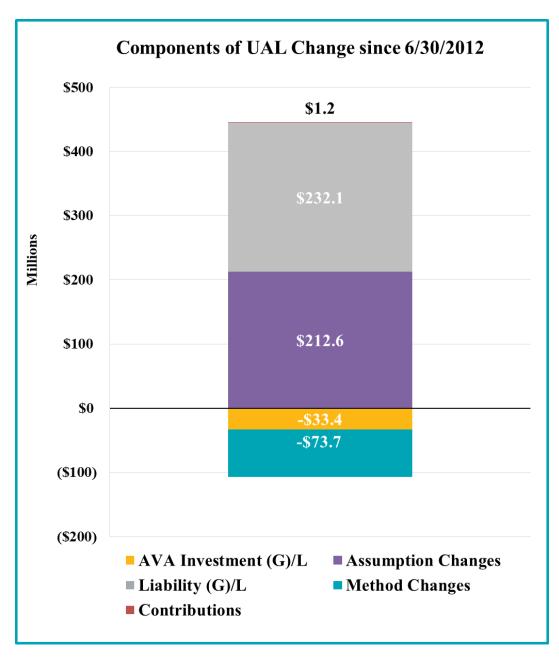
Contribution risk is the potential for actual future contributions to deviate from expected future contributions. There are different sources of contribution risk such as the sponsor failing to make contributions in accordance with the funding policy or the contribution requirement becoming such a financial strain on the sponsor as a result of material changes in the contribution base (e.g., covered employees, covered payroll) that it affects the amount of contributions the Plan can collect.



SECTION II – DISCLOSURES RELATED TO RISK

The chart below shows the aggregated components contributing to the change in Unfunded Actuarial Liability (UAL) from June 30, 2012 through June 30, 2022. Over the last 10 years, the UAL has increased by approximately \$338.8 million. The net liability losses (gray bar) of \$232.1 million and assumption changes (purple bar) of \$212.6 million are the primary sources of the UAL growth, resulting in a total UAL increase of \$444.7 million. The contributions have been very close to the "tread water" level (described later in this section, shown in the red bar), resulting a small increase of \$1.2 million in the UAL. Method changes (teal bar) of \$73.7 million and investment gains (gold bar) of \$33.4 million have decreased the UAL since June 30, 2012.

Chart II-1





SECTION II – DISCLOSURES RELATED TO RISK

Chart II-2 below details the annual sources of the UAL change (colored bars) for the plan years ending June 30. The net UAL change for each year is represented by the blue diamonds.

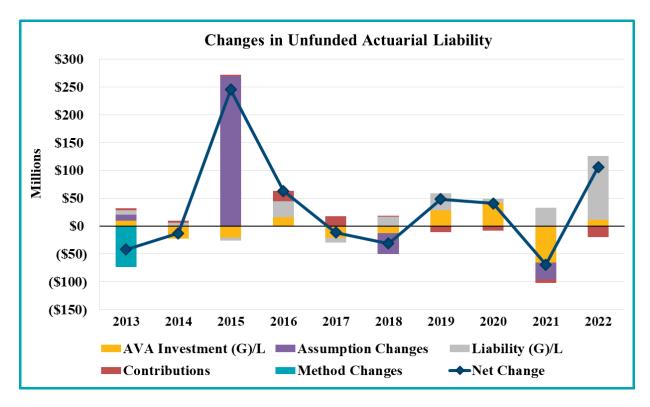


Chart II-2

Effective with the June 30, 2013 valuation, the actuarial cost method was modified from the Entry Age Normal-to-Decrement method to the Entry Age Normal-to-Final-Decrement method to comply with the accounting standards issued by the Government Accounting Standards Board. The impact of this was to shift some of the liability from past service to future, thereby decreasing the actuarial liability (by approximately \$74 million) and increasing the normal cost. This is represented by the teal bar.

On a market value basis, the average annual geometric return over the 10-year period has been 7.7% with investment gains on the AVA in five of those years decreasing the UAL, but investment losses in the other five years of the last decade. As of June 30, 2022, there are approximately \$104.1 million of deferred losses that will be recognized over the next four years, with the large loss from the most recent year contributing most of the deferred losses.

Over the same time period, the assumed rate of return decreased from 7.75% to 6.75%. It is important to note that these changes simply reflect a downward revision to the estimate of future investment earnings and ultimately costs will be determined by actual investment earnings.



SECTION II – DISCLOSURES RELATED TO RISK

The impact of all assumption changes is represented by the purple bars and also includes decreases in mortality rates projected in the future. The assumption changes effective with the June 30, 2021 valuation included a change in the expected rate of return from 7.00% to 6.75%, but also contained demographic assumption changes, which reduced the UAL.

Each year the UAL is expected to increase for benefits earned in the current year (the normal cost), administrative expenses, and interest on the UAL. This expected increase is referred to as the tread water level. If contributions are greater than the tread water level, the UAL is expected to decrease. Conversely, if contributions are less than the tread water level, the UAL is expected to increase. The amortization policy (as well as the contribution-timing lag) can impact whether or not the contributions exceed the tread water level. For example, a long amortization period can result in contributions below the tread water cost. The contribution shortfalls in 2016 and 2017 were due to the phase-in of the 2015 assumption change impact.

Contributions did not meet the tread water level in the first six of the last 10 years, resulting in \$46.9 million of increases to the UAL over that period. However, the amortization period has declined such that positive contributions to reduce the UAL principal have been made in each of the last four years, bringing the overall impact from contributions almost back to neutral (a net \$1.2 million increase). The current funding policy amortizes unexpected changes in the UAL over closed periods of 20 years or less, which will likely continue the trend of contributions that reduce the UAL.

Table II-1 below numerically summarizes the changes in the UAL for each year by source over the last 10 years.

Table II-1

	Table II-1 Unfunded Actuarial Liability (UAL) Change by Source											
June 30,	Investment Experience	Liability Experience	Assumption Changes	Method Changes	Contributions	Total UAL Change						
2013	\$10,200,000	\$8,500,000	\$10,300,000	(\$73,700,000)	\$2,901,000	(\$41,799,000)						
2014	(22,600,000)	6,100,000	400,000	0	3,243,000	(12,857,000)						
2015	(20,600,000)	(5,600,000)	269,800,000	0	1,999,000	245,599,000						
2016	16,300,000	28,900,000	0	0	18,210,000	63,410,000						
2017	(20,800,000)	(8,900,000)	0	0	18,328,000	(11,372,000)						
2018	(12,400,000)	16,800,000	(37,800,000)	0	2,260,000	(31,140,000)						
2019	28,700,000	30,800,000	0	0	(11,023,000)	48,477,000						
2020	42,100,000	7,400,000	0	0	(8,407,000)	41,093,000						
2021	(65,700,000)	33,000,000	(30,100,000)	0	(6,240,000)	(69,040,000)						
2022	11,400,000	115,100,000	0	0	(20,029,000)	106,471,000						
Total	(\$33,400,000)	\$232,100,000	\$212,600,000	(\$73,700,000)	\$1,242,000	\$338,842,000						

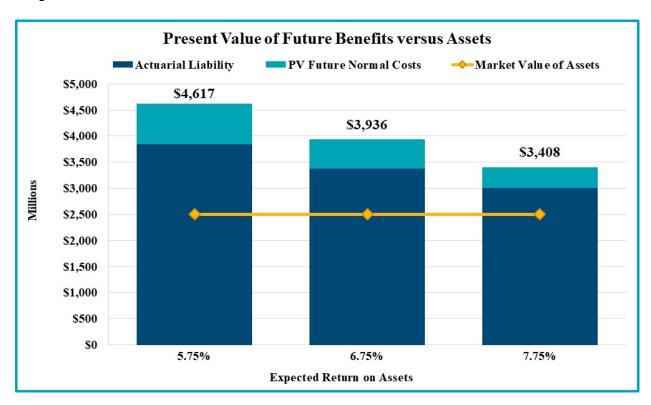


SECTION II – DISCLOSURES RELATED TO RISK

Assessing Costs and Risks

Sensitivity to Investment Returns

The chart below compares assets to the present value of all projected future benefits discounted at the current expected rate of return and at discount rates 100 basis points above and below the expected rate of return. The present value of future benefits is shown as a bar with the portion attributable to past service in dark blue (Actuarial Liability) and the portion attributable to future service in teal (Present Value of Future Normal Costs). The Market Value of Assets is shown by the gold line.



If investments return 6.75% annually, the Plan will need approximately \$4.0 billion in assets today to pay all projected benefits compared to current assets of \$2.5 billion. If investment returns are only 5.75%, the Plan would need approximately \$4.6 billion in assets today, and if investment returns are 7.75%, the Plan would need approximately \$3.4 billion in assets today.

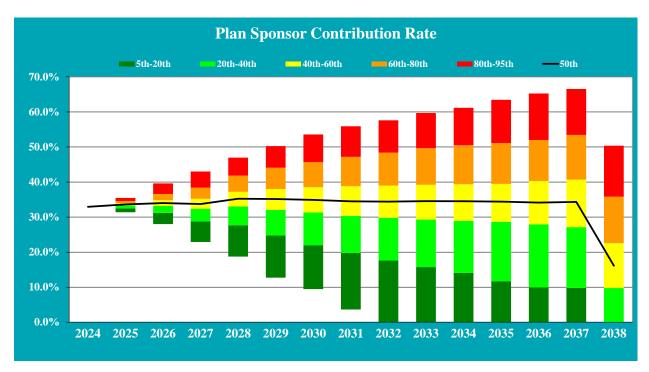


SECTION II – DISCLOSURES RELATED TO RISK

Sensitivity to Investment Returns - Stochastic Projections

Stochastic projections serve to show the range of probable outcomes of various measurements. The graphs below and on the following page show the projected range of the employer contribution rate and of the funded ratio on an actuarial value of assets basis. The range in both scenarios is driven by the volatility of investment returns (assumed to be based on a 12% standard deviation of annual returns, as indicated in NEPC's March 31, 2021 capital market assumptions). The stochastic projections of investment returns are based on an assumption that each future year's investment return is independent from all other years and is identically distributed according to a lognormal distribution. This assumption may result in an unrealistically wide range of compound investment returns over longer periods.

Stochastic Projection of Employer Contributions as a Percent of Pay

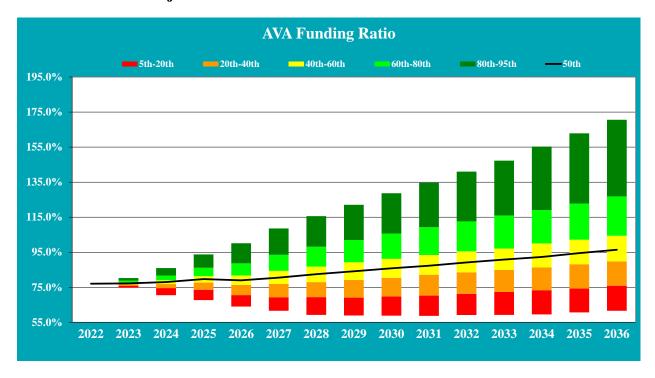


The stochastic projection of employer contributions as a percent of pay shows the probable range of future contribution rates. The baseline contribution rate (black line), which is based on the median of the simulations using an average return of 6.75%, aligns closely with the projections discussed in subsection D. of the Executive Summary of this report. In the most pessimistic scenario shown, the 95th percentile, the projected employer contribution rate surpasses 65% of pay by 2037. Conversely, the most optimistic scenario shown, the 5th percentile, the projected employer contribution rate declines to 0% by 2032. These projections allow the employer contribution to drop below the normal cost only if the Plan becomes extremely over-funded (above 120%), as required under PEPRA.



SECTION II – DISCLOSURES RELATED TO RISK

Stochastic Projection of Funded Ratio on an Actuarial Value of Assets Basis



The graph above shows the projection of the funded ratio based on the Actuarial Value of Assets, under the current layered amortization policy. While the baseline-funded ratio (black line) is projected to approach 100% at the end of the 15-year period shown here, there is a wide range of potential outcomes. Good investment returns have the likelihood of bringing the funded ratio well over 100%.

Due to the current funding policy of the Plan, even in scenarios with unfavorable investment returns, the Plan is projected to remain over 58% funded on an actuarial value of assets basis, as long as the actuarially determined contributions continue to be made.

Contribution Risk

While investment returns are typically the dominant factor in volatility, contribution rates can also be sensitive to future salary increases and the hiring of new members. When member payroll growth stagnates or even declines, the dollar level of contributions made to the Plan also stagnates or declines since contributions are based on payroll levels, though this will generally only present a funding issue if there is an extended period of payroll reductions.

There is also a risk of the contribution rate increasing even higher when payroll decreases since the Plan's funding policy amortizes the UAL as a level percentage of pay. This means that the UAL payments increase at the assumed payroll growth rate of 2.75%, so that the payment is expected to remain constant as a percentage of payroll. If payroll growth is less than the expected 2.75% or there is a decline in payroll, the UAL payments are spread over a smaller payroll base



SECTION II – DISCLOSURES RELATED TO RISK

and the contribution rate as a percentage of pay increases, making the Plan less affordable for those sponsors with declining payroll bases.

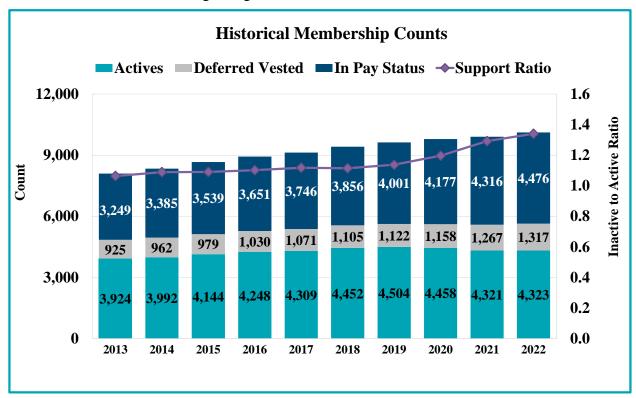
For example, the UAL Amortization rate as of June 30, 2022 for the FYE 2023 is 20.96%. If the projected payroll for FYE 2023 were 2.75% lower, all else being equal, the UAL Amortization rate would increase to 21.54%.

Plan Maturity Measures

The future financial condition of a mature pension plan is more sensitive to each of the risks identified above than a less mature plan. It is important to understand how the maturity has changed over time. Plan maturity can be measured in a variety of ways, but they all get at one basic dynamic – the larger the plan is compared to the contribution or revenue base that supports it, the more sensitive the plan will be to risk. The measures below have been selected as the most important in understanding the primary risks identified for the Plan.

Inactives per Active (Support Ratio)

One simple measure of plan maturity is the ratio of the number of inactive members to the number of active members. The Support Ratio is expected to increase gradually as a plan matures. The chart below shows the growth in the Support Ratio from 2013 to 2022 as the number of active members increased more slowly than the number of retirees and deferred members and then declined beginning in 2020.



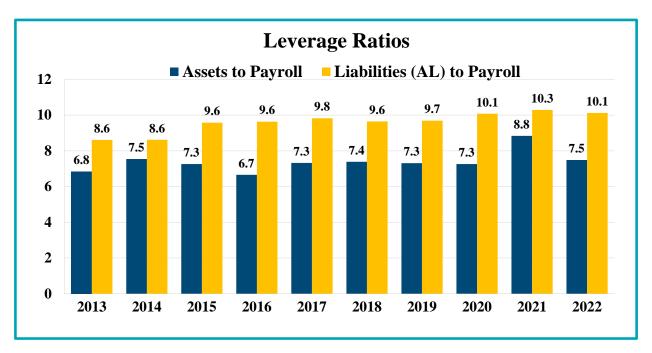


SECTION II – DISCLOSURES RELATED TO RISK

Leverage Ratios

Leverage or volatility ratios measure the size of the plan compared to its revenue base more directly. The asset leverage ratio is simply the market value of assets to active member payroll and indicates the sensitivity of the Plan to investment returns. The liability leverage ratio is the plan's actuarial liability to active member payroll and indicates the sensitivity of the Plan to assumption changes or demographic experience.

The chart below shows the historical leverage ratios of the Plan. Both leverage ratios have increased since 2013, and the asset to payroll ratio has remained at or above 7.0 – assets are seven times member payroll – for all but one of the last nine years.



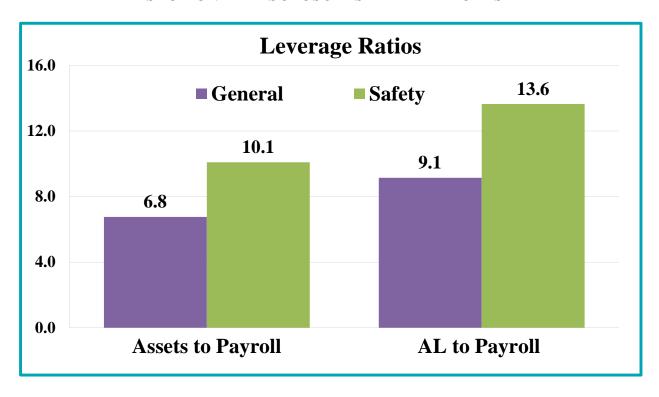
To appreciate the impact of the ratio of assets to payroll on plan cost, consider the situation for a new plan with almost no assets. Even if the assets suffer a bad year of investment returns, the impact on the plan cost is nil, because the asset level is so small.

As the Plan becomes better funded, the asset leverage ratio will increase, and if it were 100% funded, the asset leverage ratio would be about 10 times payroll, or the Actuarial Liability (AL) leverage ratio.

We note that the ratio of both assets and liabilities to payroll, and therefore the sensitivity to investment returns, is higher for the Safety members compared to the General members, because of the higher benefit amounts and the earlier average retirement ages for Safety.



SECTION II – DISCLOSURES RELATED TO RISK



The General asset leverage ratio of 6.8 means that if the Plan's assets lose 10% of their value, which is a 16.75% actuarial loss compared to the expected return of 6.75%, the loss would be equivalent to 114% of payroll (16.75% times 6.8). The same investment loss for the Safety group with an asset ratio of 10.1 would be equivalent to approximately 169% of payroll. There is only one source of funding to make up for these investment losses: contributions. Consequently, barring future offsetting investment gains, the employer has to make up the asset loss in additional future contributions. In this example of a one-year loss of 10%, the shortfall will eventually require an additional annual amortization payment of approximately 8% and 12% of payroll for General and Safety, respectively, if amortized over 20 years. Contribution rates for the Safety members will generally be more volatile compared to General members.

If the Plan were fully funded, the 10% loss discussed above would translate to a loss of 153% of payroll for General and 228% of payroll for Safety. When amortized over 20 years, employer contributions would increase approximately 11% and 17% of payroll, respectively. Therefore, the Plan may become more sensitive to market variations in the future than it is today.

More Detailed Assessment

While a more detailed assessment is always valuable to enhance the understanding of the risks identified above, we believe the scenarios illustrated above cover the primary risks facing the Plan at this time. We would be happy to provide the Board with a more in-depth analysis at their request.



SECTION III – ASSETS

Pension Plan assets play a key role in the financial operation of the Plan and in the decisions the Board may make with respect to future deployment of those assets. The level of assets, the allocation of assets among asset classes, and the methodology used to measure assets will likely impact benefit levels, employer contributions, and the ultimate security of participants' benefits.

In this section, we present detailed information on Plan assets including:

- **Disclosure** of Plan assets as of June 30, 2021 and June 30, 2022,
- Statement of the **changes** in market values during the year,
- Development of the **Actuarial Value of Assets**,
- An assessment of historical investment performance versus inflation, and
- An allocation of the Actuarial Value of Assets between the **cost-sharing groups**.

Disclosure

There are two types of asset values disclosed in the valuation, the Market Value of Assets and the Actuarial Value of Assets. The market value represents "snap-shot" or "cash-out" values, which provide the principal basis for measuring financial performance from one year to the next. Market values, however, can fluctuate widely with corresponding swings in the marketplace. As a result, market values are usually not as suitable for long-range planning as are the Actuarial Value of Assets, which reflects smoothing of annual investment returns.

Table III-1 on the next page discloses and compares each asset class as of June 30, 2021 and June 30, 2022.



SECTION III – ASSETS

Statement	Table II								
Statement of Assets at Market Value Fiscal Year ending Fiscal Year ending									
		June 30, 2021		June 30, 2022					
Cash and Cash Equivalents									
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	82,503,136	\$	68,001,805					
Receivables									
Interest and Dividends	\$	5,961,917	\$	5,126,501					
Contributions		4,093,616		4,757,769					
Securities Transactions		101,836,428		432,933					
Total Receivables	\$	111,891,961	\$	10,317,203					
Fixed Assets									
Capitalized Software	\$	0	\$	0					
Real Estate Occupied		1,592,591		1,573,614					
Real Estate Leased		1,062,447		1,049,794					
Other		6,367,162		7,238,023					
Total Fixed Assets	\$	9,022,200	\$	9,861,431					
Investments at Market Value									
Fixed Income	\$	271,051,232	\$	268,798,688					
Equities		1,215,469,223		968,222,097					
Collateral on Loaned Securities		66,220,680		81,116,101					
Other		1,156,229,546		1,217,916,435					
Total Investments	\$	2,708,970,681	\$	2,536,053,321					
Liabilities									
Accounts Payable	\$	(13,927,586)	\$	(15,309,238)					
Security Transactions Payable		(101,246,842)		(988,077)					
Collateral Held for Loaned Securities		(66,220,680)		(81,116,101)					
Other		(395,000)		(395,000)					
Total Liabilities	\$	(181,790,108)	\$	(97,808,416)					
Market Value of Assets	\$	2,730,597,870	\$	2,526,425,344					



SECTION III – ASSETS

Changes in Market Value

The components of asset change are:

- Contributions (employers and employee)
- Benefit payments
- Expenses (investment and administrative)
- Investment income (realized and unrealized)

Table III-2 on the next page shows the components of change in the Market Value of Assets during the fiscal years ending June 30, 2021 and June 30, 2022.



SECTION III – ASSETS

	ble III-2			
Changes in				
	Fi	iscal Year ending	Fi	iscal Year ending
<u>Additions</u>		<u>June 30, 2021</u>		<u>June 30, 2022</u>
Contributions				
Employer's Contribution	\$	93,307,629	\$	100,768,249
Members' Contributions		29,553,123		29,998,079
Total Contributions	\$	122,860,752	\$	130,766,328
Net Investment Income				
Net Appreciation/(Depreciation) in				
Fair Value of Investments	\$	528,077,801	\$	(191,378,355)
Interest and Dividends	Ψ	43,335,298	Ψ	49,088,179
Commission Recapture		28,983		32,929
Other Investment Income		247,712		699,924
Total Investment Income	<u> </u>	571,689,794	\$	(141,557,323)
Investment Expense	Ψ	(15,886,559)	Ψ	(27,898,500)
Net Investment Income	\$	555,803,235	\$	(169,455,823)
Securities Lending Activities				
Securities Lending Income	\$	560,422	\$	432,050
Expenses from Securities Lending Activities	Ф	(168,008)	Ф	(130,119)
Net Securities Lending Income		392,414	_	301,931
Total Net Investment Income	\$	556,195,649	\$	(169,153,892)
Total Additions	\$	679,056,401	\$	(38,387,564)
<u>Deductions</u>				
Benefits	\$	149,015,287	\$	158,258,447
Refunds		1,915,614		4,050,751
Administrative Costs		3,393,869	_	3,475,764
Total Deductions	\$	154,324,770	\$	165,784,962
Net Increase/(Decrease)	\$	524,731,631	\$	(204,172,526)
Net Assets Beginning of Year	\$	2,205,866,239	\$	2,730,597,870
Net Assets End of Year	\$	2,730,597,870	\$	2,526,425,344
Approximate Return		25.40%		-6.23%



SECTION III – ASSETS

Actuarial Value of Assets (AVA)

The Actuarial Value of Assets represents a "smoothed" value developed by the actuary to reduce the volatile results that could develop due to short-term fluctuations in the Market Value of Assets. For this Plan, the Actuarial Value of Assets is calculated on a modified market-related value. The Market Value of Assets is adjusted to recognize, over a five-year period, investment earnings which are greater than (or less than) the assumed investment return. However, in no event will the Actuarial Value of Assets be less than 80% or more than 120% of market value on the valuation date.

The Valuation Assets are the portion of the Actuarial Assets dedicated to funding the basic pension benefits. The Valuation Assets exclude the value of any non-valuation reserves, such as reserves established for legal contingencies. The Valuation Assets also exclude the value of any non-valuation contingency reserves, which have been established according to the Board's funding policy. In valuations prior to the June 30, 2014 valuation, a reserve associated with the Burial Allowance was excluded from the Valuation Assets; both the assets and liabilities associated with this benefit are included in this valuation.

The table on the following page shows the development of the actuarial asset and valuation assets values.



SECTION III – ASSETS

Table III-3 Development of Actuarial Value of Assets for 6/30/2022								
Item	JU/ 2U2	Total						
1. Market Value as of 6/30/2021	\$	2,730,597,870						
2. Non-Investment Cash Flow for 2021-2022		(35,018,634)						
3. Expected Return in 2021-2022		183,152,776						
4. Expected Market Value as of 6/30/2022: (1 + 2 + 3)	\$	2,878,732,012						
5. Actual Return in 2021-2022		(169,153,892)						
6. Actual Return Above Expected in 2021-2022: (5 - 3)	Φ.	(352,306,668)						
7. Market Value as of 6/30/2022	\$	2,526,425,344						
8. Deferred Recognition of Returns Above Expected		(201.045.004)						
A. 2021-2022 (80% of -\$352,306,668)		(281,845,334)						
B. 2020-2021 (60% of \$402,867,628)		241,720,577						
C. 2019-2020 (40% of -\$135,361,964)		(54,144,786)						
D. 2018-2019 (20% of -\$48,987,388)	Φ.	(9,797,478)						
E. Total	\$	(104,067,021)						
9. Preliminary Actuarial Value of Assets: (7 - 8E)	\$	2,630,492,365						
10. Corridor LimitA. 80% of Net Market ValueB. 120% of Net Market Value		2,021,140,275 3,031,710,413						
11. Actuarial Value after Corridor as of 6/30/202212. Rate of Return on Actuarial Value of Assets	\$	2,630,492,365 6.37%						
13. Ratio of Actuarial Value to Market Value: (11 ÷ 7)		104.1%						
14. Special (Non Valuation) Reserves: A. Health Insurance Reserves B. Special COL Reserve C. Legal Contingency Reserve D. Tier 3 Disability Reserve E. Contingency Reserve F. Total Special Reserves (Market Value)	\$	0 0 1,476,426 1,560 25,190,780 26,668,766						
15. Adjusted Total Special Reserves (104.1% of Market, Except Contingency)	\$	26,729,646						
16. Pension Reserves at Actuarial Value (Valuation Assets): (11 - 15)	\$	2,603,762,719						



SECTION III – ASSETS

Historical Investment Performance

The table shows the historical annual asset returns on a market value, actuarial value, and valuation asset basis, as well as the increase in the Consumer Price Index (CPI) since 1997. Note that the returns prior to 2013 are expressed net of investment and administrative expenses; the returns for 2013 and all following years are expressed net of investment expenses only.

Table III-4 Net Return on Assets vs. Increase in Consumer Price Index									
Year Ended June 30	Net Return at Market Value	Net Return at Actuarial Value	Net Return at Valuation Assets	Increase in Consumer Price Index ¹					
1997	20.4%			2.3%					
1998	13.4%			1.7%					
1999	10.6%			2.0%					
2000	6.3%			3.7%					
2001	7.0%			3.2%					
2002	-4.5%			1.1%					
2003	5.2%		4.9%	2.1%					
2004	6.1%		6.3%	3.3%					
2005	8.2%		5.5%	2.5%					
2006	9.9%		10.8%	4.3%					
2007	16.0%	10.8%	0.6%	2.7%					
2008	-8.5%	8.0%	16.7%	5.0%					
2009	-17.2%	-9.6%	-9.4%	-1.4%					
2010	15.6%	13.0%	14.7%	1.1%					
2011	22.1%	3.5%	4.2%	3.6%					
2012	0.1%	6.4%	6.5%	1.7%					
2013	13.9%	7.0%	7.2%	1.8%					
2014	18.0%	9.4%	9.5%	2.1%					
2015	3.9%	9.1%	9.0%	0.1%					
2016	-1.7%	6.3%	6.3%	1.0%					
2017	14.4%	8.3%	8.4%	1.6%					
2018	7.8%	7.9%	7.9%	2.9%					
2019	4.7%	5.6%	5.6%	1.6%					
2020	0.8%	5.0%	5.1%	0.6%					
2021	25.4%	9.8%	9.9%	5.4%					
2022	-6.2%	6.4%	6.3%	9.1%					
25-Year Compound Average	6.4%	N/A	N/A	2.5%					
20-Year Compound Average	6.4%	N/A	6.7%	2.5%					
15-Year Compound Average	5.5%	6.3%	7.0%	2.4%					
10-Year Compound Average	7.7%	7.5%	7.5%	2.6%					
5-Year Compound Average	6.0%	6.9%	6.9%	3.9%					

¹ Based on All Urban Consumers - U.S. City Average, June indices.



SECTION III – ASSETS

Allocation of Actuarial Value of Assets by Cost-Sharing Group

The following table shows the allocation of the Actuarial Value of Assets between the four cost-sharing groups, which covers the employer subgroups (County / Former County Members and City of Ceres / Special District Members) as well as the valuation subgroups (General and Safety). First, the actuarial asset value from the prior year for each cost-sharing group is increased by employee and employer contributions and decreased by benefit payments and expenses. Expected returns are added to get an expected asset value. A final adjustment is applied for the actual (smoothed) investment returns, proportionate to each groups' share of the expected assets, such that the sum of the valuation assets allocated to each group equals the total of the valuation assets for StanCERA. These AVA values are used to calculate each group's UAL and the associated amortization payment.

This is the first year using this allocation method. The change allows for the roll-forward of assets on a consistent basis, without requiring adjustments when there are changes in assumptions or in the covered population. Previously, the valuation assets were allocated by employer subgroup by first covering the liability associated with the inactive members and the refundable contribution balances for active members, and then allocating the remaining assets based on each subgroup's share of the active liability. Within the employer subgroups, the valuation assets were allocated between Safety and General groups based on liability.

	Table III-5 Allocation of June 30, 2022 Actuarial Value of Assets (in thousands)											
			Gen				Saf	fety			Total	
		County and Former County				County and Former County		Ceres and Other Districts				
1.	Actuarial Value of Assets									\$	2,603,763	
2.	Allocated Actuarial Value of Assets as of 6/30/2021	\$	1,722,514	\$	53,675	\$	635,713	\$	71,810	\$	2,483,712	
3.	Contributions for 2021-2022		87,335		3,607		35,837		3,987		130,766	
4.	Benefit Payments for 2021-2022		(117,552)		(3,264)		(37,873)		(3,620)		(162,309)	
5.	Allocated Administrative Expenses for 2021-2022		(2,271)		(91)		(996)		(118)		(3,476)	
6.	Non-Investment Cash Flow for 2021-2022 $[3+4+5]$	\$	(32,489)	\$	252	\$	(3,031)	\$	249	\$	(35,019)	
7.	Expected Return in 2021-2022		115,191		3,631		42,810		4,855		166,488	
8.	Expected Assets as of $6/30/2022$ [2 + 6 + 7]	\$	1,805,216	\$	57,559	\$	675,492	\$	76,915	\$	2,615,181	
9.	Net Assets for Distribution [1 - 8]									\$	(11,419)	
10.	Allocation of Net Assets		69.03%		2.20%		25.83%		2.94%		100.00%	
11.	Remaining Assets		(7,882)		(251)		(2,949)		(336)		(11,419)	
12.	Actuarial Value of Assets [8 + 11]	\$	1,797,334	\$	57,307	\$	672,542	\$	76,579	\$	2,603,763	



SECTION IV – LIABILITIES

In this section, we present detailed information on Plan liabilities including:

- **Disclosure** of Plan liabilities on June 30, 2021 and June 30, 2022,
- Statement of **changes** in these liabilities during the year.

Disclosure

Several types of liabilities are calculated and presented in this report. Each type is distinguished by the people ultimately using the figures and the purpose for which they are using them. Note that these liabilities are not applicable for settlement purposes, including the purchase of annuities and the payment of lump sums.

- **Present Value of Future Benefits:** Used for measuring all future Plan obligations, represents the amount of money needed today to fully fund all benefits of the Plan both earned as of the valuation date and those to be earned in the future by current Plan participants, under the current Plan provisions.
- Actuarial Liability: Used for funding calculations, this liability is calculated taking
 the Present Value of Future Benefits and subtracting the present value of future
 Member Contributions and future Employer Normal Costs under an acceptable
 actuarial funding method. The method used for this Plan is called the Entry Age
 Normal (EAN) funding method.
- **Unfunded Actuarial Liability:** The excess of the Actuarial Liability over the Actuarial Value of Assets.

Table IV-1 on the following page discloses each of these liabilities for the current and prior valuations. With respect to each disclosure, a subtraction of the appropriate value of Plan assets yields, for each respective type, a **net surplus**, or an **Unfunded Actuarial Liability**.



SECTION IV – LIABILITIES

Table IV-1 Present Value of Future Benefits and Actuarial Liability (in thousands)												
										ne 30, 2022	Ju	ne 30, 2021
		General Safety								Total		Total
	С	ounty and		Ceres and		ounty and	•	Ceres and		Total	_	Total
		Former		Other		Former		Other				
		County	Districts		County			Districts				
Present Value of Future Benefits												
Actives	\$	1,116,871	\$	38,163	\$	463,763	\$	42,207	\$	1,661,005	\$	1,556,363
Terminated Vested		136,246		8,936		48,674		23,228		217,084		206,338
Retirees		1,289,183		38,964		425,437		39,239		1,792,823		1,654,064
Disabled		46,929		2,162		84,574		12,104		145,770		141,014
Beneficiaries		79,882		1,814		35,567		2,230		119,493		108,480
Total StanCERA	\$	2,669,112	\$	90,040	\$	1,058,016	\$	119,008	\$	3,936,175	\$	3,666,259
Actuarial Liability												
Total Present Value of Benefits Present Value of Future Normal Costs	\$	2,669,112	\$	90,040	\$	1,058,016	\$	119,008	\$	3,936,175	\$	3,666,259
Employer Portion		193,769		8,812		89,130		7,406		299,117		276,857
Employee Portion		166,786		6,919		78,322		5,477		257,504		236,370
Actuarial Liability	\$	2,308,557	\$	74,309	\$	890,563	\$	106,124	\$	3,379,554	\$	3,153,032
Actuarial Value of Assets	\$	1,797,334	\$	57,307	\$	672,542	\$	76,579	\$	2,603,763	\$	2,483,712
AVA Funded Ratio		77.9%		77.1%		75.5%		72.2%		77.0%		78.8%
Unfunded Actuarial Liability/(Surplus)	\$	511,223	\$	17,002	\$	218,021	\$	29,545	\$	775,791	\$	669,320



SECTION IV – LIABILITIES

The table shows the Actuarial Liabilities for each of the valuation cost-sharing groups, split by members' status.

Table IV-2 Liabilities by Group as of June 30, 2022 (in thousands)											
	General Safety									Total	
	C	ounty and Former County		eres and Other Districts	County and Former County		Former Ot				
Actuarial Liability											
Actives	\$	756,317	\$	22,433	\$	296,310	\$	29,324	\$	1,104,384	
Terminated Vested		136,246		8,936		48,674		23,228		217,084	
Retirees		1,289,183		38,964		425,437		39,239		1,792,823	
Disabled		46,929		2,162		84,574		12,104		145,770	
Beneficiaries		79,882		1,814		35,567		2,230		119,493	
Total	\$	2,308,557	\$	74,309	\$	890,563	\$	106,124	\$	3,379,554	



SECTION IV – LIABILITIES

Changes in Liabilities

Each of the Liabilities disclosed in the prior tables are expected to change at each valuation. The components of that change, depending upon which liability is analyzed, can include:

- New hires since the last valuation
- Benefits accrued since the last valuation
- Plan amendments increasing benefits
- Passage of time which adds interest to the prior liability
- Benefits paid to retirees since the last valuation
- Participants retiring, terminating, or dying at rates different than expected
- A change in actuarial or investment assumptions
- A change in the actuarial funding method

Unfunded liabilities will change because of all of the above, and also due to changes in Plan assets resulting from:

- Employer contributions different than expected
- Investment earnings different than expected
- A change in the method used to measure Plan assets

	Table IV-3							
	Development of 2022 Experience Gain/(Loss)							
	(in millions)		~ .					
	Item		Cost					
1.	Unfunded Actuarial Liability at June 30, 2021	\$	669.3					
2.	Middle of year actuarial liability payment		(59.4)					
3.	Interest to end of year on 1 and 2		43.2					
4.	Expected Unfunded Actuarial Liability at June 30, 2022 (1+2+3)	\$	653.1					
5.	Actual Unfunded Liability at June 30, 2022		775.8					
6.	Experience Loss: (4 - 5)	\$	(122.7)					
7.	Portion of experience loss due to:							
	A. Investment experience	\$	(11.4)					
	B. Contribution (shortfall)/excess		3.8					
	C. Other experience		(115.1)					
	D. Total		(122.7)					



SECTION V – CONTRIBUTIONS

In the process of evaluating the financial condition of any pension plan, the actuary analyzes the assets and liabilities to determine what level of contributions is needed to properly maintain the funding status of the Plan. Typically, the actuarial process will use a funding technique that will result in a pattern of contributions that are both stable and predictable.

For this Plan, the actuarial funding method used to determine the Normal Cost and the Unfunded Actuarial Liability is the **Entry Age Normal (EAN)** cost method. There are three components to the total contribution: the **Normal Cost rate** (employee and employer), the **Unfunded Actuarial Liability rate** (UAL rate), and the **Administrative Expense** contribution.

The Normal Cost rate is determined in the following steps. First, an individual Normal Cost rate is determined by taking the value, as of entry age into the Plan, of each member's projected future benefits. This value is then divided by the value, also at entry age, of the member's expected future salary producing a Normal Cost rate that should remain relatively constant over a member's career.

The total normal cost is computed by adding the expected dollar amount of each active member's normal cost for the current year – known as the Individual Entry Age Method. The total normal cost is adjusted with interest to the middle of the year, to reflect the fact that the normal cost contributions are paid throughout the year as member payroll payments are made. Finally, the total Normal Cost rate is reduced by the member contribution rate to produce the employer Normal Cost rate. The member contribution rate for each subgroup is determined by adding the expected contributions for each member and dividing by the projected pay for each subgroup.

The EAN Actuarial Liability is calculated by subtracting the present value of future total normal cost from the Present Value of Future Benefits (as described at the beginning of Section IV).

The Unfunded Actuarial Liability (UAL) is the difference between the EAN Actuarial Liability and the Actuarial Value of Assets. The UAL payment is determined using the following pieces, and then divided by the projected payroll to calculate a UAL rate:

- The initial UAL as of June 30, 2021 is amortized over a period of 15 years (14 years remaining as of June 30, 2022) as level percentage of payroll, and
- Any subsequent unexpected changes in the UAL from actuarial gains or losses or assumptions changes are amortized over a period of 20 years as a level percentage of payroll, with new amortization layers established each year, and
- Any subsequent changes in the UAL due to plan amendments or other plan provision changes will be amortized over a shorter period, based on the lesser of 15 years or the average future working lifetime for changes affecting active members, or the lesser of 10 years or the average remaining life expectancy for changes affecting inactive members.

Administrative expenses are assumed to be \$3.2 million per year as of June 30, 2022, increasing 2.75% per annum. All administrative expenses are included with the employer's required contribution.



SECTION V – CONTRIBUTIONS

The table below presents the calculation of the contribution rates for the Plan for this valuation and compares the total contribution rate with the prior year rate. The tables on the following pages contain more details on the calculation of the UAL amortization payments, as well as details on the calculation of the contribution rates for each group and tier.

Table V-1 Development of the Net Employer Contribution Rate as of June 30, 2022 for FYE 2024										
	Gen	June 30, 2021 COMPOSITE								
	County and Former County	Ceres and Other Districts	County and Former County	Ceres and Other Districts						
1. Total Normal Cost Rate	18.07%	20.40%	29.66%	33.83%	20.74%	20.95%				
2. Member Contribution Rate	<u>8.63%</u>	<u>9.17%</u>	<u>13.57%</u>	14.44%	<u>9.74%</u>	<u>9.77%</u>				
3. Employer Normal Cost Rate (1-2)	9.44%	11.23%	16.09%	19.39%	11.00%	11.18%				
4. UAL Amortization	18.39%	15.46%	28.97%	50.56%	20.96%	19.40%				
5. Administrative Expense Rate	0.83%	0.79%	1.34%	2.08%	<u>0.95%</u>	<u>1.01%</u>				
6. Net Employer Contribution Rate (3+4+5)	28.66%	27.48%	46.40%	72.03%	32.91%	31.59%				



SECTION V – CONTRIBUTIONS

Table V-2 summarizes the UAL rates for the Plan and its cost-sharing groups. The single equivalent amortization period (i.e., the length of time required to amortize the overall UAL as a level percentage of payroll based on the total current amortization payment) is approximately 15 years for StanCERA.

Table V-2 Development of UAL Amortization Rates											
		Gene		1		Sa	Safety			TOTAL	
		County and	Ce	res and Other		County and	Ce	eres and Other			
	F	ormer County		Districts	F	ormer County		Districts			
Projected Payroll	\$	250,620,858	\$	10,091,237	\$	67,769,960	\$	5,291,528	\$	333,773,583	
Unfunded Actuarial Liability (AVA)	\$	511,223,014	\$	17,001,591	\$	218,021,123	\$	29,545,345	\$	775,791,073	
UAL Amortization Payment	\$	46,081,411	\$	1,559,797	\$	19,630,053	\$	2,675,499	\$	69,946,759	
UAL Amortization Rate		18.39%		15.46%		28.97%		50.56%		20.96%	



SECTION V – CONTRIBUTIONS

Tables V-3 through V-6 show the calculation of the UAL amortization payments for each cost-sharing group.

TABLE V-3 Development of UAL Amortization Payment General - County and Former County										
Type of Base	Date Established	Initial Amount	Initial Amortization Years		6/30/2022 Outstanding Balance	Remaining Amortization Years	Amortization Amount			
Charges/(Credits)										
1. 6/30/2021 Initial UAL	6/30/2021 \$	440,505,361	15	\$	429,834,549	14 \$	40,182,059			
2. 6/30/2022 Loss	6/30/2022	81,388,465	20	_	81,388,465	20	5,899,352			
				\$	511,223,014	15 ¹ \$	46,081,411			

TABLE V-4 Development of UAL Amortization Payment General - Ceres and Other Districts											
Initial 6/30/2022 Remaining Date Initial Amortization Outstanding Amortization Amortization Type of Base Established Amount Years Balance Years Amount											
Charges/(Credits)											
1. 6/30/2021 Initial UAL	6/30/2021 \$	15,981,192	15	\$	15,594,063	14	\$	1,457,774			
2. 6/30/2022 Loss	6/30/2022	1,407,528	20	_	1,407,528	20		102,023			
				\$	17,001,591	14 1	\$	1,559,797			

¹ Single equivalent amortization period (i.e., the length of time required to amortize the overall UAL as a level percentage of payroll based on the total current amortization period)



SECTION V – CONTRIBUTIONS

TABLE V-5 Development of UAL Amortization Payment Safety - County and Former County										
Type of Base	Date Established	Initial Amount	Initial Amortization Years		6/30/2022 Outstanding Balance	Remaining Amortization Years	A	Amortization Amount		
Charges/(Credits)										
1. 6/30/2021 Initial UAL	6/30/2021 \$	186,775,197	15	\$	182,250,750	14	\$	17,037,277		
2. 6/30/2022 Loss	6/30/2022	35,770,373	20	_	35,770,373	20		2,592,776		
				\$	218,021,123	15 ¹	\$	19,630,053		

	TABLE V-6 Development of UAL Amortization Payment Safety - Ceres and Other Districts										
Type of Base	Date Established	Initial Amount	Initial Amortization Years		6/30/2022 Outstanding Balance	Remaining Amortizatio Years		Amortization Amount			
Charges/(Credits)											
1. 6/30/2021 Initial UAL	6/30/2021 \$	26,058,366	15	\$	25,427,128	14	\$	2,376,994			
2. 6/30/2022 Loss	6/30/2022	4,118,217	20	_	4,118,217	20		298,504			
				\$	29,545,345	15 ¹	\$	2,675,499			

¹ Single equivalent amortization period (i.e., the length of time required to amortize the overall UAL as a level percentage of payroll based on the total current amortization period)



SECTION V – CONTRIBUTIONS

Tables V-7 and V-8 contain the calculations of the employer contribution rates for each group and tier.

Development of the General Member	Table V-7	Pata as of Iw	no 30, 2022 fe	FVF 2024		
Development of the General Member	Tier 2	Tier 3	Tier 4	Tier 5	PEPRA	TOTAL
County and Former County						
A. Total Normal Cost Rate	18.79%	3.00%	19.46%	19.63%	16.91%	18.07%
B. Member Contribution Rate	<u>8.20</u> %	0.00%	<u>4.43</u> %	<u>9.01</u> %	<u>8.45</u> %	<u>8.63%</u>
C. Employer Normal Cost Rate (A-B)	10.59%	3.00%	15.03%	10.62%	8.46%	9.44%
D. UAL Amortization Rate	18.39%	18.39%	18.39%	18.39%	18.39%	18.39%
E. Administrative Expense Rate	<u>0.86</u> %	<u>0.64</u> %	1.00%	<u>0.86</u> %	0.80%	0.83%
F. Net June 30, 2022 Contribution Rate (C+D+E)	29.84%	22.03%	34.42%	29.87%	27.65%	28.66%
Ceres and Other Districts						
A. Total Normal Cost Rate	16.80%			23.32%	18.29%	20.40%
B. Member Contribution Rate	<u>8.11</u> %			<u>9.27</u> %	<u>9.14</u> %	<u>9.17%</u>
C. Employer Normal Cost Rate (A-B)	8.69%			14.05%	9.15%	11.23%
D. UAL Amortization Rate	15.46%			15.46%	15.46%	15.46%
E. Administrative Expense Rate	0.72%			0.88%	0.73%	<u>0.79%</u>
F. Net June 30, 2022 Contribution Rate (C+D+E)	2 4.87 %			30.39%	25.34%	27.48%

Administrative expenses allocated based on projected Employer Normal Cost and UAL Amortization contributions. See Table V-9.



SECTION V – CONTRIBUTIONS

Table V-8				
Development of the Safety Member Contribution R	ate as of Jun	e 30, 2022 fo	or FYE 2024	
	Tier 2	Tier 5	PEPRA	TOTAL
County and Former County				
A. Total Normal Cost Rate	28.21%	34.66%	26.30%	29.66%
B. Member Contribution Rate	<u>12.94</u> %	<u>14.26</u> %	<u>13.15</u> %	<u>13.57%</u>
C. Employer Normal Cost Rate (A-B)	15.27%	20.40%	13.15%	16.09%
D. UAL Amortization Rate	28.97%	28.97%	28.97%	28.97%
E. Administrative Expense Rate	<u>1.32</u> %	<u>1.47</u> %	<u>1.25</u> %	<u>1.34%</u>
F. Net June 30, 2022 Contribution Rate (C+D+E)	45.56%	50.84%	43.37%	46.40%
Ceres and Other Districts				
A. Total Normal Cost Rate		35.98%	29.54%	33.83%
B. Member Contribution Rate		14.28%	<u>14.77</u> %	<u>14.44%</u>
C. Employer Normal Cost Rate (A-B)		21.70%	14.77%	19.39%
D. UAL Amortization Rate		50.56%	50.56%	50.56%
E. Administrative Expense Rate		<u>2.15</u> %	<u>1.95</u> %	<u>2.08%</u>
F. Net June 30, 2022 Contribution Rate (C+D+E)		74.41%	67.28%	72.03%

Administrative expenses allocated based on projected Employer Normal Cost and UAL Amortization contributions. See Table V-10.

Tables V-9 and V-10 show the allocation of the administrative expense for each group and tier. The administrative expense is allocated to each group and tier based on its share of the projected employer contributions prior to inclusion of the administrative expense.



SECTION V – CONTRIBUTIONS

			Tal	ole V-9								
Development of the Genera	l Mei		istra		Ra		30,		E 20			
		Tier 2		Tier 3		Tier 4		Tier 5		PEPRA		TOTAL
County and Former County	_		_				_				_	
A. Projected Payroll for FYE 2023	\$	16,862,417	\$	532,779	\$	125,891	\$	97,358,927	\$	135,740,844	\$	250,620,858
B. Employer Normal Cost Rate		10.59%		3.00%		15.03%		10.62%		8.46%		
C. UAL Amortization Rate		<u>18.39</u> %		<u>18.39</u> %		<u>18.39</u> %		<u>18.39</u> %		18.39%		
D. Employer Contribution Rate												
Prior to Administrative Expense (B+C)		28.98%		21.39%		33.42%		29.01%		26.85%		
E. Projected Employer Contribution for FYE 2023												
Prior to Administrative Expense												
1. Normal Cost (A*B)	\$	1,785,730	\$	15,983	\$	18,922	\$	10,339,518	\$	11,483,676	\$	23,643,829
2. UAL Amortization (A*C)		3,100,998		97,978		23,151		17,904,307		24,962,741		46,089,175
3. Total Prior to Administrative Expense (A*D)	\$	4,886,728	\$	113,961	\$	42,073	\$	28,243,825	\$	36,446,417	\$	69,733,004
F. Allocated Administrative Expense	\$	145,512	\$	3,393	\$	1,253	\$	841,016	\$	1,085,264	\$	2,076,439
G. Administrative Expense Rate (F÷A)		0.86%		0.64%		1.00%		0.86%		0.80%		, ,
H. Projected Employer Contribution for FYE 2023												
Due to Administrative Expense (A*G)	\$	145,017	\$	3,410	\$	1,259	\$	837,287	\$	1,085,927	\$	2,072,900
Ceres and Other Districts												
A. Projected Payroll for FYE 2023	\$	268,799					\$	4,290,750	\$	5,531,688	\$	10,091,237
B. Employer Normal Cost Rate		8.69%						14.05%		9.15%		
C. UAL Amortization Rate		<u>15.46</u> %						15.46%		<u>15.46</u> %		
D. Employer Contribution Rate												
Prior to Administrative Expense (B+C)		24.15%						29.51%		24.61%		
E. Projected Employer Contribution for FYE 2023												
Prior to Administrative Expense												
1. Normal Cost (A*B)	\$	23,359					\$	602,850	\$	506,149	\$	1,132,358
2. UAL Amortization (A*C)		41,556						663,350		855,199		1,560,105
3. Total Prior to Administrative Expense (A*D)	\$	64,915					\$	1,266,200	\$	1,361,348	\$	2,692,463
F. Allocated Administrative Expense	\$	1,933					\$	37,704	\$	40,537	\$	80,173
G. Administrative Expense Rate (F÷A)		0.72%						0.88%		0.73%		•
H. Projected Employer Contribution for FYE 2023												
Due to Administrative Expense (A*G)	\$	1,935					\$	37,759	\$	40,381	\$	80,075



SECTION V – CONTRIBUTIONS

	Table	V-10						
Development of the Safety Member Admini		e Expense R	ate), 2	022 for FYE	2024	
		Tier 2		Tier 5		PEPRA		TOTAL
County and Former County								
A. Projected Payroll for FYE 2023	\$	3,665,818	\$	27,020,662	\$	37,083,480	\$	67,769,960
B. Employer Normal Cost Rate		15.27%		20.40%		13.15%		
C. UAL Amortization Rate		<u>28.97</u> %		<u>28.97</u> %		<u>28.97</u> %		
D. Employer Contribution Rate								
Prior to Administrative Expense (B+C)		44.24%		49.37%		42.12%		
E. Projected Employer Contribution for FYE 2023								
Prior to Administrative Expense								
1. Normal Cost (A*B)	\$	559,771	\$	5,512,215	\$	4,876,478	\$	10,948,464
2. UAL Amortization (A*C)		1,061,987		7,827,886		10,743,084		19,632,957
3. Total Prior to Administrative Expense (A*D)	\$	1,621,758	\$	13,340,101	\$	15,619,562	\$	30,581,421
F. Allocated Administrative Expense	\$	48,291	\$	397,228	\$	465,103	\$	910,623
G. Administrative Expense Rate (F÷A)		1.32%		1.47%		1.25%		
H. Projected Employer Contribution for FYE 2023								
Due to Administrative Expense (A*G)	\$	48,389	\$	397,204	\$	463,544	\$	909,137
Ceres and Other Districts								
A. Projected Payroll for FYE 2023			\$	3,550,996	\$	1,740,532	\$	5,291,528
B. Employer Normal Cost Rate				21.70%		14.77%		
C. UAL Amortization Rate				<u>50.56</u> %		<u>50.56</u> %		
D. Employer Contribution Rate								
Prior to Administrative Expense (B+C)				72.26%		65.33%		
E. Projected Employer Contribution for FYE 2023								
Prior to Administrative Expense								
1. Normal Cost (A*B)			\$	770,566	\$	257,077	\$	1,027,643
2. UAL Amortization (A*C)				1,795,384		880,013		2,675,397
3. Total Prior to Administrative Expense (A*D)			\$	2,565,950	\$	1,137,090	\$	3,703,040
F. Allocated Administrative Expense			\$	76,406	\$	33,859	\$	110,265
G. Administrative Expense Rate (F÷A)				2.15%		1.95%		
H. Projected Employer Contribution for FYE 2023								
Due to Administrative Expense (A*G)			\$	76,346	\$	33,940	\$	110,286



SECTION VI – REQUIRED ACFR EXHIBITS

The GASB adopted Statement Nos. 67 and 68, which replaced GASB Statement Nos. 25 and 27. The disclosures needed to satisfy GASB requirements can be found in the StanCERA GASB 67/68 Report as of June 30, 2022.

In accordance with Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) and their recommended checklist for Annual Comprehensive Financial Reports (ACFRs), we continue to prepare several schedules for the Plan that are not included in the GASB report.

The Schedule of Funded Liabilities by Type (Table VI-1, formerly referred to as the Solvency Test) shows the portion of actuarial liabilities for active member contributions, inactive members, and the employer-financed portion of the active members covered by the Actuarial Value of Assets. The Actuarial Liability is determined assuming that the Plan is ongoing and participants continue to terminate employment, retire, etc., in accordance with the actuarial assumptions, including a 6.75% discount rate for the most recent valuation.

The information needed to prepare the Actuarial Gain/Loss exhibit can now be found in Table II-1 (Unfunded Actuarial Liability Change by Source) in the Disclosures Related to Risk section. Each year there will be a gain or loss due to both assets and liabilities. In addition, there can be gains or losses due to changes in plan provisions or due to the adoption of new assumptions or methods. Finally, the unfunded liability will change based on whether the contributions exceed the interest on the unfunded liability plus the normal cost. A negative number in this column ("Contributions") indicates that the contributions in the given year are greater than the interest on the unfunded liability plus the normal cost, and thus reduce the unfunded liability.

We have also included a Schedule of Funding Progress (Table VI-2), showing the historical assets, liabilities, and funded ratios for the Plan, along with the covered payroll and the Unfunded Actuarial Liability as a percent of payroll.



SECTION VI – REQUIRED ACFR EXHIBITS

			Tab	le VI-1				
		SCHED		ED LIABILITIE	S BY TYPE			
	(4)	(2)		in thousands)				
	(1)	(2)	(3) Active			Portio	n of Actua	riol
Valuation	Active	Retirees	And	Actuarial			lities Cove	
Date	Member	And	Terminated	Accrued	Valuation		ported As	
June 30,	Contributions	Beneficiaries	Members	Liabilities ⁴	Assets	(1)	(2)	(3)
2003	\$ 176,622	\$ 455,784	\$ 325,689	\$ 958,095	\$ 928,022	100%	100%	91%
2004	166,806	518,922	349,617	1,035,345	993,180	100%	100%	88%
2005	205,556	551,810	358,994	1,116,310	1,049,691	100%	100%	81%
2006 1	219,907	619,109	355,888	1,194,904	1,154,048	100%	100%	89%
2008^{2}	272,657	739,838	536,329	1,548,824	1,317,167	100%	100%	57%
2009	298,342	781,082	574,292	1,653,716	1,171,767	100%	100%	16%
2010	323,940	829,323	584,561	1,737,824	1,325,801	100%	100%	30%
2011	337,201	897,384	523,133	1,757,718	1,372,046	100%	100%	26%
2012	351,569	987,546	549,598	1,888,713	1,451,764	100%	100%	20%
2013 3	191,968	1,065,792	661,466	1,919,227	1,524,076	100%	100%	40%
2014	193,301	1,144,734	688,335	2,026,371	1,644,077	100%	100%	44%
2015	196,074	1,337,781	857,667	2,391,522	1,763,629	100%	100%	27%
2016	200,960	1,427,166	908,941	2,537,067	1,845,764	100%	100%	24%
2017	206,386	1,510,151	931,625	2,648,162	1,968,231	100%	100%	27%
2018	213,223	1,590,078	945,767	2,749,068	2,100,278	100%	100%	31%
2019	219,369	1,695,484	982,369	2,897,223	2,199,956	100%	100%	29%
2020	222,390	1,833,388	972,868	3,028,647	2,290,287	100%	100%	24%
2021	224,594	1,903,558	1,024,880	3,153,032	2,483,712	100%	100%	35%
2022	224,213	2,058,086	1,097,255	3,379,554	2,603,763	100%	100%	29%

¹ Results recalculated, reflecting Level 1 assumption changes (new retirement, termination and withdrawal decrements) & new EFI EAN methodology.

⁴ The GFOA checklist uses the term Actuarial Accrued Liability, which is the same as the Actuarial Liability used elsewhere in this report.



² Reflects transfer as of June 30, 2008 of \$50 million from Non-Valuation to Valuation Reserves.

³ Reflects change to include only refundable contribution balance.

SECTION VI – REQUIRED ACFR EXHIBITS

		Schedu	Table VI-2 de of Funding Pr	ogress		
Actuarial Valuation Date 1	Valuation Assets	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) ³	Unfunded AAL	Funded Ratio	Covered Payroll	Unfunded AAL as a % of Covered Payroll
2008	\$ 1,317,167,000	\$ 1,548,824,000	\$ 231,657,000	85.0%	\$ 275,580,000	84.1%
2009	1,171,767,000	1,653,716,000	481,949,000	70.9%	248,316,000	194.1%
2010	1,325,801,000	1,737,824,000	412,023,000	76.3%	248,830,473	165.6%
2011	1,372,046,000	1,757,718,000	385,672,000	78.1%	226,706,796	170.1%
2012	1,451,764,000	1,888,713,000	436,949,000	76.9%	220,918,009	197.8%
2013	1,524,076,000	1,919,227,000	395,151,000	79.4%	219,028,318	180.4%
2014	1,644,077,000	2,026,371,000	382,294,000	81.1%	223,028,288	171.4%
2015	1,763,629,000	2,391,522,000	627,893,000	73.7%	237,717,727	264.1%
2016	1,845,764,000	2,537,067,000	691,303,000	72.8%	250,447,580	276.0%
2017	1,968,231,000	2,648,162,000	679,931,000	74.3%	256,143,684	265.4%
2018	2,100,278,000	2,749,068,000	648,790,000	76.4%	270,755,220	239.6%
2019	2,199,956,000	2,897,223,000	697,267,000	75.9%	284,008,303	245.5%
2020	2,290,287,000	3,028,647,000	738,360,000	75.6%	285,326,282	258.8%
2021	2,483,712,000	3,153,032,000	669,320,000	78.8%	291,650,438	229.5%
2022	2,603,763,000	3,379,554,000	775,791,000	77.0%	303,594,687	255.5%

¹ Excludes value of Non-Valuation Reserves.



² Includes \$50 million transferred from Non-Valuation Reserves as of June 30, 2008.

³ The GFOA checklist uses the term Actuarial Accrued Liability, which is the same as the Actuarial Liability used elsewhere in this report.

APPENDIX A – MEMBERSHIP INFORMATION

The data for this valuation was provided by StanCERA as of June 30, 2022. Cheiron did not audit any of the data. However, we performed an informal examination of the obvious characteristics of the data for reasonableness and consistency in accordance with Actuarial Standard of Practice No. 23, Data Quality.

Active, Vested, and In Payment Member Data as of June 30, 2022

	General N	<u> Members</u>	Safety M	embers	Tot	al
	7/1/2021	7/1/2022	7/1/2021	7/1/2022	7/1/2021	7/1/2022
Active Participants						
Number	3,555	3,566	766	757	4,321	4,323
Average Age	44.78	44.50	37.31	37.31	43.46	43.24
Average Service	10.54	10.13	9.93	10.16	10.43	10.14
Average Pay (does not reflect	\$ 64,176	\$ 66,539	\$ 82,905	\$ 87,603	\$ 67,496	\$ 70,228
impact of furloughs)						
Service Retired						
Number	2,997	3,094	501	526	3,498	3,620
Average Age	70.51	70.78	64.19	64.14	69.61	69.82
Average Annual Total Benefit	\$ 33,879	\$ 35,084	\$ 60,435	\$ 61,891	\$ 37,682	\$ 38,979
Beneficiaries						
Number	390	422	118	126	508	548
Average Age	73.26	73.03	67.51	67.79	71.92	71.82
Average Annual Total Benefit	\$ 21,321	\$ 21,792	\$ 32,093	\$ 32,252	\$ 23,823	\$ 24,197
Duty Disabled						
Number	90	86	142	141	232	227
Average Age	69.26	69.55	60.03	60.30	63.61	63.80
Average Annual Total Benefit	\$ 26,644	\$ 27,948	\$ 41,405	\$ 42,171	\$ 35,679	\$ 36,782
Ordinary Disabled						
Number	71	74	7	7	78	81
Average Age	66.01	66.32	63.00	64.00	65.74	66.12
Average Annual Total Benefit	\$ 19,513	\$ 20,365	\$ 26,678	\$ 27,478	\$ 20,156	\$ 20,980
Total In Pay						
Number	3,548	3,676	768	800	4,316	4,476
Average Age	70.69	70.92	63.92	64.04	69.49	69.69
Average Annual Total Benefit	\$ 32,027	\$ 33,095	\$ 52,254	\$ 53,446	\$ 35,627	\$ 36,733
Terminated Vested						
Number	445	521	74	84	519	605
Average Age	48.88	48.00	42.95	42.36	48.04	47.21
Average Service	10.54	10.75	9.97	9.87	10.46	10.63
Transfers						
Number	536	508	212	204	748	712
Average Age	46.88	47.17	41.40	41.93	45.33	45.67
Average Service	7.89	8.19	7.90	8.40	7.89	8.25
Total Deferred						
Number	981	1,029	286	288	1,267	1,317
Average Age	47.79	47.59	41.80	42.05	46.44	46.38
Average Service	9.09	9.49	8.44	8.83	8.94	9.35



APPENDIX A – MEMBERSHIP INFORMATION

Schedule of Retirees & Beneficiaries Added to and Removed from Retirement Payroll

Plan Year Ending	Added During Year	Allowance Added	Removed During Year	,	Allowance Removed	At End of Year	Annual Allowance	% Increase in Retiree Allowance	Average Annual Ilowance
2008	369	\$ 9,084,777	(148)	\$	(1,731,738)	2,666	\$ 63,296,000	19.18%	\$ 23,742
2009	156	\$ 2,168,425	(71)	\$	(647,870)	2,751	\$ 66,720,003	5.41%	\$ 24,253
2010	159	\$ 3,349,900	(80)	\$	(751,427)	2,830	\$ 71,464,735	7.11%	\$ 25,334
2011	263	\$ 4,724,416	(78)	\$	(1,194,042)	3,015	\$ 74,826,404	4.70%	\$ 25,732
2012	226	\$ 3,565,634	(99)	\$	(978,729)	3,142	\$ 80,157,222	7.12%	\$ 26,737
2013	198	\$ 6,036,138	(91)	\$	(1,144,584)	3,249	\$ 89,975,736	12.25%	\$ 27,694
2014	222	\$ 6,703,273	(86)	\$	(1,725,066)	3,385	\$ 96,405,454	7.15%	\$ 28,480
2015	237	\$ 7,778,716	(83)	\$	(2,043,313)	3,539	\$ 104,052,097	7.93%	\$ 29,402
2016	211	\$ 7,066,750	(99)	\$	(2,160,689)	3,651	\$ 111,260,240	6.93%	\$ 30,474
2017	202	\$ 6,749,973	(107)	\$	(2,471,229)	3,746	\$ 117,901,627	5.97%	\$ 31,474
2018	233	\$ 7,555,825	(123)	\$	(3,109,178)	3,856	\$ 124,995,337	6.02%	\$ 32,416
2019	242	\$ 8,421,538	(97)	\$	(2,580,158)	4,001	\$ 133,601,799	6.89%	\$ 33,392
2020	283	\$ 11,277,136	(107)	\$	(3,164,436)	4,177	\$ 144,745,530	8.34%	\$ 34,653
2021	273	\$ 9,937,557	(134)	\$	(3,802,836)	4,316	\$ 153,764,029	6.23%	\$ 35,627
2022	279	\$ 9,936,459	(119)	\$	(3,132,862)	4,476	\$ 164,415,041	6.93%	\$ 36,733



APPENDIX A – MEMBERSHIP INFORMATION

Active and Vested Participant Data as of June 30, 2022

		Co	ounty and F	ormer Coun	ty		Ceres and Other Districts General Members Safety Members Total						Total County an Former County Ceres and Othe Districts	
	General N	Aembers	Safety M	Iembers	To	tal	General I	Members	Safety N	Members	Tot	tal		
	7/1/2021	7/1/2022	7/1/2021	7/1/2022	7/1/2021	7/1/2022	7/1/2021	7/1/2022	7/1/2021	7/1/2022	7/1/2021	7/1/2022	7/1/2021	7/1/2022
Active Participants														
Number	3,418	3,419	717	707	4,135	4,126	137	147	49	50	186	197	4,321	4,323
Average Age	44.74	44.49	37.15	37.08	43.43	43.22	45.72	44.77	39.69	40.64	44.13	43.72	43.46	43.24
Average Service	10.54	10.18	9.82	9.96	10.42	10.14	10.42	9.01	11.53	12.92	10.72	10.01	10.42	10.14
Average Pay ¹	\$ 64,248	\$ 66,567	\$ 82,458	\$ 86,643	\$ 67,406	\$ 70,007	\$ 62,363	\$ 65,900	\$ 89,451	\$ 101,174	\$ 69,499	\$ 74,853	\$ 67,496	\$ 70,228
Terminated Vested														
Number	427	499	71	81	498	580	18	22	3	3	21	25	519	605
Average Age	48.99	47.97	42.82	42.40	48.11	47.19	46.44	48.59	46.00	41.33	46.38	47.72	48.04	47.21
Average Service	10.45	10.60	9.78	9.85	10.36	10.49	12.60	14.33	14.51	10.57	12.88	13.88	10.46	10.63
Transfers														
Number	490	464	138	139	628	603	46	44	74	65	120	109	748	712
Average Age	47.14	47.32	41.70	42.47	45.95	46.20	44.07	45.59	40.85	40.75	42.08	42.71	45.33	45.67
Average Service	7.85	8.16	7.35	7.96	7.74	8.12	8.26	8.48	8.93	9.34	8.68	9.00	7.89	8.25
Total Deferred														
Number	917	963	209	220	1,126	1,183	64	66	77	68	141	134	1,267	1,317
Average Age	48.00	47.66	42.08	42.45	46.90	46.69	44.73	46.59	41.05	40.78	42.72	43.64	46.44	46.38
Average Service	9.06	9.42	8.17	8.66	8.90	9.28	9.49	10.43	9.15	9.40	9.30	9.91	8.94	9.35

¹ All payroll figures shown are annual.



APPENDIX A – MEMBERSHIP INFORMATION

Active and Vested Participant Data as of June 30, 2022

County and Former County Members

						General 1	Members						$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$					
	Tie	r 1	Tie	r 2	Tie	r 3	Tie	er 4	Tie	r 5	PEF	PRA	Tie	r 2	Tie	er 5	PEI	PRA
	7/1/2021	7/1/2022	7/1/2021	7/1/2022	7/1/2021	7/1/2022	7/1/2021	7/1/2022	7/1/2021	7/1/2022	7/1/2021	7/1/2022	7/1/2021	7/1/2022	7/1/2021	7/1/2022	7/1/2021	7/1/2022
Active Participants																		
Number	0	0	206	192	8	8	2	2	1,315	1,160	1,887	2,057	36	36	267	239	414	432
Average Age	0.00	0.00	45.19	46.13	53.25	54.25	64.00	65.00	51.88	52.31	39.66	39.86	39.00	40.08	45.38	45.73	31.68	32.04
Average Service	0.00	0.00	10.73	12.03	21.55	22.42	32.41	33.41	19.71	20.48	4.05	4.11	10.49	11.52	18.43	19.13	4.25	4.80
Average Pay ¹	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 74,854	\$ 80,618	\$ 58,659	\$ 61,270	\$ 55,799	\$ 57,910	\$ 73,866	\$ 77,611	\$ 56,421	\$ 59,056	\$ 87,505	\$ 93,059	\$ 98,022	\$ 103,495	\$ 71,981	\$ 76,785
Terminated Vested																		
Number	2	2	65	69	18	17	0	0	291	309	51	102	12	10	48	51	11	20
Average Age	67.00	68.00	50.28	48.61	60.67	62.12	0.00	0.00	49.32	49.52	40.59	40.11	47.00	48.30	44.29	45.08	31.82	32.60
Average Service	9.29	9.29	8.05	8.39	13.58	13.63	0.00	0.00	11.51	12.20	6.44	6.75	6.76	7.18	11.42	11.83	5.91	6.14
Transfers																		
Number	1	0	120	109	20	13	0	0	235	227	114	115	19	18	89	90	30	31
Average Age	66.00	0.00	49.13	48.81	54.95	54.85	0.00	0.00	49.42	49.98	38.83	39.80	44.32	45.00	44.20	45.06	32.60	33.52
Average Service	9.91	0.00	4.08	4.55	22.01	25.92	0.00	0.00	11.06	11.50	2.73	3.00	4.36	4.36	9.37	10.23	3.25	3.47
Total Deferred																		
Number	3	2	185	178	38	30	0	0	526	536	165	217	31	28	137	141	41	51
Average Age	66.67	68.00	49.54	48.73	57.66	58.97	0.00	0.00	49.37	49.71	39.38	39.94	45.35	46.18	44.23	45.06	32.39	33.16
Average Service	9.50	9.29	5.47	6.04	18.02	18.95	0.00	0.00	11.31	11.90	3.87	4.76	5.29	5.37	10.09	10.81	3.96	4.52

¹ All payroll figures shown are annual.

CERES and Other District Members

		General Members													Safety I	Members		
	Tie	r 1	Tie	r 2	Tie	r 3	Tie	er 4	Tie	r 5	PEP	'RA	Tie	r 2	Tie	er 5	PEF	PRA
	7/1/2021	7/1/2022	7/1/2021	7/1/2022	7/1/2021	7/1/2022	7/1/2021	7/1/2022	7/1/2021	7/1/2022	7/1/2021	7/1/2022	7/1/2021	7/1/2022	7/1/2021	7/1/2022	7/1/2021	7/1/2022
Active Participants																		
Number	0	0	4	4	0	0	0	0	59	52	74	91	0	0	28	30	21	20
Average Age	0.00	0.00	50.00	51.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	52.07	51.52	40.42	40.64	0.00	0.00	42.43	43.03	36.05	37.05
Average Service	0.00	0.00	15.54	16.54	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	18.70	18.36	3.57	3.40	0.00	0.00	16.06	17.44	5.42	6.14
Average Pay ¹	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 61,157	\$ 65,076	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 73,755	\$ 79,756	\$ 53,347	\$ 58,020	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 104,799	\$ 114,002	\$ 68,987	\$ 81,932
Terminated Vested																		
Number	0	0	4	4	0	0	0	0	10	15	4	3	0	0	2	2	1	1
Average Age	0.00	0.00	54.75	55.75	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	46.80	48.40	37.25	40.00	0.00	0.00	44.00	45.00	50.00	34.00
Average Service	0.00	0.00	11.28	12.97	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	15.23	15.99	7.36	7.84	0.00	0.00	12.93	12.93	17.66	5.83
Transfers																		
Number	0	0	6	6	0	0	0	0	30	30	10	8	11	7	43	40	20	18
Average Age	0.00	0.00	54.33	58.17	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	43.50	44.10	39.60	41.75	52.09	50.14	42.02	42.58	32.15	33.06
Average Service	0.00	0.00	6.02	1.80	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	10.18	11.11	3.86	3.64	5.37	4.66	12.74	12.79	2.71	3.50
Total Deferred																		
Number	0	0	10	10	0	0	0	0	40	45	14	11	11	7	45	42	21	19
Average Age	0.00	0.00	54.50	57.20	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	44.33	45.53	38.93	41.27	52.09	50.14	42.11	42.69	33.00	33.11
Average Service	0.00	0.00	8.12	6.27	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	11.44	12.74	4.86	4.78	5.37	4.66	12.75	12.80	3.42	3.62

¹ All payroll figures shown are annual.



APPENDIX A – MEMBERSHIP INFORMATION

Schedule	of A	ctive	Mem	her Va	lustion	Data

Valuation Date		Number		Average Annual Salary	Increase in Average Pay
June 30, 2003		3,626	\$163,505,000	\$45,092	6.76%
June 30, 2003	Safety	637	\$34,159,000	\$53,625	3.98%
	Total	4,263	\$197,664,000	\$46,367	5.23%
June 30, 2004		3,618	\$164,462,000	\$45,457	0.81%
June 30, 2004	Safety	630	\$35,501,000	\$56,351	5.08%
	Total	4,248			1.52%
June 30, 2005		3,651	\$199,963,000	\$47,072	4.48%
June 30, 2005	Safety	687	\$173,399,000 \$38,282,000	\$47,494 \$55,723	-1.11%
	Total		\$211,681,000	\$48,797	3.66%
June 30, 2006		4,338 3,702	\$179,767,000	\$48,559	2.24%
June 30, 2000	Safety	689	\$40,001,000	\$58,057	4.19%
	Total	4,391	\$219,768,000	\$50,050	2.57%
June 30, 2008		3,719	\$230,942,000	\$62,098	27.88%
June 30, 2006	Safety	731	\$44,638,000	\$61,064	5.18%
	Total	4,450	\$275,580,000	\$61,928	23.73%
June 30, 2009		3,627	\$273,380,000	\$55,457	-10.69%
June 30, 2009	Safety	739			4.53%
	Total		\$47,172,000 \$248,316,000	\$63,832 \$56,875	
T 20 2010		4,366		\$56,875	-8.16%
June 30, 2010		3,464	\$202,200,198	\$58,372 \$68,073	5.26%
	Safety	685	\$46,630,275	\$68,073	6.64%
June 30, 2011	Total	4,149	\$248,830,473	\$59,974	5.45%
June 30, 2011		3,232	\$184,906,498	\$57,211	-1.99%
	Safety	637	\$41,800,298	\$65,621	-3.60%
I 20 2012	Total	3,869	\$226,706,796	\$58,596	-2.30%
June 30, 2012		3,233	\$179,260,736	\$55,447	-3.08%
	Safety	661	\$41,657,273	\$63,022	-3.96%
June 30, 2013	Total	3,894	\$220,918,009	\$56,733 \$54,635	-3.18%
June 30, 2013		3,230 694	\$176,437,755	\$54,625	-1.48%
	Safety Total		\$42,590,563	\$61,370	-2.62%
T 20 2014		3,924	\$219,028,318	\$55,818	-1.61%
June 30, 2014		3,303	\$179,606,090	\$54,377	-0.45%
	Safety	689	\$43,422,198	\$63,022	2.69%
I 20 2015	Total	3,992	\$223,028,288	\$55,869	0.09%
June 30, 2015		3,421	\$188,550,804	\$55,116	1.36%
	Safety	723	\$49,166,923	\$68,004	7.91%
T 20 2016	Total	4,144	\$237,717,727	\$57,364	2.68%
June 30, 2016		3,521	\$198,457,059	\$56,364	2.26%
	Safety	727	\$52,020,521	\$71,555	5.22%
T 20 2015	Total	4,248	\$250,477,580	\$58,964	2.79%
June 30, 2017		3,552	\$201,758,423	\$56,801 \$71,842	0.78%
	Safety	757 4 300	\$54,385,261 \$256,143,684	\$71,843 \$50,444	0.40%
June 20 2010	Total	4,309	\$256,143,684	\$59,444 \$57,022	0.81%
June 30, 2018	Safety	3,658	\$211,919,963	\$57,933 \$74,100	1.99%
	Sarety Total	794 4.452	\$58,835,257 \$270,755,220	\$74,100 \$60,817	3.14%
June 20 2010		4,452	\$270,755,220	\$60,817 \$50,727	2.31%
June 30, 2019		3,690	\$220,393,008	\$59,727 \$78,151	3.10%
	Safety	814	\$63,615,295	\$78,151	5.47%
I.m. 20 2020	Total	4,504	\$284,008,303	\$63,057	3.68%
June 30, 2020		3,652	\$221,652,587	\$60,693	1.62%
	Safety	806	\$63,673,695	\$79,000	1.09%
¥ 40 40==	Total	4,458	\$285,326,282	\$64,003	1.50%
June 30, 2021		3,555	\$228,145,063	\$64,176	5.74%
	Safety	766	\$63,505,375	\$82,905	4.94%
	Total	4,321	\$291,650,438	\$67,496	5.46%
June 30, 2022		3,566	\$237,279,320	\$66,539	3.68%
	Safety	757	\$66,315,366	\$87,603	5.67%
Actuarial valuation v	Total	4,323	\$303,594,687	\$70,228	4.05%

Actuarial valuation was not performed for fiscal year ending June 30, 2007.



APPENDIX A – MEMBERSHIP INFORMATION

StanCERA Membership – Retired Members as of June 30, 2022

	Co	unty and Fo	ormer Count	ty	C	eres and Ot	her Districts	5	Tot	al
	General M		Safety M		General N		Safety M			
		Annual		Annual		Annual		Annual		Annual
		Average		Average		Average		Average		Average
Age	Number	Benefit	Number	Benefit	Number	Benefit	Number	Benefit	Number	Benefit
35-39	0	\$ 0	0	\$ 0	0	\$ 0	0	\$ 0	0	\$ 0
40-44	0	\$ 0	1	\$ 36,696	0	\$ 0	0	\$ 0	1	\$ 36,696
45-49	0	\$ 0	10	\$ 50,786	0	\$ 0	1	\$ 77,667	11	\$ 53,230
50-54	59	\$ 27,579	74	\$ 63,228	4	\$ 25,559	13	\$ 64,241	150	\$ 48,290
55-59	188	\$ 28,950	103	\$ 70,773	4	\$ 40,297	10	\$ 39,625	305	\$ 43,572
60-64	427	\$ 36,597	65	\$ 52,940	15	\$ 30,207	4	\$ 94,370	511	\$ 38,940
65-69	675	\$ 36,106	79	\$ 50,846	26	\$ 33,988	5	\$ 126,179	785	\$ 38,093
70-74	717	\$ 37,621	71	\$ 63,197	25	\$ 27,963	2	\$ 80,727	815	\$ 39,659
75-79	503	\$ 37,251	47	\$ 66,891	11	\$ 37,237	0	\$ 0	561	\$ 39,734
80-84	265	\$ 30,702	30	\$ 55,148	6	\$ 43,934	0	\$ 0	301	\$ 33,402
85-89	97	\$ 28,354	9	\$ 83,336	1	\$ 129,138	0	\$ 0	107	\$ 33,921
90-94	52	\$ 25,873	1	\$ 40,655	0	\$ 0	0	\$ 0	53	\$ 26,152
95+	19	\$ 23,051	1	\$ 29,013	0	\$ 0	0	\$ 0	20	\$ 23,349
All Ages	3,002	\$ 35,126	491	\$ 61,255	92	\$ 33,713	35	\$ 70,825	3,620	\$ 38,979



APPENDIX A – MEMBERSHIP INFORMATION

StanCERA Membership - Service-Connected Disabled Members as of June 30, 2022

	Co	unty and Fo	ormer Count	y	C	eres and Ot	her Districts	S	Tot	al
Age	General M Number	<u>Members</u> Annual Average Benefit	Safety M Number	embers Annual Average Benefit	General N	<u>Members</u> Annual Average Benefit	Safety M Number	<u>lembers</u> Annual Average Benefit	Number	Annual Average Benefit
25-29	0	\$ 0	0	\$ 0	0	\$ 0	0	\$ 0	0	\$ 0
30-34	0	\$0	0	\$ 0	0	\$ 0	0	\$ 0	0	\$ 0
35-39	0	\$0	3	\$ 26,023	0	\$0	1	\$ 44,027	4	\$ 30,524
40-44	0	\$ 0	8	\$ 28,969	0	\$ 0	3	\$ 12,164	11	\$ 24,386
45-49	2	\$ 20,632	10	\$ 31,198	0	\$ 0	1	\$ 59,994	13	\$ 31,788
50-54	4	\$ 24,853	18	\$ 37,605	0	\$ 0	1	\$ 35,484	23	\$ 35,295
55-59	5	\$ 25,119	18	\$ 39,104	1	\$ 35,091	1	\$ 38,251	25	\$ 36,112
60-64	7	\$ 27,196	18	\$ 34,637	0	\$ 0	4	\$ 76,308	29	\$ 38,588
65-69	21	\$ 27,949	21	\$ 49,819	2	\$ 23,373	1	\$ 46,729	45	\$ 38,369
70-74	18	\$ 27,698	16	\$ 59,216	0	\$ 0	2	\$ 47,220	36	\$ 42,790
75-79	13	\$ 28,622	12	\$ 44,318	2	\$ 24,699	0	\$ 0	27	\$ 35,307
80-84	10	\$ 33,580	2	\$ 38,693	0	\$0	0	\$ 0	12	\$ 34,432
85-89	1	\$ 22,261	1	\$ 56,539	0	\$ 0	0	\$ 0	2	\$ 39,400
90-94	0	\$ 0	0	\$ 0	0	\$0	0	\$ 0	0	\$ 0
95+	0	\$ 0	0	\$ 0	0	\$0	0	\$ 0	0	\$ 0
All Ages	81	\$ 28,053	127	\$ 41,617	5	\$ 26,247	14	\$ 47,189	227	\$ 36,782



APPENDIX A – MEMBERSHIP INFORMATION

StanCERA Membership - Nonservice-Connected Disabled Members as of June 30, 2022

	Co	unty and Fo	ormer Count	y	C	eres and Ot	her Districts	5	Total		
	General N	<u> Iembers</u>	Safety M	<u>lembers</u>	General N	<u> Members</u>	Safety M	<u>lembers</u>			
		Annual		Annual		Annual		Annual		Annual	
		Average		Average		Average		Average		Average	
Age	Number	Benefit	Number	Benefit	Number	Benefit	Number	Benefit	Number	Benefit	
35-39	0	\$0	0	\$0	0	\$0	0	\$0	0	\$ 0	
40-44	0	\$0	0	\$ 0	1	\$ 25,799	0	\$ 0	1	\$ 25,799	
45-49	4	\$ 18,360	0	\$ 0	0	\$ 0	0	\$ 0	4	\$ 18,360	
50-54	6	\$ 20,123	1	\$ 26,575	0	\$0	1	\$ 41,760	8	\$ 23,634	
55-59	14	\$ 19,113	0	\$ 0	0	\$0	0	\$ 0	14	\$ 19,113	
60-64	7	\$ 26,224	1	\$ 30,314	0	\$ 0	0	\$ 0	8	\$ 26,736	
65-69	8	\$ 20,746	2	\$ 26,364	0	\$ O	0	\$ 0	10	\$ 21,869	
70-74	14	\$ 18,455	1	\$ 16,971	0	\$0	0	\$ 0	15	\$ 18,356	
75-79	13	\$ 23,065	1	\$ 24,000	0	\$ 0	0	\$ 0	14	\$ 23,132	
80-84	6	\$ 16,264	0	\$ 0	0	\$0	0	\$ 0	6	\$ 16,264	
85-89	1	\$ 14,138	0	\$ 0	0	\$ 0	0	\$ 0	1	\$ 14,138	
90-94	0	\$0	0	\$ 0	0	\$0	0	\$ 0	0	\$ 0	
95+	0	\$0	0	\$ 0	0	\$0	0	\$ 0	0	\$ 0	
All Ages	73	\$ 20,291	6	\$ 25,098	1	\$ 25,799	1	\$ 41,760	81	\$ 20,980	



APPENDIX A – MEMBERSHIP INFORMATION

StanCERA Membership – Beneficiaries as of June 30, 2022

	Co	unty and Fo	ormer Count	ty	C	eres and Ot	her Districts	S	Tot	tal
	General N	<u> Members</u>	Safety M	<u>lembers</u>	General N		Safety M	<u>lembers</u>		
		Annual		Annual		Annual		Annual		Annual
		Average		Average		Average		Average		Average
Age	Number	Benefit	Number	Benefit	Number	Benefit	Number	Benefit	Number	Benefit
0-24	0	\$ 0	2	\$ 21,235	0	\$ 0	0	\$ 0	2	\$ 21,235
25-29	0	\$ 0	0	\$ 0	0	\$ 0	0	\$ 0	0	\$ 0
30-34	0	\$ 0	0	\$ 0	0	\$ 0	0	\$ 0	0	\$ 0
35-39	1	\$ 43,653	1	\$ 45,003	0	\$ 0	0	\$ 0	2	\$ 44,328
40-44	3	\$ 6,737	1	\$ 15,210	0	\$ 0	0	\$ 0	4	\$ 8,856
45-49	8	\$ 15,804	7	\$ 18,561	1	\$ 5,708	0	\$ 0	16	\$ 16,379
50-54	20	\$ 14,088	14	\$ 18,067	0	\$ 0	0	\$ 0	34	\$ 15,727
55-59	33	\$ 18,794	10	\$ 33,012	1	\$ 25,965	0	\$ 0	44	\$ 22,188
60-64	29	\$ 15,478	12	\$ 24,470	0	\$ 0	2	\$ 36,815	43	\$ 18,980
65-69	46	\$ 22,186	11	\$ 31,644	1	\$ 47,376	1	\$ 52,703	59	\$ 24,894
70-74	77	\$ 22,721	18	\$ 33,185	2	\$ 13,806	0	\$ 0	97	\$ 24,479
75-79	77	\$ 24,353	16	\$ 52,001	1	\$ 38,452	1	\$ 95,016	95	\$ 29,902
80-84	51	\$ 22,768	21	\$ 36,451	1	\$ 20,778	0	\$ 0	73	\$ 26,677
85-89	36	\$ 19,132	3	\$ 24,164	0	\$ 0	0	\$ 0	39	\$ 19,519
90-94	22	\$ 32,052	6	\$ 19,621	0	\$0	0	\$ 0	28	\$ 29,388
95+	12	\$ 24,087	0	\$ 0	0	\$0	0	\$ 0	12	\$ 24,087
All Ages	415	\$ 21,760	122	\$ 31,495	7	\$ 23,699	4	\$ 55,337	548	\$ 24,197



APPENDIX A – MEMBERSHIP INFORMATION

StanCERA Membership – Benefit Form Elections as of June 30, 2022

	County and Fo	rmer County	Ceres and Ot	her Districts	TD 4.1
	General	Safety	General	Safety	Total
Service Retired					
Option #0 (Unmodified 60% to Spouse)	2,482	434	71	30	3,017
Option #1 (Cash Refund)	238	13	7	2	260
Option #2 (100% Continuance)	242	37	14	2	295
Option #3 (50% Continuance)	38	5	0	1	44
Option #4 (Other)	2	2	0	0	4
Total Service Retired	3,002	491	92	35	3,620
Ordinary Disability					
Option #0 (Unmodified 60% to Spouse)	65	4	1	1	71
Option #1 (Cash Refund)	5	2	0	0	7
Option #2 (100% Continuance)	3	0	0	0	3
Option #3 (50% Continuance)	0	0	0	0	0
Total Ordinary Disability	73	6	1	1	81
Duty Disability					
Option #0 (Unmodified 100% to Spouse)	72	116	5	12	205
Option #1 (Cash Refund)	1	1	0	0	2
Option #2 (100% Continuance)	6	9	0	1	16
Option #3 (50% Continuance)	2	1	0	1	4
Total Duty Disability	81	127	5	14	227
Total	3,156	624	98	50	3,928



APPENDIX A – MEMBERSHIP INFORMATION

Age & Service Distribution of Active Members by Count and Average Compensation as of June 30, 2022 General Members (County and Former County)

Count

	Years of Service												
Age	0	1	2	3	4	5-9	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30-34	35 & Over	Total Count
Under 20	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
20-24	41	10	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	53
25-29	117	41	42	37	23	14	0	0	0	0	0	0	274
30-34	93	47	36	58	68	166	4	0	0	0	0	0	472
35-39	74	24	32	37	28	172	53	16	0	0	0	0	436
40-44	54	20	36	35	36	173	72	71	23	0	0	0	520
45-49	37	16	14	22	17	101	49	100	94	7	0	0	457
50-54	27	11	15	16	15	82	41	78	92	41	6	0	424
55-59	23	9	9	22	18	77	36	63	86	48	31	4	426
60-64	7	4	13	12	8	53	22	43	59	24	26	5	276
65-69	2	1	1	3	1	17	6	8	18	2	7	2	68
70 & Over	1	0	0	0	0	3	4	1	2	2	0	0	13
Total Count	476	183	199	243	214	858	287	380	374	124	70	11	3,419

	Years of Service													
Age	0	1	2	3	4	5-9	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30-34	35 & Over	Avg. Comp.	
Under 20	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
20-24	40,368	43,298	41,922	48,072	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	41,096	
25-29	49,747	51,087	54,781	51,809	51,489	51,741	0	0	0	0	0	0	51,246	
30-34	51,562	51,015	53,029	58,778	59,209	65,272	70,272	0	0	0	0	0	58,588	
35-39	50,684	57,918	59,161	60,454	63,508	68,142	74,643	65,756	0	0	0	0	63,710	
40-44	57,008	57,932	55,382	62,645	62,654	66,133	76,421	73,632	71,101	0	0	0	66,318	
45-49	55,942	64,273	59,923	62,181	67,117	70,422	77,060	73,975	79,769	95,465	0	0	71,989	
50-54	59,888	63,381	66,482	57,814	55,628	66,948	68,647	72,975	83,242	80,574	97,530	0	72,203	
55-59	59,568	75,511	54,214	69,390	64,586	70,132	77,528	81,029	80,036	83,813	83,650	58,057	75,714	
60-64	59,582	54,610	59,795	51,639	51,180	70,994	91,752	77,419	65,348	77,003	76,520	95,236	71,455	
65-69	58,590	36,300	133,509	73,780	58,526	63,432	56,709	60,358	64,018	58,547	107,801	122,256	69,660	
70 & Over	35,802	0	0	0	0	121,331	134,303	50,575	51,373	70,161	0	0	94,665	
Average	51,947	55,376	57,154	59,523	60,047	67,516	76,714	74,571	76,967	81,454	84,607	86,629	66,567	



APPENDIX A – MEMBERSHIP INFORMATION

Age & Service Distribution of Active Members by Count and Average Compensation as of June 30, 2022 General Members (Ceres and Other Districts)

Count

						Years o	f Service						
Age	0	1	2	3	4	5-9	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30-34	35 & Over	Total Count
Under 20	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
20-24	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3
25-29	6	0	2	2	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	13
30-34	7	2	3	1	1	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	18
35-39	9	1	0	2	0	4	1	0	0	0	0	0	17
40-44	7	4	0	2	1	3	3	3	1	0	0	0	24
45-49	0	1	0	1	2	4	1	3	3	1	0	0	16
50-54	5	0	2	1	1	0	2	6	1	1	0	0	19
55-59	1	4	1	3	0	1	0	4	3	1	1	0	19
60-64	2	1	0	1	0	2	3	1	3	0	2	0	15
65-69	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
70 & Over	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Total Count	39	15	8	13	6	22	10	17	11	3	3	0	147

	Years of Service													
Age	0	1	2	3	4	5-9	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30-34	35 & Over	Avg. Comp.	
Under 20	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
20-24	42,772	33,426	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	36,541	
25-29	38,751	0	51,696	44,220	58,027	48,802	0	0	0	0	0	0	44,613	
30-34	45,213	67,527	51,513	51,720	52,642	61,501	0	0	0	0	0	0	53,136	
35-39	73,959	50,647	0	51,158	0	61,844	106,994	0	0	0	0	0	68,998	
40-44	49,913	86,129	0	68,051	54,979	49,898	79,974	71,797	88,926	0	0	0	65,788	
45-49	0	56,840	0	116,213	49,172	61,452	58,949	63,850	67,577	80,315	0	0	65,672	
50-54	73,517	0	52,752	152,856	45,931	0	68,201	63,486	49,171	148,311	0	0	72,983	
55-59	49,860	89,407	37,752	86,985	0	63,020	0	59,374	59,802	104,146	58,605	0	70,993	
60-64	141,001	98,561	0	55,786	0	83,861	57,729	73,510	84,896	0	67,915	0	82,752	
65-69	0	0	0	0	0	58,262	0	0	0	0	0	0	58,262	
70 & Over	145,344	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	145,344	
Average	62,861	74,006	50,148	74,184	51,654	60,625	71,546	64,639	70,448	110,924	64,811	0	65,900	



APPENDIX A – MEMBERSHIP INFORMATION

Age & Service Distribution of Active Members by Count and Average Compensation as of June 30, 2022 Safety Members (County and Former County)

Count

						Years o	f Service						
Age	0	1	2	3	4	5-9	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30-34	35 & Over	Total Count
Under 20	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
20-24	14	9	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	25
25-29	18	14	23	26	26	25	0	0	0	0	0	0	132
30-34	14	6	11	16	27	98	3	0	0	0	0	0	175
35-39	7	2	5	8	8	45	25	13	0	0	0	0	113
40-44	0	0	1	1	4	19	14	53	11	0	0	0	103
45-49	0	1	0	0	2	6	5	30	36	7	0	0	87
50-54	0	4	2	0	1	1	4	12	10	11	1	0	46
55-59	0	0	0	2	1	2	2	3	5	0	1	0	16
60-64	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	1	4	0	0	0	8
65-69	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	2
70 & Over	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total Count	53	36	44	53	69	199	53	113	66	18	3	0	707

	Years of Service													
Age	0	1	2	3	4	5-9	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30-34	35 & Over	Avg. Comp.	
Under 20	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
20-24	58,064	62,757	72,923	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	60,942	
25-29	63,073	64,487	63,526	75,220	78,949	82,215	0	0	0	0	0	0	72,447	
30-34	74,273	71,489	72,725	75,685	75,348	81,854	94,953	0	0	0	0	0	78,975	
35-39	72,930	94,935	68,297	74,974	74,323	85,027	95,402	103,389	0	0	0	0	86,651	
40-44	0	0	95,274	106,132	85,448	87,172	90,004	101,869	117,909	0	0	0	98,598	
45-49	0	100,537	0	0	88,134	87,202	88,959	98,333	112,282	118,481	0	0	104,210	
50-54	0	93,630	113,306	0	62,407	91,250	108,386	99,032	100,077	121,351	113,899	0	104,918	
55-59	0	0	0	96,484	132,479	96,484	96,131	89,681	101,650	0	83,562	0	98,221	
60-64	0	0	0	0	0	96,852	0	84,651	90,335	0	0	0	92,068	
65-69	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	109,248	0	0	92,398	0	100,823	
70 & Over	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Average	66,010	71,153	69,780	76,709	78,183	83,706	94,350	100,393	109,235	120,235	96,620	0	86,643	



APPENDIX A – MEMBERSHIP INFORMATION

Age & Service Distribution of Active Members by Count and Average Compensation as of June 30, 2022 Safety Members (Ceres and Other Districts)

Count

						Years o	f Service						
Age	0	1	2	3	4	5-9	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30-34	35 & Over	Total Count
Under 20	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
20-24	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
25-29	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3
30-34	1	1	1	2	1	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	10
35-39	3	1	0	1	0	5	3	0	0	0	0	0	13
40-44	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	2	2	0	0	0	6
45-49	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	2	5	1	0	0	12
50-54	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	3	0	0	0	4
55-59	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	2
60-64	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
65-69	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
70 & Over	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total Count	5	3	5	4	2	10	5	4	10	2	0	0	50

	Years of Service													
Age	0	1	2	3	4	5-9	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30-34	35 & Over	Avg. Comp.	
Under 20	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
20-24	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
25-29	75,837	0	75,322	78,261	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	76,473	
30-34	87,971	79,437	80,729	77,296	80,474	92,020	0	0	0	0	0	0	85,128	
35-39	89,704	84,653	0	76,425	0	99,791	104,499	0	0	0	0	0	95,588	
40-44	0	0	73,812	0	0	0	108,411	109,382	97,919	0	0	0	99,471	
45-49	0	79,638	72,299	0	84,959	100,703	0	115,416	125,114	181,828	0	0	114,652	
50-54	0	0	0	0	0	0	100,828	0	144,898	0	0	0	133,881	
55-59	0	0	81,031	0	0	0	0	0	0	146,156	0	0	113,594	
60-64	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
65-69	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
70 & Over	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Average	86,584	81,243	76,639	77,320	82,716	96,774	104,548	112,399	125,610	163,992	0	0	101,174	



APPENDIX A – MEMBERSHIP INFORMATION

Reconciliation of Plan Membership Since Prior Valuation All Members

All Members

	Actives	Transfers	Non Vested Terminations due Refunds	Vested Terminations	Ordinary Disabled	Duty Disabled	Retired	Beneficiaries	Total
July 1, 2021	4,321	748	596	519	78	232	3,498	508	10,500
New Entrants	626	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	626
Rehires	18	(1)	(14)	(3)	0	0	0	0	0
Duty Disabilities	(4)	(2)	0	0	0	6	0	0	0
Ordinary Disabilities	(2)	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	(1)
Retirements	(152)	(33)	(1)	(25)	0	0	212	0	1
Retirements from General with Safety Service	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Vested Terminations	(132)	0	0	132	0	0	0	0	0
Died, With Beneficiaries' Benefit Payable	(3)	0	0	0	(2)	(3)	(37)	48	3
Died, Without Beneficiary, and Other Terminations	(221)	(1)	215	(2)	0	(7)	(50)	0	(66)
Transfers	0	6	(1)	0	0	0	0	0	5
Beneficiary Deaths	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	(20)	(20)
Domestic Relations Orders	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	12	12
Withdrawals Paid	(128)	(9)	(55)	(16)	0	0	0	0	(208)
Member Reclassifications	0	4	1	0	4	(1)	(3)	0	5
July 1, 2022	4,323	712	741	605	81	227	3,620	548	10,857



APPENDIX A – MEMBERSHIP INFORMATION

Reconciliation of Plan Membership Since Prior Valuation General Members (County and Former County)

	Actives	Transfers	Non Vested Terminations due Refunds	Vested Terminations	Ordinary Disabled	Duty Disabled	Retired	Beneficiaries	Total
July 1, 2021	3,418	490	517	427	70	85	2,915	384	8,306
New Entrants	525	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	525
Rehires	16	0	(13)	(3)	0	0	0	0	0
Duty Disabilities	(3)	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0
Ordinary Disabilities	(2)	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	(1)
Retirements	(119)	(23)	(1)	(22)	0	0	166	0	1
Retirements from General with Safety Service	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Vested Terminations	(111)	0	0	111	0	0	0	0	0
Died, With Beneficiaries' Benefit Payable	(2)	0	0	0	(2)	(2)	(32)	41	3
Died, Without Beneficiary, and Other Terminations	(193)	0	186	(2)	0	(3)	(45)	0	(57)
Transfers	3	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	5
Beneficiary Deaths	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	(17)	(17)
Domestic Relations Orders	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	7
Withdrawals Paid	(113)	(6)	(48)	(12)	0	0	0	0	(179)
Member Reclassifications	0	1	1	0	4	(2)	(2)	0	2
July 1, 2022	3,419	464	642	499	73	81	3,002	415	8,595



APPENDIX A – MEMBERSHIP INFORMATION

Reconciliation of Plan Membership Since Prior Valuation Safety Members (County and Former County)

	Actives	Transfers	Non Vested Terminations due Refunds	Vested Terminations	Ordinary Disabled	Duty Disabled	Retired	Beneficiaries	Total
July 1, 2021	717	138	58	71	6	130	471	114	1,705
New Entrants	56	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	56
Rehires	2	(1)	(1)	0	0	0	0	0	0
Duty Disabilities	(1)	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
Ordinary Disabilities	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Retirements	(25)	(4)	0	(2)	0	0	31	0	0
Retirements from General with Safety Service	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Vested Terminations	(15)	0	0	15	0	0	0	0	0
Died, With Beneficiaries' Benefit Payable	0	0	0	0	0	(1)	(5)	6	0
Died, Without Beneficiary, and Other Terminations	(14)	0	15	0	0	(4)	(5)	0	(8)
Transfers	(3)	4	(1)	0	0	0	0	0	0
Beneficiary Deaths	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	(3)	(3)
Domestic Relations Orders	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	5
Withdrawals Paid	(10)	0	(5)	(3)	0	0	0	0	(18)
Member Reclassifications	0	2	0	0	0	1	(1)	0	2
July 1, 2022	707	139	66	81	6	127	491	122	1,739



APPENDIX A – MEMBERSHIP INFORMATION

Reconciliation of Plan Membership Since Prior Valuation General Members (Ceres and Other Districts)

	Actives	Transfers	Non Vested Terminations due Refunds	Vested Terminations	Ordinary Disabled	Duty Disabled	Retired	Beneficiaries	Total
July 1, 2021	137	46	16	18	1	5	82	6	311
New Entrants	40	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	40
Rehires	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Duty Disabilities	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ordinary Disabilities	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Retirements	(8)	(2)	0	0	0	0	10	0	0
Retirements from General with Safety Service	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Vested Terminations	(5)	0	0	5	0	0	0	0	0
Died, With Beneficiaries' Benefit Payable	(1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
Died, Without Beneficiary, and Other Terminations	(12)	0	12	0	0	0	0	0	0
Transfers	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Beneficiary Deaths	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Domestic Relations Orders	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Withdrawals Paid	(4)	(1)	(1)	(1)	0	0	0	0	(7)
Member Reclassifications	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
July 1, 2022	147	44	27	22	1	5	92	7	345



APPENDIX A – MEMBERSHIP INFORMATION

Reconciliation of Plan Membership Since Prior Valuation Safety Members (Ceres and Other Districts)

	Actives	Transfers	Non Vested Terminations due Refunds	Vested Terminations	Ordinary Disabled	Duty Disabled	Retired	Beneficiaries	Total
July 1, 2021	49	74	5	3	1	12	30	4	178
New Entrants	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5
Rehires	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Duty Disabilities	0	(2)	0	0	0	2	0	0	0
Ordinary Disabilities	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Retirements	0	(4)	0	(1)	0	0	5	0	0
Retirements from General with Safety Service	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Vested Terminations	(1)	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
Died, With Beneficiaries' Benefit Payable	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Died, Without Beneficiary, and Other Terminations	(2)	(1)	2	0	0	0	0	0	(1)
Transfers	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Beneficiary Deaths	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Domestic Relations Orders	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Withdrawals Paid	(1)	(2)	(1)	0	0	0	0	0	(4)
Member Reclassifications	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
July 1, 2022	50	65	6	3	1	14	35	4	178



APPENDIX B – STATEMENT OF CURRENT ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS AND METHODS

The assumptions and methods used in the actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022 are:

Actuarial Methods

1. Actuarial Cost Method

Annual contributions to the Stanislaus County Employees' Retirement Association (the Plan) are computed under the Entry Age Normal Actuarial Cost Method, computed to the final decrement.

Under this cost method, the normal cost is calculated as the amount necessary to fund Members' benefits as a level percentage of total payroll over their projected working lives. At each valuation date, the Actuarial Liability is equal to the difference between the liability for the Members' total projected benefit and the present value of future normal cost contributions.

The excess of the Actuarial Liability over Plan assets is the Unfunded Actuarial Liability (UAL). The UAL for each cost-sharing group is amortized as a level percentage of payroll. The initial UAL as of June 30, 2021 is amortized over a closed 15-year period (14 years remaining as of June 30, 2022). Any subsequent unexpected changes in the UAL after June 30, 2021 from actuarial gains or losses or assumptions changes are amortized over fixed closed periods of 20 years as a level percentage of payroll, with new amortization layers established each year. Any subsequent changes in the UAL after June 30, 2021 due to plan amendments or other plan provision changes are amortized over a shorter period, based on the lesser of 15 years or the average future working lifetime for changes affecting active members, or the lesser of 10 years or the average remaining life expectancy for changes affecting inactive members.

The total Plan cost is the sum of the normal cost (computed on an Individual basis), the amortization of the Unfunded Actuarial Liability, and the expected administrative expenses.

2. Actuarial Value of Plan Assets

The Actuarial Value of Plan assets is a modified market-related value. The Market Value of Assets is adjusted to recognize, over a five-year period, differences between actual investment earnings and the assumed investment return. The Actuarial Value of Assets is limited to no less than 80% and no more than 120% of the market value.

The detailed calculations of the Actuarial Value of Plan assets are shown in Section III.

3. Changes in Actuarial Methods

None.



APPENDIX B – STATEMENT OF CURRENT ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS AND METHODS

Actuarial Assumptions

All actuarial assumptions are based on the Actuarial Experience Study Report for the period covering July 1, 2018 through June 30, 2021 report. The proposed assumptions were summarized and reviewed with the Board at the December 14, 2021 Board meeting, at which the Board provided direction to proceed with the valuation based on those assumptions. Final adoption of the assumptions was effective with the adoption of the June 30, 2021 Report.

1. Rate of Return

The annual rate of return on all Plan assets is assumed to be 6.75%, net of investment expenses.

2. Cost of Living

The cost of living as measured by the Consumer Price Index (CPI) will increase at the rate of 2.50% per year.

3. Administrative Expenses

An allowance of \$3,177,500 for Plan administrative expenses for the current year has been included in the annual cost calculated. The administrative expense amount has been assumed to increase in future years at the rate of the Cost-of-Living assumption (2.50%).

4. Interest Credited to Employee Accounts

The employee accounts are credited with 0.25% interest annually.

5. Increases in Pay

Base salary increase: 2.75%

Assumed pay increases for active Members consist of increases due to base salary adjustments (as noted above), plus service-based increases due to longevity and promotion, as shown on the next page.

The projected pay for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2023 for County members reflects expected pay increases of 3% in July 2022 and 5% in September 2022.



APPENDIX B – STATEMENT OF CURRENT ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS AND METHODS

Longevity & Promotion Increases		
Service	General	Safety
0	5.00%	5.00%
1	5.00%	5.00%
2	5.00%	5.00%
3	5.00%	4.50%
4	5.00%	4.50%
5	3.50%	2.00%
6	2.50%	1.75%
7	1.50%	1.50%
8	1.25%	1.50%
9	1.00%	1.25%
10	0.75%	1.00%
11+	0.50%	1.00%

6. PEPRA Compensation Limit

The assumption used for increasing the compensation limit that applies to PEPRA members is 2.50%

7. Post Retirement COLA

For those with the 3% COLA benefit (i.e., 100% of CPI up to 3% annually with banking), 2.40% annual increases are assumed. Increases are assumed to occur on April 1.

Higher COLA annual increases of 2.60% are assumed for members in pay status. This is not considered an assumption change, but rather is used as a proxy to estimate the value of the increases in COLA banks which have occurred since the adoption of the 2.40% assumption based on recent experience.

8. Social Security Wage Base

General Plan 3 members have their benefits offset by an assumed Social Security Benefit. For projecting the Social Security Benefit, the annual Social Security Wage Base increase is assumed to be 2.75% per year.

9. Internal Revenue Code Section 415 Limit

The Internal Revenue Code (IRC) Section 415 maximum benefit limitations have been applied to the benefits for members currently in pay status, as the limited benefits have been provided by StanCERA for valuation purposes. Future projected benefits for members in active and deferred statuses have not been reduced for potential Section 415 limits in the current valuation, though any actual limitations for these members will result in actuarial gains upon their actual retirement, which will reduce future contributions.



APPENDIX B – STATEMENT OF CURRENT ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS AND METHODS

10. Internal Revenue Code Section 401(a)(17)

The IRC Section 401(a)(17) maximum compensation limitation for active members is not reflected in the valuation for funding purposes; limitations are reflected after retirement.

11. Family Composition

Percentage married for all active members who retire, become disabled, or die during active service is shown in the following table.

Percentage Married		
Gender	Percentage	
Males	80%	
Females	60%	

Spouses of male members are assumed to be two years younger than the member and spouses of female members are assumed to be two years older than the member.

12. Accumulated Vacation Time Load

Active members' service retirement and related benefits are loaded by 3.00% for Safety Members and 3.00% for General Members for cashouts of vacation time. 1/3 of this load applies for members with a 36-month final average service period. No other adjustment is made to the liabilities for anticipated future service purchases.

13. Rates of Separation

Rates of termination apply to all active Members who terminate their employment.

Separate rates of termination are assumed among Safety and General Members.

Termination Rates		
Years of	General	Safety
Service	All	All
0	18.0%	16.0%
1	14.0%	8.0%
2	9.0%	7.0%
3	8.0%	6.0%
4	7.0%	6.0%
5	7.0%	6.0%
10	5.0%	5.0%
15	3.0%	2.0%
20	3.0%	0.0%
25	3.0%	0.0%
30+	0.0%	0.0%

Termination rates do not apply once a member is eligible for retirement.



APPENDIX B – STATEMENT OF CURRENT ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS AND METHODS

14. Withdrawal

Rates of withdrawal apply to active Members who terminate their employment and withdraw their member contributions, forfeiting entitlement to future Plan benefits. Separate rates of withdrawal are assumed among Safety and General Members and are based on service. The rates do not overlap with the service retirement rates.

45% of all General Member terminations with less than 10 years of service are assumed to take a refund of contributions, as well as 15% of those with 10 or more years of service.

35% of all Safety Member terminations with less than 10 years of service are assumed to take a refund of contributions, and 10% of those with 10 or more years of service.

15. Vested Termination and Reciprocal Transfers

Rates of vested termination apply to active Members who terminate their employment after five years of service and leave their member contributions on deposit with the Plan. Alternatively, those who terminate their employment with less than five years of service can leave their member contributions with the Plan and transfer to a reciprocal employer, therefore retaining entitlement to future Plan benefits.

Vested terminated Tier 3 General Members are assumed to begin receiving benefits at age 65 while all other General Members are assumed to begin at age 58, unless they have reciprocity, in which case they are assumed to begin at age 61; terminated Safety Members are assumed to begin receiving benefits at age 51 for Tiers 4 and 5 and at age 54 for the Tiers 1, 2, 3, and 6.

60% of vested terminated General Members with less than 10 years of service are assumed to be reciprocal, as well as 40% of those with 10 or more years of service.

75% of vested terminated Safety Members with less than 10 years of service are assumed to be reciprocal, as well as 70% of those with 10 or more years of service.

Reciprocal members are assumed to receive annual pay increases of 3.25% for General and 3.75% for Safety from the date of transfer to the assumed retirement date.

16. Form of Benefit

Upon retirement, 90% of male married members and 95% of female married members are assumed to elect the normal payment form (joint & 50% survivor annuity for Tier 3 and joint & 60% survivor annuity for all other tiers). Non-married members are assumed to elect a single life annuity.



APPENDIX B – STATEMENT OF CURRENT ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS AND METHODS

17. Rates of Service-Connected Disability

Separate rates of duty disability are assumed among Safety and General Members; rates for both sexes for Safety Members are combined. Safety members are assumed to follow the 2021 CalPERS State Safety rates. Sample rates are shown below:

Rates of Service-Connected Disability			
	Gen	eral	Safety
Age	Male	Female	All
20	0.0043%	0.0002%	0.0020%
25	0.0102%	0.0004%	0.0760%
30	0.0211%	0.0008%	0.1700%
35	0.0284%	0.0024%	0.2640%
40	0.0401%	0.0056%	0.3600%
45	0.0613%	0.0101%	0.4570%
50	0.0897%	0.0162%	0.5570%
55	0.1227%	0.0249%	0.6580%
60	0.1637%	0.0349%	0.7620%
65	0.0000%	0.0000%	0.8690%

18. Rates of Nonservice-Connected Disability

Separate rates of ordinary disability are assumed among Safety and General Members. Rates of ordinary disability for Safety Members are assumed to follow the 2021 CalPERS Public Agency Police Non-Industrial Disability table; rates of ordinary disability for General Members are assumed to follow the 2021 CalPERS Public Agency Miscellaneous Non-Industrial Disability table. The rates shown are applied after five Years of Service. Sample rates are on the next page.



APPENDIX B – STATEMENT OF CURRENT ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS AND METHODS

Rates of Non Service-Connected Disability		
	General	
Age	Male	Female
20	0.0170%	0.0100%
25	0.0170%	0.0100%
30	0.0190%	0.0240%
35	0.0390%	0.0710%
40	0.1020%	0.1350%
45	0.1510%	0.1880%
50	0.1580%	0.1990%
55	0.1580%	0.1490%
60	0.1530%	0.1050%
65	0.1280%	0.0880%
70	0.1020%	0.0840%
75+	0.1020%	0.0880%

Rates of Non Service-		
Connected Disability Safety		
Age	All	
20	0.0100%	
25	0.0100%	
30	0.0200%	
35	0.0300%	
40	0.0400%	
45	0.0500%	
50	0.0800%	
55	0.1300%	
60	0.2000%	
65+	0.2000%	

19. Rates of Mortality for Non-Annuitants

Rates of ordinary death for active General members are specified by the 2021 CalPERS Preretirement Non-Industrial Mortality table, adjusted by 102.2% for males and 110.2% for females. Rates of ordinary death for active Safety members are specified by the 2021 CalPERS Preretirement Non-Industrial Mortality table, adjusted by 102.6% for males and 100.9% for females. Duty related mortality rates are only applicable for Safety Active Members and are based on the 2021 CalPERS Preretirement Industrial Death table, adjusted by 102.6% for males and 100.9% for females. These mortality base tables are all projected generationally from 2017 using 80% of SOA Scale MP-2020.

The table on the following page provides a sample of the base mortality rates including adjustments but prior to any projections for mortality improvements.



APPENDIX B – STATEMENT OF CURRENT ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS AND METHODS

	Non-Annuitant Mortality Rates							
Age	Ordinary De Male	ath - General Female	Ordinary Death Safety Male	Ordinary Death Safety Female	Duty Death Safety Male	Duty Death Safety Female		
20	0.0399%	0.0154%	0.0390%	0.0141%	0.0041%	0.0020%		
25	0.0337%	0.0143%	0.0349%	0.0182%	0.0041%	0.0020%		
30	0.0450%	0.0209%	0.0431%	0.0252%	0.0051%	0.0030%		
35	0.0593%	0.0320%	0.0492%	0.0343%	0.0051%	0.0040%		
40	0.0767%	0.0430%	0.0564%	0.0424%	0.0062%	0.0050%		
45	0.0950%	0.0595%	0.0677%	0.0535%	0.0072%	0.0061%		
50	0.1369%	0.0893%	0.0944%	0.0737%	0.0103%	0.0081%		
55	0.2024%	0.1355%	0.1416%	0.1070%	0.0154%	0.0121%		
60	0.2933%	0.1973%	0.2267%	0.1524%	0.0257%	0.0172%		
65	0.4119%	0.2755%	0.3550%	0.1957%	0.0390%	0.0222%		
70	0.6071%	0.4452%	0.6218%	0.3612%	0.0687%	0.0404%		

20. Rates of Mortality for Nonservice-Connected Disabled Retirees

Rates of mortality for current nonservice-connected disabled Members are specified by the 2021 CalPERS Non-Industrially Disabled Annuitant Mortality table, no adjustment for males or females, with generational mortality improvements projected from 2017 using 80% of SOA Scale MP-2020.

The table provides a sample of the base mortality rates including adjustments but prior to any projections for mortality improvements.

Nonservice-Connected								
Disab	Disabled Mortality Rates							
Age	Age Male Female							
45	1.120%	1.019%						
50	1.727%	1.439%						
55	2.217%	1.734%						
60	2.681%	1.962%						
65	3.332%	2.276%						
70	4.056%	2.910%						
75	5.465%	4.160%						
80	8.044%	6.112%						
85	11.695%	9.385%						
90	16.770%	14.3956%						



APPENDIX B – STATEMENT OF CURRENT ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS AND METHODS

21. Rates of Mortality for Service-Connected Disabled Retirees

Rates of mortality for current service-connected disabled Members are specified by the 2021 CalPERS Industrially Disabled Annuitant Mortality table, no adjustment for males and adjusted by 105% for females, with generational mortality improvements projected from 2017 using 80% of SOA Scale MP-2020.

The table provides a sample of the base mortality rates including adjustments but prior to any projections for mortality improvements.

Service-Connected Disabled Mortality Rates								
Age	Age Male Female							
45	0.314%	0.238%						
50	0.437%	0.326%						
55	0.623%	0.577%						
60	0.935%	0.911%						
65	1.393%	1.250%						
70	2.189%	1.951%						
75	3.498%	3.291%						
80	5.932%	5.442%						
85	10.244%	8.447%						
90	16.739%	13.0557%						

22. Rates of Mortality for Emerging Disabled Retirees

Rates of mortality for future General disabled retirees, both nonservice- and service-connected, are specified by mortality tables consisting of blends of the mortality assumptions for current nonservice- and service-connected disabled retirees. The blend for future disabled General retirees is 50% and 50%, respectively. The proportions reflect the expected splits in future disabled retirees between nonservice- and service-connected disablements.

Future disabled Safety retirees are assumed to follow the same rates of mortality as the service-connected disabled retirees indicated in the prior bullet.

23. Rates of Mortality for Healthy Annuitants

Rates of mortality for retired Members and their beneficiaries are specified by the 2021 CalPERS Healthy Annuitant table, adjusted by 107.6% for males and 115.3% for females, with generational mortality improvements projected from 2017 using 80% of SOA Scale MP-2020.

The table on the next page provides a sample of the base mortality rates including adjustments but prior to any projections for mortality improvements.



APPENDIX B – STATEMENT OF CURRENT ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS AND METHODS

Healthy Ar	Healthy Annuitant Mortality Rates						
Age	Male	Female					
45	0.101%	0.063%					
50	0.291%	0.229%					
55	0.421%	0.375%					
60	0.618%	0.525%					
65	0.922%	0.705%					
70	1.442%	1.149%					
75	2.582%	2.056%					
80	4.713%	3.923%					
85	8.902%	7.110%					
90	15.644%	12.7820%					

24. Mortality Improvement

As mentioned above, the mortality assumptions employ a fully generational mortality improvement projection from base year 2017 using 80% of the Society of Actuaries Scale MP-2020.



APPENDIX B – STATEMENT OF CURRENT ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS AND METHODS

25. Rates of Retirement

Retirement for members in non-PEPRA Tiers (Tier 6) are assumed to occur among eligible members in accordance with the table below and on the following page:

	Rates of Retirement						
	General (Non-PEPRA)						
	Years of S	Service					
Age	0-9	10-29	30+				
40-44	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%				
45-49	0.00%	0.00%	10.00%				
50-54	0.00%	4.00%	10.00%				
55	0.00%	7.00%	10.00%				
56	0.00%	7.00%	15.00%				
57	0.00%	7.00%	15.00%				
58	0.00%	7.00%	15.00%				
59	0.00%	12.50%	15.00%				
60	0.00%	12.50%	22.50%				
61	0.00%	12.50%	30.00%				
62	0.00%	20.00%	30.00%				
63	0.00%	20.00%	30.00%				
64	0.00%	20.00%	30.00%				
65	0.00%	40.00%	30.00%				
66	0.00%	40.00%	30.00%				
67	0.00%	40.00%	30.00%				
68	0.00%	25.00%	30.00%				
69	0.00%	25.00%	30.00%				
70	25.00%	25.00%	30.00%				
71	25.00%	25.00%	30.00%				
72	25.00%	25.00%	30.00%				
73	25.00%	25.00%	30.00%				
74	25.00%	25.00%	30.00%				
75+	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%				



APPENDIX B – STATEMENT OF CURRENT ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS AND METHODS

	Rates of Retirement						
	Safe	ety (Non-PEP)	RA)				
	Y	ears of Servic	ce				
Age	0-9	10-14	15-19	20+			
40-48	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	5.00%			
49	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	20.00%			
50	0.00%	5.00%	25.00%	40.00%			
51	0.00%	5.00%	5.00%	25.00%			
52	0.00%	5.00%	5.00%	25.00%			
53	0.00%	5.00%	5.00%	25.00%			
54	0.00%	5.00%	5.00%	25.00%			
55	0.00%	5.00%	5.00%	40.00%			
56	0.00%	5.00%	5.00%	40.00%			
57	0.00%	5.00%	5.00%	40.00%			
58	0.00%	5.00%	5.00%	40.00%			
59	0.00%	5.00%	5.00%	40.00%			
60	0.00%	25.00%	25.00%	100.00%			
61	0.00%	25.00%	25.00%	100.00%			
62	0.00%	25.00%	25.00%	100.00%			
63	0.00%	25.00%	25.00%	100.00%			
64	0.00%	25.00%	25.00%	100.00%			
65	0.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%			
66	0.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%			
67	0.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%			
68	0.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%			
69	0.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%			
70+	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%			



APPENDIX B – STATEMENT OF CURRENT ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS AND METHODS

Retirement for members in PEPRA, Tier 6, are assumed to occur among eligible members in accordance with the sample rates below, from the full tables 2021 CalPERS Public Agency Miscellaneous 2% @ 62 table for General and the 2021 CalPERS Public Agency Safety Police 2.7% @ 57 table for Safety:

	Rates of Retirement							
	General (PEPRA)							
	Yea	ars of Ser	vice					
Age	5	10	25	35				
50-51	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%				
52	0.50%	0.80%	1.90%	3.80%				
53	0.70%	1.10%	2.10%	4.80%				
54	0.70%	1.10%	2.30%	5.40%				
55	1.00%	1.90%	6.10%	15.20%				
56	1.40%	2.60%	7.50%	16.70%				
57	1.80%	2.90%	7.40%	14.30%				
58	2.30%	3.50%	7.30%	13.50%				
59	2.50%	3.80%	9.20%	17.50%				
60	3.10%	5.10%	11.10%	18.30%				
61	3.80%	5.80%	12.10%	23.20%				
62	4.40%	7.40%	16.40%	27.10%				
63	7.70%	10.50%	19.20%	26.60%				
64	7.20%	10.10%	18.70%	27.60%				
65	10.80%	14.10%	23.90%	34.80%				
66	13.20%	17.20%	29.20%	42.60%				
67	13.20%	17.20%	29.20%	40.50%				
68	12.00%	15.60%	26.50%	38.70%				
69	12.00%	15.60%	26.50%	36.80%				
70	12.00%	15.60%	26.50%	38.70%				
71	12.00%	15.60%	26.50%	38.70%				
72	12.00%	15.60%	26.50%	38.70%				
73	12.00%	15.60%	26.50%	38.70%				
74	12.00%	15.60%	26.50%	38.70%				
75+	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%				



APPENDIX B – STATEMENT OF CURRENT ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS AND METHODS

	Rates of Retirement								
Safety (PEPRA)									
Years of Service									
Age	Age 5 10 25 35								
50	5.00%	5.00%	5.00%	11.00%					
51	4.00%	4.00%	5.75%	13.92%					
52	3.80%	3.80%	5.80%	13.21%					
53	3.80%	3.80%	7.74%	28.98%					
54	3.80%	3.80%	9.31%	33.25%					
55	6.84%	6.84%	13.40%	38.76%					
56	6.27%	6.27%	12.28%	34.49%					
57	6.00%	6.00%	11.75%	32.00%					
58	8.00%	8.00%	13.75%	35.00%					
59	8.00%	8.00%	14.00%	40.00%					
60	15.00%	15.00%	15.00%	35.00%					
61	14.40%	14.40%	14.40%	26.40%					
62	15.00%	15.00%	15.00%	33.00%					
63	15.00%	15.00%	15.00%	40.00%					
64	15.00%	15.00%	15.00%	52.50%					
65+	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%					

26. Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

There have been no changes in the assumptions since the prior valuation. We have included expected pay increases of 3% in July 2022 and 5% in September 2022 in calculating the projected pay for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2023 for County members, and we are now using an annual COLA increase assumption of 2.60% for members in pay status. However, these assumptions are only used to reflect the expected impact of events which have already occurred and thus do not represent a change in forward-looking assumptions.



APPENDIX C – SUMMARY OF PLAN PROVISIONS

All actuarial calculations are based on our understanding of the statutes governing the StanCERA as contained in the County Employees Retirement Law (CERL) of 1937, with provisions adopted by the County Board of Supervisors, a district Board of Directors, or the StanCERA Board, effective through June 30, 2022. The benefit and contribution provisions of this law are summarized briefly below, along with corresponding references to the State Code. This summary does not attempt to cover all the detailed provisions of the law.

A. Definitions

Compensation:

Compensation means the cash remuneration for services paid by the employer. It includes base pay and certain differential, incentive, and special pay allowances defined by the Board of Retirement. Overtime is excluded, with the exception of overtime paid under the Fair Labor Standards Act that is regular and recurring.

For Tier 6 (PEPRA) members, only pensionable compensation up to the PEPRA Compensation Limit will count for computing Plan benefits and employee contributions and employer contributions. For those participating in Social Security, the compensation cap is \$134,974 for calendar year 2022. For those not participating in Social Security, the compensation cap is \$161,969 for calendar year 2022. In addition, it is possible that some sources of compensation, such as any payments deemed to be terminal or special pays, may be excluded from the benefit and contribution computations for PEPRA members.

Credited Service: In general, Credited Service is earned for the period during which Member Contributions are paid. Since Tier 3 Members participate in a non-contributory Plan, their Credited Service is calculated based on their date of Membership only.

Temporary service for which the Member was not credited, or service for which the Member withdrew his or her Member Contributions, may be purchased by paying or repaying the Member Contributions with interest. The categories of services that credit may be purchased for are listed below:

- **Prior Part-time Service**: If a Member worked for an employer within the Association on a part-time or 'extra help' basis before his membership in the Retirement Association, the Member may buyback this service.
- Intermittent Part-time Service
- **Prior full time Service:** Member may buyback full time service that may have been cashed out upon termination.



APPENDIX C – SUMMARY OF PLAN PROVISIONS

- Leave of Absence (Including absence with State Disability or Worker's Compensation): No unpaid leave of absence can be bought back except for absence due to medical reasons of up to one year.
- **Public Service:** Only Tier 1 and 4 Members may buy back this service.
- **Military Time:** Only Tier 1 and 4 Members may buy back this service.
- Enhance Prior Tier Service: Applies to certain active and deferred Members with Tier 1, 2, or 3 service.
- Military "call up"
- **AB 2766:** Only Safety Employees can buy back this service.

A percentage of credited sick leave may be credited according to the Member's applicable bargaining unit.

Final

Compensation:

For Members belonging to Tier 2, Tier 3, and Tier 6, Final Compensation means the highest Compensation earned during any 36 consecutive months of the Member's employment. For all others, it is the highest Compensation earned during any twelve months of employment.

General Member: Any Member who is not a Safety Member is a General Member.

Safety Member: Any sworn Member engaged in law enforcement, probation, or fire suppression is a Safety Member.

B. Membership

Eligibility:

All full-time, permanent employees of Stanislaus County, City of Ceres, Stanislaus County Superior Court, Salida Sanitary District, East Side Mosquito Abatement, Keyes Community Services, Hills Ferry Cemetery, and StanCOG hired on or after October 1, 1988 become Members on their date of appointment. All others hired before October 1, 1988 became Members on the first day of the calendar month following their date of appointment.

Detailed membership eligibility according to Tier and membership date is shown in Table 1 on page 80.



APPENDIX C – SUMMARY OF PLAN PROVISIONS

C. Service Retirement

Eligibility:

New members who meet the requirements to enter a legacy tier under PEPRA will enter Tier 2; all other new members will enter Tier 6.

Tier 3 General Members are eligible to retire at age 55 if they have earned 10 years of Credited Service. Tier 6 (PEPRA) General Members are eligible to retire at age 52 if they have earned five years of Credited Service. All other General Members are eligible to retire at age 50 if they have earned five years of Credited Service and have been an Association member for at least 10 years. Alternatively, General non-PEPRA Members are eligible to retire at any age after having earned 30 years of Credited Service, or upon reaching age 70 with no service requirement.

Safety Members are eligible to retire at age 50 if they have earned five years of Credited Service and have been an Association member for at least 10 years. Alternatively, Safety Members are eligible to retire at any age after having earned 20 years of Credited Service, or upon reaching age 70 with no service requirement. The 20-year Credited Service retirement eligibility is not applicable to Tier 6 (PEPRA) Safety Members, nor is the 10-year Association membership requirement.

Benefit Amount: The Service Retirement Benefit payable to the Member is equal to the Member's Final Compensation multiplied by credited service, the benefit factor from Table 1 and the age factor from Table 2 corresponding to the Member's code section. The appropriate code sections for each group are listed in Table 1. For Tier 3 members, the age factors are applied after the benefit amount as determined under Table 1 has been offset by the designated fraction of the member's projected age 65 Social Security benefit.

> For Tier 3 Members with Credited Service up to 35 years, the percentage of Final Compensation may not exceed 70% and for those with more than 35 years, it may not exceed 80%. For all other non-PEPRA Members, the percentage of Final Compensation may not exceed 100%. For those members integrated with Social Security (other than Tiers 3 and 6), Retirement Benefits based on the first \$350 of monthly Final Average Compensation are reduced by one-third.



APPENDIX C – SUMMARY OF PLAN PROVISIONS

Table 1: Member Group Descriptions

	Open or		Max	Code		Top Retirement	
Group	Closed	FAP	Cola	Section	Description	Factor Age	Benefit Factor
General Tier I	Closed	1	3	31676.12	2% at 57	62	2.00%
General Tier II	Open	3	3	31676.1	2% at 62	65	1.67%
General Tier III	Closed	3	0	31499.14	Non- Contributory	65	First 35 Years: 2.0% of FAS less 1/35 th of Social Security benefit at age 65. Next 10 Years: 1% of FAS
General Tier IV	Closed	1	3	31676.14	2% at 55	65	1.67%
General Tier V	Closed	1	3	31676.14	2% at 55	65	1.67%
General Tier VI	Open	3	3	7522.2	PEPRA	67	1.00%
Safety Tier II	Open	3	3	31664	2% at 50	50	2.00%
Safety Tier IV	Closed	1	3	31664.1	3% at 50	50	3.00%
Safety Tier V	Closed	1	3	31664.1	3% at 50	50	3.00%
Safety Tier VI	Open	3	3	7522.25 (2)	PEPRA	57	1.00%

	Table 2: Age Factors									
	Safety	Safety	Safety	General	General	General	General	General		
	2% at Age 50	3% at Age 50	PEPRA	2% at Age 62	2% at Age 57	2% at Age 55	2% at Age 65	PEPRA		
Age	CERL §: 31664	CERL §: 31664.1	GC §: 7522.25 Opt2		CERL §: 31676.12	<u> </u>	<u> </u>			
41	0.6258	0.6258	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
42	0.6625	0.6625	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
43	0.7004	0.7004	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
44	0.7397	0.7397	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
45	0.7805	0.7805	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
46	0.8226	0.8226	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
47	0.8678	0.8678	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
48	0.9085	0.9085	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
49	0.9522	0.9522	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
50	1.0000	1.0000	2.0000	0.7091	0.6681	0.8850	N/A	N/A		
51	1.0516	1.0000	2.1000	0.7457	0.7056	0.9399	N/A	N/A		
52	1.1078	1.0000	2.2000	0.7816	0.7454	1.0000	N/A	1.0000		
53	1.1692	1.0000	2.3000	0.8181	0.7882	1.0447	N/A	1.1000		
54	1.2366	1.0000	2.4000	0.8556	0.8346	1.1048	N/A	1.2000		
55	1.3099	1.0000	2.5000	0.8954	0.8850	1.1686	0.3900	1.3000		
56	1.3099	1.0000	2.6000	0.9382	0.9399	1.2365	0.4300	1.4000		
57	1.3099	1.0000	2.7000	0.9846	1.0000	1.3093	0.4700	1.5000		
58	1.3099	1.0000	2.7000	1.0350	1.0447	1.3608	0.5100	1.6000		
59	1.3099	1.0000	2.7000	1.0899	1.1048	1.4123	0.5600	1.7000		
60	1.3099	1.0000	2.7000	1.1500	1.1686	1.4638	0.6100	1.8000		
61	1.3099	1.0000	2.7000	1.1947	1.2365	1.5153	0.6700	1.9000		
62	1.3099	1.0000	2.7000	1.2548	1.3093	1.5668	0.7400	2.0000		
63	1.3099	1.0000	2.7000	1.3186	1.3093	1.5668	0.8200	2.1000		
64	1.3099	1.0000	2.7000	1.3865	1.3093	1.5668	0.9000	2.2000		
65	1.3099	1.0000	2.7000	1.4593	1.3093	1.5668	1.0000	2.3000		
66	1.3099	1.0000	2.7000	1.4593	1.3093	1.5668	1.0000	2.4000		
67	1.3099	1.0000	2.7000	1.4593	1.3093	1.5668	1.0000	2.5000		

Form of Benefit:

The Service Retirement Benefit will be paid monthly beginning at retirement and for the life of the Member. If the member selects the unmodified benefit form, in the event of the Member's death 60% of the benefit will continue for the life of the Member's spouse or to the age of majority of dependent minor children if there is no spouse. For Tier 3 Members, the benefit payable to beneficiary is limited to 50%. In the event there is no surviving spouse or minor children, any unpaid remainder of



APPENDIX C – SUMMARY OF PLAN PROVISIONS

the Member's accumulated contributions will be paid to the Member's designated beneficiary.

Actuarially equivalent optional benefit forms are also available.

Annually on April 1, benefits for all retired members other than those in Tier 3 are adjusted to reflect changes in the CPI for the San Francisco Bay Area since the prior year. Benefits may be increased or decreased, but the cumulative changes shall never reduce the benefit below the original monthly allowance. Annual increases may not exceed the COLA figures shown in Table 1, but CPI increases above this figure are "banked" and used for future increases when the CPI increases by less than the figures shown.

In addition, ad hoc cost-of-living adjustments have been granted in the past and may be granted in the future.

A lump sum benefit of \$5,000 will be payable upon the death of a retired member. No death benefit is payable for Tier 3 retired members.

D. Service-Connected Disability

Eligibility: All non-Tier 3 Members are eligible for Service-Connected Disability

Retirement benefits at any age if they are permanently disabled as a result of injuries or illness sustained in the line of duty. Tier 3 Members are not

eligible to receive disability benefits.

Benefit Amount: The Service-Connected Disability Retirement Benefit payable to Members

is equal to the greater of 50% of their Final Compensation or – if the Member is eligible at disability for a Service Retirement Benefit – the

Service Retirement Benefit accrued on the date of disability.

Form of Benefit: The Service-Connected Disability Retirement Benefit will be paid

monthly beginning at the effective date of disability retirement and for the life of the Member; in the event of the Member's death, 100% of the benefit will continue for the life of the Member's spouse or to the age of majority of dependent minor children if there is no spouse. In the event there is no surviving spouse or minor children, any unpaid remainder of the Member's accumulated contributions will be paid to the Member's

designated beneficiary.

Actuarially equivalent optional benefit forms and COLA adjustments (as described for the Service Retirement benefit) are also available. A lump sum benefit of \$5,000 will be payable upon the death of the member.



APPENDIX C – SUMMARY OF PLAN PROVISIONS

E. Nonservice-Connected Disability

Eligibility: Tier 3 Members are not eligible to receive disability benefits. All other

Members are eligible for Nonservice-Connected Disability Retirement benefits if they are permanently disabled at any age after earning five

years of Credited Service.

Benefit Amount: The Nonservice-Connected Disability Retirement Benefit payable to Tier 1 General Members is equal to the greatest of:

- 1.8% of Final Compensation at disability multiplied by years of Credited Service at disability;
- 1.8% of Final Compensation at disability multiplied by years of Credited Service projected to age 62, but not to exceed one-third of Final Compensation; or
- If the Member is eligible at disability for a Service Retirement Benefit, the Service Retirement Benefit accrued on the date of disability.

The Nonservice-Connected Disability Retirement Benefit payable to Tiers 2, 4, 5, and 6 General Members is equal to the greatest of:

- 1.5% of Final Compensation at disability multiplied by years of Credited Service at disability;
- 1.5% of Final Compensation at disability multiplied by years of Credited Service projected to age 65, but not to exceed one-third of Final Compensation; or
- If the Member is eligible at disability for a Service Retirement Benefit, the Service Retirement Benefit accrued on the date of disability.

The Nonservice-Connected Disability Retirement Benefit payable to Safety Members is equal to the greatest of:

- 1.8% of Final Compensation at disability multiplied by years of Credited Service at disability;
- 1.8% of Final Compensation at disability multiplied by years of Credited Service projected to age 55, but not to exceed one-third of Final Compensation; or
- If the Member is eligible at disability for a Service Retirement Benefit, the Service Retirement Benefit accrued on the date of disability.



82

APPENDIX C – SUMMARY OF PLAN PROVISIONS

Form of Benefit: The Nonservice-Connected Disability Retirement Benefit will be paid monthly beginning at the effective date of disability retirement, and for the life of the Member; in the event of the Member's death, 60% of the benefit will continue for the life of the Member's spouse or to the age of majority of dependent minor children if there is no spouse. In the event there is no surviving spouse or minor children, any unpaid remainder of the Member's accumulated contributions will be paid to the Member's designated beneficiary.

> Actuarially equivalent optional benefit forms and COLA adjustments (as described for the Service Retirement benefit) are also available. A lump sum benefit of \$5,000 will be payable upon the death of the member.

F. Death Benefit

Eligibility:

A Tier 3 Member's survivors are not eligible to receive death benefits. All other Members' survivors are eligible to receive different Death benefits dependent on the Member's cause of death and retirement eligibility.

Benefit Amount: In the event the Member's death resulted from injury or illness sustained in connection with the Member's duties, the Death Benefit payable to a surviving spouse, domestic partner, or eligible dependent children will be the greater of 50% of the Member's Final Compensation at the time of death or the Service Retirement Benefit.

> In the event the Member's death did not result from injury or illness sustained in connection with the Member's duties and at the time of death. the Member was eligible for Service Retirement or Non-Service Connected Disability (i.e., the employee was employed at least five years), the Death Benefit payable to the spouse, partner or children will be 60% of the survivor benefit based on benefit due on Member's date of death.

> In all other cases, the designated beneficiary (not necessarily a spouse/partner/child) will receive a refund of the Member's contributions with interest plus one month of Final Compensation for each year of service to a maximum of six years.

Form of Benefit: Annuity death benefits will be paid monthly beginning at the Member's death and for the life of the surviving spouse/partner or to the age of majority of dependent minor children if there is no spouse/partner. Lump sum benefits will be paid as described above.

> COLA adjustments (as described for the annuity benefits) are also available.



APPENDIX C – SUMMARY OF PLAN PROVISIONS

G. Withdrawal Benefits

Eligibility: Tier 3 Members are not eligible to receive withdrawal benefits. All other

Members are eligible for a Withdrawal Benefit upon termination of employment, if not eligible to receive or electing to waive a monthly benefit.

Benefit Amount: The Withdrawal Benefit is a refund of the Member's accumulated

Contributions with interest. Upon receipt of the Withdrawal Benefit, the

Member forfeits all Credited Service.

Form of Benefit: The Withdrawal Benefit is paid in a lump sum upon election by the

Member.

H. Deferred Vested Benefit

Eligibility: A Member is eligible for a Deferred Vested Benefit upon termination of

employment after earning five years of Credited Service, including reciprocity service from another system. For Tier 3 Members, the vesting

requirement is 10 years of Credited Service.

The Member must leave his or her Member Contributions with interest on

deposit with the Plan. This requirement does not apply to Tier 3 Members

since they participate in a non-contributory Plan.

Benefit Amount: The Deferred Vested Benefit is computed in the same manner as the

Service Retirement Benefit, but it is based on Credited Service and Final

Compensation on the date of termination.

Form of Benefit: The Deferred Vested Benefit will be paid monthly beginning at retirement

and for the life of the Member; in the event of the Member's death, 60% of the benefit will continue for the life of the Member's spouse or to the age of majority of dependent minor children if there is no spouse. For Tier 3 Members, the benefit payable to beneficiary is limited to 50%. In the event there is no surviving spouse or minor children, any unpaid remainder of the Member's accumulated contributions will be paid to the

Member's designated beneficiary.

Actuarially equivalent optional benefit forms and COLA adjustments (as described for the Service Retirement benefit) are also available. A lump sum benefit of \$5,000 will be payable upon the death of the member. No

death benefit is payable for Tier 3 retired members.



APPENDIX C – SUMMARY OF PLAN PROVISIONS

I. Reciprocal Benefit

Eligibility:

A Member is eligible for a Reciprocal Benefit upon termination of employment after earning five years of Credited Service and entry, within a specified period of time, into another retirement system recognized as a reciprocal system by the Plan. For Tier 3 Members, the vesting requirement is 10 years of Credited Service.

The Member must leave his or her Member Contributions with interest on deposit with the Plan. This requirement does not apply to Tier 3 Members since they participate in a non-contributory Plan.

Benefit Amount: The Reciprocal Benefit is computed in the same manner as the Service Retirement Benefit, but it is based on Credited Service on the date of termination and Final Compensation on the date of retirement; Final Compensation is based on the highest of the Compensation earned under this Plan or the reciprocal plan.

Form of Benefit: The Reciprocal Benefit will be paid monthly beginning at retirement and for the life of the Member; in the event of the Member's death, 60% of the benefit will continue for the life of the Member's spouse or to the age of majority of dependent minor children if there is no spouse. For Tier 3 Members, the benefit payable to beneficiary is limited to 50%. In the event there is no surviving spouse or minor children, any unpaid remainder of the Member's accumulated contributions will be paid to the Member's designated beneficiary.

> Actuarially equivalent optional benefit forms and COLA adjustments (as described for the Service Retirement benefit) are also available.

> A lump sum benefit of \$5,000 will be payable upon the death of the member. No death benefit is payable for Tier 3 retired members.

J. Optional Benefit Forms

Prior to retirement, a member may elect to convert his retirement allowance into a benefit of equivalent Actuarial Value in accordance with one of the optional forms described below.

- 1. A reduced retirement allowance payable during his life with the provision that on his death the excess, if any, of his accumulated deductions at the time of retirement over the annuity payments made to him will be paid to his designated beneficiary or estate; or
- 2. A reduced retirement allowance payable during his life with the provision that after his death the reduced allowance will be continued for life to the beneficiary designated by him at the time of his retirement; or



APPENDIX C – SUMMARY OF PLAN PROVISIONS

3. A reduced retirement allowance payable during his life with the provision that after his death an allowance of one-half of his reduced allowance will be continued for life to the beneficiary designated by him at the time of his retirement.

In addition, a member participating in Social Security may elect to receive an increased monthly allowance before age 62 (earliest possible receipt of Social Security benefits) and then take a reduced monthly allowance at age 62 and after. This option will not affect any monthly payments payable to a beneficiary. This option is not available to those receiving a disability benefit.

K. Member Contributions

Other than Tiers 3 and 6, all Members contribute a percentage of Compensation to the Plan through payroll deduction. The percentage contributed depends on the Member's nearest age upon joining the Plan. Members do not contribute after earning 30 years of Credited Service.

Tier 6 (PEPRA) Members must contribute half of the Normal Cost of the Plan. Contributions for these members will be based on the Normal Cost associated with their benefits, including COLA; General and Safety members will pay different rates. Members will continue to contribute after earnings 30 years of service.

City of Ceres members in Tiers 1 and 4 pay the Tier 2 and 5 rates ("Full" rates), rather than the rates for their respective Tiers ("Half" rates).

Interest is credited semiannually to each Member's accumulated contributions. The crediting rate is set by the Board; the current annual rate is 0.25%.

The employee contribution rates are shown in the Appendix E.

L. Changes in Plan Provisions

No change.



APPENDIX D – GLOSSARY

1. Actuarial Assumptions

Assumptions as to the occurrence of future events affecting pension costs such as mortality, withdrawal, disability, retirement, changes in compensation, and rates of investment return.

2. Actuarial Cost Method

A procedure for determining the actuarial present value of pension plan benefits and expenses and for developing an allocation of such value to each year of service, usually in the form of a normal cost and an Actuarial Liability.

3. Actuarial Gain (Loss)

The difference between actual experience and that expected based upon a set of actuarial assumptions during the period between two actuarial valuation dates, as determined in accordance with a particular actuarial cost method.

4. Actuarial Liability

The portion of the actuarial present value of projected benefits that will not be paid by future normal costs. It represents the value of the past normal costs with interest to the valuation date.

5. Actuarial Present Value (Present Value)

The value as of a given date of a future amount or series of payments. The actuarial present value discounts the payments to the given date at the assumed investment return and includes the probability of the payment being made.

6. Actuarial Valuation

The determination, as of a specified date, of the normal cost, Actuarial Liability, Actuarial Value of Assets, and related actuarial present values for a pension plan.

7. Actuarial Value of Assets

The value of cash, investments, and other property belonging to a pension plan as used by the actuary for the purpose of an actuarial valuation. The purpose of an Actuarial Value of Assets is to smooth out fluctuations in market values.



APPENDIX D – GLOSSARY

8. Actuarially Equivalent

Of equal actuarial present value, determined as of a given date, with each value based on the same set of actuarial assumptions.

9. Amortization Payment

The portion of the pension plan contribution, which is designed to pay interest and principal on the Unfunded Actuarial Liability in order to pay for that liability in a given number of years.

10. Entry Age Normal Actuarial Cost Method

A method under which the actuarial present value of the projected benefits of each individual included in an actuarial valuation is allocated on a level basis over the earnings of the individual between entry age and assumed exit ages.

11. Funded Ratio

The ratio of the Actuarial Value of Assets to the Actuarial Liability.

12. Normal Cost

That portion of the actuarial present value of pension plan benefits and expenses that is allocated to a valuation year by the actuarial cost method.

13. Projected Benefits

Those pension plan benefit amounts which are expected to be paid in the future under a particular set of actuarial assumptions, taking into account such items as increases in future compensation and service credits.

14. Unfunded Actuarial Liability

The excess of the Actuarial Liability over the Actuarial Value of Assets. The Unfunded Actuarial Liability is not appropriate for assessing the sufficiency of plan assets to cover the estimated cost of settling StanCERA's benefit obligation in the event of a plan termination or other similar action. However, it is an appropriate measure for assessing the need for or the amount of future contributions.



APPENDIX E – MEMBER CONTRIBUTION RATES

Employee Normal contribution rates vary by benefit formula as defined in the CERL and described in the table below, with the exception that City of Ceres members in Tiers 1 and 4 pay the Tier 2 and 5 rates ("Full" rates), rather than the rates for their respective Tiers ("Half" rates).

Plan/Tier	Code Section	Member Contribution Provides Average Annuity
General Tier 1	31621.5	1/200th of Final Average Salary (FAS) at age 60
General Tier 2	31621	1/120th of Final Average Salary (FAS) at age 60
General Tier 3	NA	NA
General Tier 4	31621.3	1/240th of Final Average Salary (FAS) at age 55
General Tier 5	31621.9	1/120th of Final Average Salary (FAS) at age 55
Safety Tier 2	31639.25	1/100th of Final Average Salary (FAS) at age 50
Safety Tier 4	31639.5	1/200th of Final Average Salary (FAS) at age 50
Safety Tier 5	31639.25	1/100th of Final Average Salary (FAS) at age 50

Employee COLA contribution rates are determined based on 50% of the normal cost associated with the expected COLA benefits, including all forms of decrement and the value of any assumed joint and survivor benefits, determined for each individual entry age. Similar to the benefit formulas, for those members integrated with Social Security (other than Tiers 3 and 6), contributions based on the first \$350 of monthly compensation are reduced by one-third.

The rates were changed following the Experience Study covering the period June 30, 2018 through June 30, 2021. The current employee contribution rates are shown in the following tables and were determined based on the assumptions used in the current actuarial valuation. These assumptions include an interest rate of 6.75% per annum, an average salary increase of 2.75% per year (plus longevity and promotion increases), and the CalPERS mortality tables with adjustment as specified in the Appendix B and projected using 80% of Scale MP-2020 from 2017 to 2042 for General members and to 2043 for Safety members. The projection periods are based upon the duration of liabilities for the respective groups as of June 30, 2021. The rates are blended using a male/female weighting of 25% male / 75% female for General members, and 80% male / 20% female for Safety members.

Basic and COLA rates were determined based on an assumption that members would cease making contributions after 30 years of service. Basic and COLA rates include the value of the accumulated vacation time load, except that the load is not applied when calculating the Basic rates for members with less than three years of service.

Employee contribution rates for Tier 6 (PEPRA) members are determined based on half the Normal Cost (including COLA) for the PEPRA members, computed separately for General and Safety members, and for County and Ceres / Other District members. Due to the passage of SB13, contribution rates for PEPRA members are not rounded, and are recomputed each year.

The member contribution rates shown in this appendix apply only to pensionable compensation (up to the PEPRA Compensation Limits for PEPRA members).



				General Tie	er 1			
Entry	Basic	Basic	COL	COL	Total	Total	Prior Total	Prior Total
Age	First \$350	Over \$350	First \$350	Over \$350	First \$350	Over \$350	First \$350	Over \$350
16	2.39%	3.59%	1.00%	1.50%	3.39%	5.09%	3.46%	5.19%
17	2.39%	3.59%	1.00%	1.50%	3.39%	5.09%	3.46%	5.19%
18	2.39%	3.59%	1.00%	1.50%	3.39%	5.09%	3.46%	5.19%
19	2.39%	3.59%	1.00%	1.50%	3.39%	5.09%	3.46%	5.19%
20	2.39%	3.59%	1.00%	1.50%	3.39%	5.09%	3.46%	5.19%
21	2.41%	3.62%	1.03%	1.54%	3.44%	5.16%	3.51%	5.26%
22	2.43%	3.65%	1.05%	1.58%	3.48%	5.23%	3.55%	5.33%
23	2.45%	3.67%	1.09%	1.63%	3.53%	5.30%	3.59%	5.39%
24	2.46%	3.69%	1.11%	1.67%	3.57%	5.36%	3.64%	5.46%
25	2.47%	3.71%	1.15%	1.72%	3.62%	5.43%	3.68%	5.52%
26	2.48%	3.73%	1.18%	1.77%	3.66%	5.50%	3.71%	5.57%
27	2.49%	3.74%	1.21%	1.82%	3.71%	5.56%	3.76%	5.63%
28	2.50%	3.75%	1.24%	1.86%	3.74%	5.61%	3.79%	5.68%
29	2.50%	3.75%	1.27%	1.91%	3.78%	5.66%	3.82%	5.73%
30	2.50%	3.76%	1.31%	1.96%	3.81%	5.72%	3.85%	5.77%
31	2.56%	3.83%	1.33%	2.00%	3.89%	5.83%	3.92%	5.88%
32	2.61%	3.91%	1.36%	2.04%	3.97%	5.95%	4.01%	6.01%
33	2.66%	3.99%	1.39%	2.08%	4.05%	6.07%	4.08%	6.13%
34	2.72%	4.07%	1.41%	2.12%	4.13%	6.19%	4.17%	6.25%
35	2.77%	4.16%	1.45%	2.17%	4.22%	6.33%	4.26%	6.39%
36	2.83%	4.24%	1.49%	2.24%	4.32%	6.48%	4.36%	6.54%
37	2.89%	4.33%	1.54%	2.31%	4.43%	6.64%	4.46%	6.69%
38	2.95%	4.42%	1.58%	2.37%	4.53%	6.79%	4.56%	6.84%
39	3.01%	4.52%	1.63%	2.44%	4.64%	6.96%	4.66%	7.00%
40	3.07%	4.61%	1.67%	2.51%	4.75%	7.12%	4.77%	7.15%
41	3.14%	4.71%	1.70%	2.55%	4.84%	7.26%	4.86%	7.29%
42	3.21%	4.81%	1.73%	2.60%	4.94%	7.41%	4.96%	7.44%
43	3.28%	4.92%	1.76%	2.64%	5.04%	7.56%	5.06%	7.59%
44	3.35%	5.03%	1.79%	2.68%	5.14%	7.71%	5.16%	7.73%
45	3.43%	5.14%	1.81%	2.72%	5.24%	7.86%	5.26%	7.88%
46	3.51%	5.26%	1.83%	2.75%	5.34%	8.01%	5.37%	8.05%
47	3.59%	5.38%	1.85%	2.78%	5.44%	8.16%	5.47%	8.20%
48	3.68%	5.52%	1.88%	2.82%	5.56%	8.34%	5.58%	8.37%
49	3.77%	5.65%	1.90%	2.85%	5.67%	8.50%	5.68%	8.51%
50	3.85%	5.78%	1.91%	2.86%	5.76%	8.64%	5.77%	8.66%
51	3.94%	5.90%	1.91%	2.86%	5.84%	8.76%	5.85%	8.78%
52	4.02%	6.03%	1.90%	2.85%	5.92%	8.88%	5.91%	8.86%
53	4.08%	6.12%	1.87%	2.80%	5.95%	8.92%	5.91%	8.86%
54	4.11%	6.16%	1.84%	2.76%	5.95%	8.92%	5.90%	8.85%
55	4.09%	6.13%	1.81%	2.71%	5.89%	8.84%	5.84%	8.76%
56	4.06%	6.10%	1.71%	2.57%	5.78%	8.67%	5.74%	8.61%
57	4.04%	6.07%	1.61%	2.42%	5.66%	8.49%	5.59%	8.39%
58	3.91%	5.86%	1.50%	2.25%	5.41%	8.11%	5.49%	8.24%
59+	3.88%	5.83%	1.44%	2.16%	5.32%	7.99%	5.45%	8.17%



				General Ti	ier 2			
Entry	Basic	Basic	COL	COL	Total	Total	Prior Total	Prior Total
Age	First \$350	Over \$350	First \$350	Over \$350	First \$350	Over \$350	First \$350	Over \$350
16	3.79%	5.69%	0.81%	1.22%	4.60%	6.91%	4.63%	6.95%
17	3.79%	5.69%	0.81%	1.22%	4.60%	6.91%	4.63%	6.95%
18	3.79%	5.69%	0.81%	1.22%	4.60%	6.91%	4.63%	6.95%
19	3.79%	5.69%	0.81%	1.22%	4.60%	6.91%	4.63%	6.95%
20	3.79%	5.69%	0.81%	1.22%	4.60%	6.91%	4.63%	6.95%
21	3.82%	5.73%	0.83%	1.25%	4.65%	6.98%	4.68%	7.02%
22	3.85%	5.77%	0.85%	1.28%	4.70%	7.05%	4.73%	7.09%
23	3.87%	5.81%	0.87%	1.31%	4.75%	7.12%	4.77%	7.16%
24	3.90%	5.85%	0.89%	1.34%	4.79%	7.19%	4.81%	7.22%
25	3.92%	5.88%	0.92%	1.38%	4.84%	7.26%	4.85%	7.28%
26	3.93%	5.90%	0.95%	1.42%	4.88%	7.32%	4.89%	7.34%
27	3.95%	5.92%	0.97%	1.46%	4.92%	7.38%	4.93%	7.39%
28	3.96%	5.93%	0.99%	1.49%	4.95%	7.42%	4.96%	7.44%
29	3.96%	5.94%	1.02%	1.53%	4.98%	7.47%	4.99%	7.48%
30	3.96%	5.95%	1.05%	1.57%	5.01%	7.52%	5.02%	7.52%
31	4.05%	6.07%	1.07%	1.61%	5.12%	7.68%	5.12%	7.68%
32	4.13%	6.19%	1.10%	1.65%	5.23%	7.84%	5.23%	7.84%
33	4.21%	6.32%	1.12%	1.68%	5.33%	8.00%	5.34%	8.01%
34	4.30%	6.45%	1.15%	1.72%	5.45%	8.17%	5.45%	8.18%
35	4.39%	6.58%	1.17%	1.76%	5.56%	8.34%	5.57%	8.35%
36	4.48%	6.72%	1.21%	1.82%	5.69%	8.54%	5.69%	8.53%
37	4.57%	6.86%	1.25%	1.87%	5.82%	8.73%	5.82%	8.73%
38	4.67%	7.00%	1.29%	1.93%	5.96%	8.93%	5.94%	8.92%
39	4.77%	7.15%	1.33%	1.99%	6.09%	9.14%	6.07%	9.11%
40	4.87%	7.30%	1.36%	2.04%	6.23%	9.34%	6.21%	9.32%
41	4.97%	7.46%	1.39%	2.08%	6.36%	9.54%	6.33%	9.50%
42	5.08%	7.62%	1.41%	2.11%	6.48%	9.73%	6.46%	9.69%
43	5.19%	7.78%	1.43%	2.14%	6.62%	9.92%	6.59%	9.89%
44	5.30%	7.96%	1.45%	2.17%	6.75%	10.13%	6.73%	10.09%
45	5.42%	8.14%	1.47%	2.20%	6.89%	10.34%	6.87%	10.30%
46	5.55%	8.33%	1.49%	2.24%	7.04%	10.57%	7.01%	10.52%
47	5.68%	8.52%	1.51%	2.27%	7.19%	10.79%	7.16%	10.73%
48	5.81%	8.71%	1.53%	2.30%	7.34%	11.01%	7.31%	10.96%
49	5.93%	8.90%	1.55%	2.33%	7.48%	11.23%	7.45%	11.17%
50	6.05%	9.08%	1.57%	2.35%	7.62%	11.43%	7.58%	11.36%
51	6.15%	9.23%	1.58%	2.37%	7.73%	11.60%	7.69%	11.53%
52	6.23%	9.34%	1.59%	2.38%	7.81%	11.72%	7.77%	11.65%
53	6.25%	9.37%	1.59%	2.38%	7.83%	11.75%	7.78%	11.67%
54	6.23%	9.35%	1.57%	2.36%	7.81%	11.71%	7.75%	11.63%
55	6.20%	9.30%	1.55%	2.33%	7.76%	11.63%	7.69%	11.53%
56	6.17%	9.25%	1.48%	2.22%	7.65%	11.47%	7.60%	11.39%
57	6.14%	9.21%	1.40%	2.10%	7.54%	11.31%	7.46%	11.19%
58	6.27%	9.41%	1.31%	1.96%	7.58%	11.37%	7.60%	11.40%
59+	6.47%	9.71%	1.25%	1.88%	7.73%	11.59%	7.78%	11.67%



				General Tie	er 4			
Entry	Basic	Basic	COL	COL	Total	Total	Prior Total	Prior Total
Age	First \$350	Over \$350	First \$350	Over \$350	First \$350	Over \$350	First \$350	Over \$350
16	2.19%	3.28%	1.06%	1.59%	3.25%	4.87%	3.32%	4.98%
17	2.19%	3.28%	1.06%	1.59%	3.25%	4.87%	3.32%	4.98%
18	2.19%	3.28%	1.06%	1.59%	3.25%	4.87%	3.32%	4.98%
19	2.19%	3.28%	1.06%	1.59%	3.25%	4.87%	3.32%	4.98%
20	2.19%	3.28%	1.06%	1.59%	3.25%	4.87%	3.32%	4.98%
21	2.20%	3.30%	1.09%	1.63%	3.28%	4.93%	3.36%	5.05%
22	2.21%	3.31%	1.11%	1.67%	3.32%	4.98%	3.40%	5.10%
23	2.21%	3.32%	1.15%	1.72%	3.36%	5.04%	3.43%	5.14%
24	2.21%	3.32%	1.17%	1.76%	3.39%	5.08%	3.46%	5.19%
25	2.21%	3.32%	1.21%	1.81%	3.42%	5.13%	3.49%	5.24%
26	2.26%	3.39%	1.24%	1.86%	3.50%	5.25%	3.56%	5.34%
27	2.31%	3.46%	1.27%	1.91%	3.58%	5.37%	3.63%	5.44%
28	2.35%	3.53%	1.30%	1.95%	3.65%	5.48%	3.70%	5.55%
29	2.40%	3.60%	1.33%	1.99%	3.73%	5.59%	3.77%	5.66%
30	2.45%	3.68%	1.36%	2.04%	3.81%	5.72%	3.85%	5.77%
31	2.50%	3.75%	1.39%	2.09%	3.90%	5.84%	3.92%	5.88%
32	2.56%	3.83%	1.41%	2.12%	3.97%	5.95%	4.00%	6.00%
33	2.61%	3.91%	1.44%	2.16%	4.05%	6.07%	4.08%	6.12%
34	2.66%	3.99%	1.47%	2.21%	4.14%	6.20%	4.17%	6.26%
35	2.72%	4.08%	1.50%	2.25%	4.22%	6.33%	4.27%	6.40%
36	2.78%	4.17%	1.55%	2.33%	4.33%	6.50%	4.36%	6.54%
37	2.84%	4.26%	1.60%	2.40%	4.44%	6.66%	4.46%	6.70%
38	2.90%	4.35%	1.65%	2.47%	4.55%	6.82%	4.56%	6.84%
39	2.96%	4.45%	1.69%	2.54%	4.66%	6.99%	4.67%	7.01%
40	3.03%	4.55%	1.73%	2.60%	4.76%	7.15%	4.78%	7.17%
41	3.10%	4.65%	1.76%	2.64%	4.86%	7.29%	4.88%	7.31%
42	3.18%	4.76%	1.79%	2.68%	4.96%	7.44%	4.97%	7.46%
43	3.25%	4.88%	1.81%	2.72%	5.07%	7.60%	5.08%	7.62%
44	3.33%	5.00%	1.83%	2.75%	5.17%	7.75%	5.17%	7.76%
45	3.41%	5.11%	1.86%	2.79%	5.27%	7.90%	5.27%	7.91%
46	3.48%	5.22%	1.87%	2.81%	5.36%	8.03%	5.36%	8.05%
47	3.56%	5.34%	1.89%	2.84%	5.45%	8.18%	5.46%	8.18%
48	3.61%	5.41%	1.91%	2.86%	5.51%	8.27%	5.52%	8.28%
49	3.63%	5.45%	1.92%	2.88%	5.55%	8.33%	5.55%	8.32%
50	3.61%	5.42%	1.92%	2.88%	5.53%	8.30%	5.53%	8.29%
51	3.60%	5.39%	1.91%	2.87%	5.51%	8.26%	5.51%	8.27%
52	3.58%	5.37%	1.91%	2.86%	5.48%	8.23%	5.46%	8.19%
53	3.45%	5.18%	1.87%	2.81%	5.33%	7.99%	5.36%	8.03%
54+	3.44%	5.15%	1.84%	2.76%	5.28%	7.91%	5.30%	7.96%



				General Tie	er 5			
Entry	Basic	Basic	COL	COL	Total	Total	Prior Total	Prior Total
Age	First \$350	Over \$350	First \$350	Over \$350	First \$350	Over \$350	First \$350	Over \$350
16	4.38%	6.57%	1.06%	1.59%	5.44%	8.16%	5.41%	8.11%
17	4.38%	6.57%	1.06%	1.59%	5.44%	8.16%	5.41%	8.11%
18	4.38%	6.57%	1.06%	1.59%	5.44%	8.16%	5.41%	8.11%
19	4.38%	6.57%	1.06%	1.59%	5.44%	8.16%	5.41%	8.11%
20	4.38%	6.57%	1.06%	1.59%	5.44%	8.16%	5.41%	8.11%
21	4.40%	6.59%	1.09%	1.63%	5.48%	8.22%	5.46%	8.19%
22	4.41%	6.62%	1.11%	1.67%	5.52%	8.29%	5.50%	8.25%
23	4.42%	6.63%	1.15%	1.72%	5.57%	8.35%	5.54%	8.31%
24	4.43%	6.64%	1.17%	1.76%	5.60%	8.40%	5.57%	8.35%
25	4.43%	6.64%	1.21%	1.81%	5.64%	8.45%	5.60%	8.41%
26	4.52%	6.78%	1.24%	1.86%	5.76%	8.64%	5.72%	8.58%
27	4.61%	6.92%	1.27%	1.91%	5.89%	8.83%	5.83%	8.74%
28	4.71%	7.06%	1.30%	1.95%	6.01%	9.01%	5.94%	8.92%
29	4.81%	7.21%	1.33%	1.99%	6.13%	9.20%	6.06%	9.09%
30	4.90%	7.36%	1.36%	2.04%	6.26%	9.40%	6.18%	9.28%
31	5.01%	7.51%	1.39%	2.09%	6.40%	9.60%	6.31%	9.46%
32	5.11%	7.67%	1.41%	2.12%	6.52%	9.79%	6.44%	9.66%
33	5.22%	7.83%	1.44%	2.16%	6.66%	9.99%	6.57%	9.85%
34	5.33%	7.99%	1.47%	2.21%	6.80%	10.20%	6.71%	10.07%
35	5.44%	8.16%	1.50%	2.25%	6.94%	10.41%	6.86%	10.29%
36	5.55%	8.33%	1.55%	2.33%	7.11%	10.66%	7.01%	10.51%
37	5.67%	8.51%	1.60%	2.40%	7.27%	10.91%	7.17%	10.75%
38	5.80%	8.70%	1.65%	2.47%	7.44%	11.17%	7.33%	10.99%
39	5.93%	8.89%	1.69%	2.54%	7.62%	11.43%	7.50%	11.24%
40	6.06%	9.09%	1.73%	2.60%	7.79%	11.69%	7.67%	11.50%
41	6.20%	9.30%	1.76%	2.64%	7.96%	11.94%	7.83%	11.75%
42	6.35%	9.53%	1.79%	2.68%	8.14%	12.21%	8.00%	12.00%
43	6.51%	9.76%	1.81%	2.72%	8.32%	12.48%	8.18%	12.27%
44	6.66%	10.00%	1.83%	2.75%	8.50%	12.75%	8.35%	12.52%
45	6.82%	10.22%	1.86%	2.79%	8.68%	13.01%	8.52%	12.78%
46	6.96%	10.45%	1.87%	2.81%	8.84%	13.26%	8.68%	13.02%
47	7.11%	10.67%	1.89%	2.84%	9.01%	13.51%	8.84%	13.27%
48	7.22%	10.82%	1.91%	2.86%	9.12%	13.68%	8.95%	13.43%
49	7.27%	10.90%	1.92%	2.88%	9.19%	13.78%	9.01%	13.51%
50	7.23%	10.84%	1.92%	2.88%	9.15%	13.72%	8.97%	13.46%
51	7.19%	10.79%	1.91%	2.87%	9.10%	13.66%	8.94%	13.40%
52	7.15%	10.73%	1.91%	2.86%	9.06%	13.59%	8.87%	13.30%
53	6.91%	10.36%	1.87%	2.81%	8.78%	13.17%	8.71%	13.07%
54+	6.87%	10.31%	1.84%	2.76%	8.71%	13.07%	8.64%	12.96%



	Safety Tier 2							
Entry	Basic	Basic	COL	COL	Total	Total	Prior Total	Prior Total
Age	First \$350	Over \$350	First \$350	Over \$350	First \$350	Over \$350	First \$350	Over \$350
18	5.55%	8.32%	2.05%	3.08%	7.60%	11.40%	6.65%	9.98%
19	5.55%	8.32%	2.05%	3.08%	7.60%	11.40%	6.65%	9.98%
20	5.55%	8.32%	2.05%	3.08%	7.60%	11.40%	6.65%	9.98%
21	5.64%	8.46%	2.12%	3.18%	7.76%	11.64%	6.83%	10.24%
22	5.74%	8.61%	2.15%	3.23%	7.89%	11.84%	6.98%	10.47%
23	5.83%	8.75%	2.19%	3.29%	8.03%	12.04%	7.14%	10.70%
24	5.93%	8.90%	2.23%	3.34%	8.16%	12.24%	7.30%	10.94%
25	6.03%	9.05%	2.25%	3.38%	8.29%	12.43%	7.46%	11.19%
26	6.14%	9.21%	2.28%	3.42%	8.42%	12.63%	7.62%	11.42%
27	6.24%	9.36%	2.30%	3.45%	8.54%	12.81%	7.78%	11.67%
28	6.35%	9.52%	2.32%	3.48%	8.67%	13.00%	7.96%	11.94%
29	6.46%	9.68%	2.33%	3.50%	8.79%	13.18%	8.13%	12.20%
30	6.57%	9.85%	2.37%	3.56%	8.94%	13.41%	8.31%	12.46%
31	6.68%	10.02%	2.41%	3.62%	9.09%	13.64%	8.50%	12.75%
32	6.80%	10.20%	2.46%	3.69%	9.26%	13.89%	8.69%	13.03%
33	6.92%	10.38%	2.50%	3.75%	9.42%	14.13%	8.88%	13.32%
34	7.04%	10.56%	2.53%	3.80%	9.58%	14.36%	9.07%	13.61%
35	7.17%	10.75%	2.55%	3.82%	9.72%	14.57%	9.27%	13.91%
36	7.30%	10.95%	2.56%	3.84%	9.86%	14.79%	9.46%	14.19%
37	7.44%	11.16%	2.56%	3.84%	10.00%	15.00%	9.64%	14.47%
38	7.58%	11.37%	2.55%	3.83%	10.13%	15.20%	9.84%	14.76%
39	7.72%	11.58%	2.55%	3.83%	10.27%	15.41%	10.03%	15.04%
40	7.85%	11.78%	2.55%	3.83%	10.40%	15.61%	10.21%	15.32%
41	7.98%	11.98%	2.53%	3.79%	10.51%	15.77%	10.34%	15.52%
42	8.12%	12.17%	2.51%	3.77%	10.63%	15.94%	10.46%	15.69%
43	8.19%	12.29%	2.50%	3.75%	10.69%	16.04%	10.55%	15.83%
44	8.21%	12.32%	2.49%	3.74%	10.71%	16.06%	10.61%	15.91%
45	8.19%	12.28%	2.49%	3.74%	10.68%	16.02%	10.61%	15.91%
46	8.15%	12.22%	2.51%	3.77%	10.66%	15.99%	10.58%	15.86%
47	8.11%	12.16%	2.53%	3.79%	10.63%	15.95%	10.49%	15.73%
48	8.28%	12.42%	2.55%	3.82%	10.83%	16.24%	10.70%	16.06%
49+	8.55%	12.83%	2.56%	3.84%	11.11%	16.67%	10.97%	16.45%



	Safety Tier 5							
Entry	Basic	Basic	COL	COL	Total	Total	Prior Total	Prior Total
Age	First \$350	Over \$350	First \$350	Over \$350	First \$350	Over \$350	First \$350	Over \$350
18	5.87%	8.80%	2.97%	4.46%	8.84%	13.26%	7.54%	11.31%
19	5.87%	8.80%	2.97%	4.46%	8.84%	13.26%	7.54%	11.31%
20	5.87%	8.80%	2.97%	4.46%	8.84%	13.26%	7.54%	11.31%
21	5.97%	8.95%	3.07%	4.60%	9.04%	13.55%	7.74%	11.61%
22	6.07%	9.10%	3.11%	4.67%	9.18%	13.77%	7.91%	11.87%
23	6.17%	9.26%	3.16%	4.74%	9.33%	14.00%	8.08%	12.12%
24	6.28%	9.42%	3.20%	4.80%	9.48%	14.22%	8.25%	12.38%
25	6.38%	9.58%	3.23%	4.84%	9.61%	14.42%	8.43%	12.64%
26	6.49%	9.74%	3.25%	4.88%	9.75%	14.62%	8.60%	12.91%
27	6.60%	9.90%	3.27%	4.91%	9.88%	14.81%	8.78%	13.17%
28	6.71%	10.07%	3.29%	4.93%	10.00%	15.00%	8.97%	13.45%
29	6.83%	10.24%	3.29%	4.93%	10.12%	15.17%	9.14%	13.71%
30	6.95%	10.42%	3.29%	4.93%	10.23%	15.35%	9.29%	13.94%
31	7.07%	10.60%	3.29%	4.94%	10.36%	15.54%	9.44%	14.15%
32	7.19%	10.79%	3.31%	4.96%	10.50%	15.75%	9.62%	14.44%
33	7.32%	10.98%	3.31%	4.97%	10.63%	15.95%	9.82%	14.73%
34	7.45%	11.17%	3.33%	4.99%	10.78%	16.16%	10.02%	15.02%
35	7.58%	11.38%	3.34%	5.01%	10.92%	16.39%	10.22%	15.34%
36	7.73%	11.59%	3.25%	4.87%	10.97%	16.46%	10.42%	15.63%
37	7.87%	11.81%	3.24%	4.86%	11.11%	16.67%	10.63%	15.95%
38	8.03%	12.04%	3.23%	4.84%	11.25%	16.88%	10.86%	16.29%
39	8.19%	12.29%	3.21%	4.81%	11.40%	17.10%	11.08%	16.62%
40	8.35%	12.52%	3.19%	4.78%	11.53%	17.30%	11.30%	16.95%
41	8.49%	12.74%	3.14%	4.71%	11.63%	17.45%	11.41%	17.11%
42	8.65%	12.98%	3.10%	4.65%	11.75%	17.63%	11.51%	17.27%
43	8.81%	13.22%	3.07%	4.61%	11.89%	17.83%	11.62%	17.43%
44	8.98%	13.47%	3.05%	4.57%	12.03%	18.04%	11.74%	17.61%
45	8.96%	13.44%	3.03%	4.54%	11.99%	17.98%	11.80%	17.71%
46	8.95%	13.42%	3.03%	4.55%	11.98%	17.97%	11.83%	17.75%
47	8.90%	13.35%	3.04%	4.56%	11.94%	17.91%	11.81%	17.72%
48	8.60%	12.90%	3.05%	4.57%	11.64%	17.47%	11.60%	17.40%
49+	8.55%	12.83%	3.05%	4.58%	11.60%	17.41%	11.48%	17.21%



		PEPRA Rate	S				
	Ger	neral	Safety				
	County and Ceres and Other		County and	Ceres and Other			
	Former County	Districts	Former County	Districts			
Current	8.45%	9.14%	13.15%	14.77%			
Prior	8.44%	9.10%	13.18%	14.72%			
Assumptions:							
Interest:	6.75%						
Salary:	2021 Valuation Scale (Service based, includes wage inflation at 2.75%)						
Mortality:	Because the PEPRA contributions rates are based on 50% of the actual Normal Cost, the mortality rates are the same as those used in the Actuarial Valuation (CalPERS mortality tables with adjustments based on StanCERA experience projected generationally from 2017 using 80% of Scale MP-2020)						







February 17, 2023

Mr. Tom Stadelmaier Executive Director Stanislaus County Employees' Retirement Association 832 12th Street, Suite 600 Modesto, CA 95354

Re: Development of FYE 2024 Contribution Rate for the Stanislaus Regional Transit Authority

Dear Tom:

This letter provides the development of the FYE 2024 employer contribution rate for the Stanislaus Regional Transit Authority ("StanRTA").

The Stanislaus Regional Transit Authority entered the Stanislaus County Employees' Retirement Association (StanCERA) on July 1, 2021. The calculation method for their employer contribution rate was discussed and approved at the April 27, 2021 Board of Retirement meeting. The new employer is included in the General – Ceres and Other Districts cost-sharing group.

The employer contribution rates are comprised of three pieces: Employer Normal Cost Rate, Unfunded Actuarial Liability Amortization Rate (UAL Amortization Rate), and Administrative Expense Rate (Admin Expense Rate).

The Employer Normal Cost Rate and the Administrative Expense Rate for the StanRTA will be the same rates calculated for the General – Ceres and Other Districts cost-sharing group in Table V-7 of the Actuarial Valuation Report as of June 30, 2022 (2022 AVR).

However, the UAL Amortization Rate will be different for the StanRTA. The UAL Amortization Rate represents the contributions needed to bring assets in line with the target level (i.e., the Actuarial Liability) and makes up a significant portion of the total employer rate. StanRTA joined StanCERA as of July 1, 2021 with no liability and, therefore, no role in creating the existing UAL. As such, a "full" UAL contribution would be inequitable. Additionally, with no initial past service, in the near future StanRTA will have only a relatively small impact on future changes in UAL due to deviations from expectations.

The new employer UAL contribution method approved at the April 27, 2021 meeting is as follows:

- The employer does not make contributions for any UAL layer established prior to or concurrent with the date of entry to StanCERA,
- The employer will make phased-in contributions for any UAL layers established after the date of entry to StanCERA,
- The phase-in will occur over 15 years.

Mr. Tom Stadelmaier February 17, 2023 Page 2

StanRTA did not make UAL contributions in FYE 2023 because the FYE 2023 rate did not reflect any UAL amounts established after July 1, 2021.

StanRTA's phased-in UAL rate for FYE 2024 will be 1/15 of the UAL rate for the layer established as of June 30, 2022.

The General – Ceres and Other Districts amortization payment amount for the 2022 UAL layer is \$102,023 from Table V-4 of the 2022 AVR. The General – Ceres and Other Districts projected payroll is \$10,091,237 from Table V-2 of the 2022 AVR. This results in a "full" post-2021 UAL amortization rate of 1.02%. This "full" rate is multiplied by 1/15 to arrive at the phased-in UAL amortization rate of 0.07%.

The table below shows the FYE 2024 contribution rate for StanRTA. Rates are shown for Tier 5 and Tier 6 only, which cover all StanRTA members.

Development of the StanRTA Contribution Rate as of June 30, 2022 for FYE 2024					
	Tier 5	PEPRA			
StanRTA is a General Member of Ceres and Other Districts	<u>3</u>				
A. Total Normal Cost Rate	23.32%	18.29%			
B. Member Contribution Rate	<u>9.27</u> %	<u>9.14</u> %			
C. Employer Normal Cost Rate (A-B)	14.05%	9.15%			
D. UAL Amortization Rate	0.07%	0.07%			
E. Administrative Expense Rate	<u>0.88</u> %	<u>0.73</u> %			
F. Net June 30, 2022 Contribution Rate (C+D+E)	15.00%	9.95%			

In preparing this letter, we relied on information (some oral and some written) supplied by the StanCERA staff. This information includes, but is not limited to, Plan provisions, employee data, and financial information. We performed an informal examination of the obvious characteristics of the data for reasonableness and consistency in accordance with Actuarial Standard of Practice No. 23, Data Quality. The data, plan provisions, and actuarial assumptions and methods used (unless modified within this letter) are described in our June 30, 2022 actuarial valuation report.

Future results may differ significantly from the current results presented in this letter due to such factors as the following: plan experience different from that anticipated by the assumptions; changes in assumptions; and, changes in plan provisions or applicable law.

Cheiron utilizes ProVal actuarial valuation software leased from Winklevoss Technologies (WinTech) to calculate liabilities and project benefit payments. We have relied on WinTech as the developer of ProVal. We have a basic understanding of ProVal and have used ProVal in accordance with its original intended purpose. We have not identified any material inconsistencies in assumptions or output of ProVal that would affect this valuation.



Mr. Tom Stadelmaier February 17, 2023 Page 3

This letter and its contents have been prepared in accordance with generally recognized and accepted actuarial principles and practices and our understanding of the Code of Professional Conduct and applicable Actuarial Standards of Practice set out by the Actuarial Standards Board as well as applicable laws and regulations. Furthermore, as credentialed actuaries, we meet the Qualification Standards of the American Academy of Actuaries to render the opinion contained in this letter. This letter does not address any contractual or legal issues. We are not attorneys and our firm does not provide any legal services or advice.

Finally, this letter was prepared for StanCERA for the purpose described herein. Other users of this letter are not intended users as defined in the Actuarial Standards of Practice, and Cheiron assumes no duty or liability to any other user.

Please contact us if you have any questions regarding these calculations.

Sincerely, Cheiron

Graham A. Schmidt, ASA, EA, FCA, MAAA

Consulting Actuary

Jonathan B. Chipko, FSA, EA, MAAA

Consulting Actuary





February 28, 2023

Retirement Board Agenda Item

TO: Retirement Board

FROM: Lisa Frazer, Member & Employer Services Manager

I. SUBJECT: Methodology for Calculating Social Security Offset Amounts for Tier 3 Benefits

II. ITEM NUMBER: 10.b

III. ITEM TYPE: Discussion and Action

IV. STAFF RECOMMENDATION: Accept Cheiron's Recommendation for Calculating Social Security Offset for Tier 3 (Attachment 1)

V. ANAYLSIS:

StanCERA currently has 68 Tier 3 (non-contributory tier) members pending retirement calculations (8 active/60 deferred). Due to the small number of Tier 3 members remaining who have yet to commence receiving their retirement benefits, and because there are publicly available tools for calculating Social Security benefit amounts, it may not be necessary or economically efficient for the Board to establish and adjust a full table of estimated primary insurance amounts (PIA). It is recommended that various methods for determining the PIA be used in a member's retirement calculation, based on individual facts and circumstances.

Section 31499.14 of the County Employees Retirement Law of 1937 (the CERL) defines the benefit formula for Tier 3 members, including the reduction to the benefit related to the member's estimated or actual PIA. The CERL defines the term "Primary Insurance Amount" to mean the monthly retirement benefit payable under the federal system at the age of 65 (Section 31499.11(f)) and defines the term "federal system" to mean the Old Age and Survivors Insurance provisions of the Social Security Act (Section 31499.11(c)).

To determine the appropriate methodology for determining PIA, it is necessary is to establish whether the member is retiring under an early or normal retirement allowance. A member who has reached age 65, meeting all vesting requirements, will retire under the normal retirement allowance, whereas a member who has reached age 55, meeting all vesting requirements, will retire under the early retirement allowance.

For both early and normal retirements, Section 31499.14(h) provides that "For purposes of this article, the primary insurance amount shall be estimated based on the employee's age and salary as of the date of retirement or the date of termination of a vested member, whichever is applicable...", and then provides instructions for how the member's earnings are to be projected in determining the member's estimated PIA. Section 31499.14(h) states that "The Board, upon advice of the actuary, shall establish and adjust, as required, the table of estimated primary insurance amounts, which shall be utilized in computing the retirement benefit."

Early Retirement Benefits:

If the retirement calculation or estimate is being prepared for a member who is expected to retire under an early retirement and who has current year earnings with StanCERA or a reciprocal retirement system, the estimated PIA amount at age 65 will be determined using the Social Security Quick Calculator, using the member's projected annual earnings for the current calendar year assuming a full year of employment, a future retirement date equal to the day the member attains age 65, and a relative growth factor. If a member retiring under an early retirement allowance does not have current earnings with StanCERA or a reciprocal retirement system, it is recommended that the actuary be asked to calculate the individual's estimated PIA based on the member's most recent compensation with StanCERA or reciprocal retirement system.

Normal Retirement Benefits:

If the retirement calculation or estimate is being prepared for a member who expected to retire under a normal retirement benefit (after attaining age 65), the member must provide evidence of their actual PIA. Members can obtain a benefit estimate at any time from the Social Security Administration, and it is recommended that the estimated PIA be based on the benefit estimate provided through the Social Security Administration.

VI. RISK: None

VII. STRATEGIC PLAN: N/A

VIII. ADMINISTRATIVE BUDGET IMPACT: None



Via Electronic Mail

January 30, 2023

Ms. Lisa Frazer
Member and Employer Services Manager
Stanislaus County Employees' Retirement Association
832 12th Street, Suite 600
Modesto, California 95354

Re: Methodology for Calculating Social Security Offset Amounts for Tier 3 Benefits

Dear Lisa:

As requested, we have drafted this memo to provide our recommendations for how the Social Security estimated primary insurance amount should be calculated under various circumstances for use in the benefit calculations of StanCERA's Tier 3 members.

Section 31499.14 of the County Employees Retirement Law of 1937 (the CERL) defines the benefit formula for Tier 3 members, including the reduction to the benefit related to the member's estimated or actual Primary Insurance Amount. The CERL defines the term "Primary Insurance Amount" (PIA) to mean the monthly retirement benefit payable under the federal system at the age of 65 (Section 31499.11(f)) and defines the term "federal system" to mean the Old Age and Survivors Insurance provisions of the Social Security Act (Section 31499.11(c)).

The first step in determining the appropriate methodology for determining the PIA is to establish whether the member is retiring under an **early** or **normal** retirement allowance. Section 31499.14(d) specifies that a vested member or former member who has attained the age of 65 may retire under a normal retirement allowance, while Section 31499.14(e) defines early retirement eligibility as age 55 for vested members or former members. In both cases, the vesting requirement is 10 years of service (Section 31499.14(b)) and it is our understanding that this requirement may be met based on combined service with a reciprocal retirement system if the member retires concurrently from all reciprocal systems (Section 31629.5).

Calculation of Estimated PIA

For both early and normal retirements, Section 31499.14(h) provides that "For purposes of this article, the primary insurance amount shall be estimated based on the employee's age and salary as of the date of retirement or the date of termination of a vested member, whichever is applicable...", and then goes on to provide instructions for how the member's earnings are to be projected (forward and backwards) in determining the member's estimated PIA.

Section 31499.14(h) states that "The Board, upon the advice of the actuary, shall establish and adjust, as required, the table of estimated primary insurance amounts, which shall be utilized in computing the retirement benefit." However, we note that because there are only a small number

Ms. Lisa Frazer January 30, 2023 Page 2

of Tier 3 members remaining who have yet to commence receiving their retirement benefits, and because there are other publicly available tools for calculating Social Security benefit amounts, it may not be necessary or economically efficient for the Board to establish and adjust a full table of estimated primary insurance amounts. Instead, we are recommending various methods for determining the PIA to be used in a member's retirement calculation, based on individual facts and circumstances.

To that end, we have provided our recommended methodology for early retirement and normal retirement benefits.

Calculation and Methodology for Early Retirement Benefits

For members retiring under an early retirement benefit (i.e., after attaining age 55 but before attaining age 65), the provisions of Section 31499.14(k) do not apply. Therefore, the remaining subsections of 31499.14(h) provide the necessary guidance:

- (1) An employee's prior career earnings shall be assumed to have been subject to the federal system and to have increased on a year-to-year basis at a rate equivalent to the rate of increase in the average per worker total wages reported by the Social Security Administration, and
- (2) For those members who have not attained the normal retirement age under the federal system as of the date of retirement (A) future earnings in employment covered by the federal system shall be assumed to continue at the rate of pay received by the employee from the employer as of the date of retirement or the date of termination of a vested member, whichever is applicable, and (B) future wage bases, as defined by the federal system, shall be assumed to continue at the wage base in effect in the year of retirement or the year of termination of a vested member, whichever is applicable, and (C) cost-of-living increases in the year of retirement and delayed retirement credit provided under the federal system shall not be included in the calculation of the estimated primary insurance amount.

We note that the Social Security Administration website also includes a "Quick Calculator", which allows the user to enter earnings from the current year and a projected retirement date, to produce an estimated benefit amount. Our understanding is that the methodology used by this calculator to determine earnings in prior and future years is consistent with the requirements of subsections 31499.14(h)(1) and (2): prior earnings are based on an assumption that the member's earnings have grown at the same rate as the national average, future earnings are assumed to remain constant at their current level until the member retires, and both prior and future earnings are assumed to be covered under the federal system¹.

Therefore, if the retirement calculation or estimate is being prepared for a member who is expected to retire under an early retirement *and* who has current year earnings with StanCERA or a reciprocal retirement system, we recommend that the estimated PIA amount at age 65 be

¹ Because of the assumption that prior and future earnings are assumed to be covered under the Federal system, all members retiring under an early retirement benefit will have a non-zero estimated PIA amount, regardless of whether they end up earning the necessary credits to receive a Social Security retirement benefit.



Ms. Lisa Frazer January 30, 2023 Page 3

determined using the Social Security Quick Calculator (https://www.ssa.gov/OACT/quickcalc/), using the member's projected annual earnings for the current calendar year assuming a full year of employment², a future retirement date equal to the day the member attains age 65, and a relative growth factor for past earnings of 0%.

We note that the benefit estimate should be calculated in "today's dollars", rather than under the option to calculate the amount in "inflated (future) dollars", in order to comply with the requirement under 31499.14(h)(2) that future changes in earnings, the wage bases, and cost-of-living increases should not be included in the calculation of the estimated PIA amount. Additionally, the option to enter historical earnings should be left blank. The relative growth factor is set by default to 2%. It can only be changed to 0% on a sub-menu labeled "See the earnings we used" after the initial estimate is performed. The resulting output from the calculator should specify that the estimated monthly benefit begins at age 65 (not age 65 and 1 month or 64 and 11 months) and that the earnings for the current and future years is equal to the projected annual earnings.

If a member retiring under an early retirement allowance does *not* have current earnings with StanCERA or a reciprocal retirement system, such as in the case of a member who terminated employment with StanCERA in the past and is not currently working for a reciprocal retirement system, we recommend that the Actuary be asked to calculate the individual's estimated PIA based on the member's most recent compensation with StanCERA or a reciprocal retirement system. We note that the historical compensation information for an individual without current earnings cannot directly be entered into the Social Security Quick Calculator, as there are adjustments that need to be made to generate the appropriate set of historical earnings as required under 31499.14(h)(1). As noted above, because of the small number of remaining Tier 3 members, we believe it would be economically beneficial to the Plan for the Actuary to perform these calculations on an asneeded basis rather than to spend the resources necessary to develop and maintain a calculation tool to perform these calculations internally.

Calculation and Methodology for Normal Retirement Benefits

While Section 31499.149(f) requires the Plan to use the estimated PIA initially, Section 31499.14(k) requires that members who retire under a **normal** retirement benefit (i.e., after attaining age 65) provide evidence of their *actual* primary insurance amount "as soon as possible but within six months following retirement." Once provided, the Plan uses the *actual* PIA because Section 31499.14(k) states that "the actual primary insurance amount shall be the amount payable under the federal system on the member's date of retirement without regard to delayed retirement credit or any deductions on account of work."

Since it is our understanding that members can currently obtain a benefit estimate at any time from the Social Security Administration based on their actual earnings history and using a retirement date they specify, we recommend that the estimated primary insurance amount for Tier 3 members retiring after attaining age 65 be based on a benefit estimate provided through the Social Security

² One potential method for determining the projected earnings for the current calendar year is by taking the member's earnings-to-date for the current calendar year and adding the projected earnings at their current rate of pay for the remainder of the year. Other methods as developed by StanCERA may also be appropriate.



Ms. Lisa Frazer January 30, 2023 Page 4

Administration website (https://www.ssa.gov/prepare/plan-retirement), using the member's individual work history and the expected date of retirement from StanCERA. If the member is retiring after their Social Security Full Retirement Age, the member's benefit at Full Retirement Age should be used, as this amount excludes any adjustments related to delayed retirement credit, as required by Section 31499.14(k). We note that in rare circumstances a member may not be eligible for a Social Security retirement benefit, because they have not earned enough credits under the federal system. In this case, we understand that the member's actual PIA would be \$0, and there would be no offset to the member's retirement allowance as calculated according to Section 31499.14(f).

The recommendations developed in this letter are based upon the laws and regulations currently reflected in the CERL and governing the calculation of Social Security benefits, and the resources currently available on the Social Security Administration website. Any changes in these laws, regulations, or resources may result in a change in our recommendations.

This letter and its contents have been prepared in accordance with generally recognized and accepted actuarial principles and practices and our understanding of the Code of Professional Conduct and applicable Actuarial Standards of Practice set out by the Actuarial Standards Board as well as applicable laws and regulations. Furthermore, as credentialed actuaries, we meet the Qualification Standards of the American Academy of Actuaries to render the opinion contained in this letter. This letter does not address any contractual or legal issues. We are not attorneys, and our firm does not provide any legal services or advice.

Finally, this letter was prepared for StanCERA for the purpose described herein. Other users of this letter are not intended users as defined in the Actuarial Standards of Practice, and Cheiron assumes no duty or liability to any other user.

We are available to answer any questions you may have.

Sincerely, Cheiron

Graham A. Schmidt, ASA, EA, FCA, MAAA

Consulting Actuary

Jónathan B. Chipko, FSA, EA, MAAA

with & light

Consulting Actuary





February 28, 2023

Retirement Board Agenda Item

TO: Retirement Board

FROM: Brittany Smith-Atkins, Financial Services Manager

I. SUBJECT: Cheiron EFI – Actuarial Services Contract

II. ITEM NUMBER: 10.e

III. ITEM TYPE: Discussion and Action

IV. STAFF RECOMMENDATION:

Accept Staff's recommendation to extend current contract for Cheiron Inc. (d/b/a Cherion EFI) for actuarial services through fiscal year ending June 30, 2026.

V. ANAYLSIS:

In 2008, StanCERA selected Cheiron EFI as its actuary to provide actuarial services for fiscal years ending 2008-2013. Since the initial agreement, StanCERA has extended its contract through the most recent fiscal year ending June 30, 2022.

Staff comes to the Board today, to propose a three-year extension with Cheiron EFI for actuarial services. This extension would provide continuity in actuary services and support as StanCERA continues implementing its newer pension administration software as well as the transition to StanCERA's tiered amortization schedule for new and current plan sponsors. Cheiron EFI would provide comparable support and reporting similar to the prior periods. In addition, StanCERA is scheduled to engage in an actuarial audit per the recommendation from the California Actuarial Advisory Panel (CAAP) as well as the Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) which will require support from Cheiron during the engagement. Attachment 1 illustrates Cheiron EFI's three-year proposal outlining the proposed cost structure.

In Staff's assessment of the prior services rendered they have acknowledged the professionalism and ease of coordination during the valuation and after. Additionally, there are non-monetary gains for continuing services such as efficiencies with familiarity amongst staff and StanCERA processes.

After much discussion and review, Staff recommends StanCERA to extend its actuarial services contract with Cheiron EFI for fiscal years ended June 30, 2024, 2025, and 2026.

VI. RISK: None

VII. STRATEGIC PLAN: N/A

VIII. ADMINISTRATIVE BUDGET IMPACT:

Dependent on the election of a three- or one-year extension the actuarial cost schedules are as follows:

Three-Year Extension:

Fiscal Year 2023/2024: \$100,750

Fiscal Year 2024/2025: \$152,800 (Includes Experience Study)

Fiscal Year 2025/2026: \$105,850

One-Year Extension:

Fiscal Year 2023/2024: \$100,750

These proposed costs are comparable with the most recent contract which provided services at \$96,000, for fiscal year 2021/2022.

EXHIBIT B

COMPENSATION

The Actuary shall be compensated as follows for services for the 36-month period beginning April 1, 2023 through March 31, 2026.

Retainer Projects	FY 2023-2024	FY 2024-2025	FY 2025-2026
Actuarial Valuation Report	\$58,000	\$59,500	\$61,000
Interactive Online Valuation	14,250	14,500	14,750
GASB 67/68 Report	18,000	18,500	19,000
Consulting Services ^[1]	10,500	10,800	11,100
Actuarial Experience Study 2021-2024	N/A	49,500	N/A
Total Cost for All Services	\$100,750	\$152,800	\$105,850

¹ If the hourly charges for consulting services provided during the quarter exceed 125% of the quarterly rate (calculated as 25% of the annual rate), the amount of hourly charges in excess of 125% of the quarterly fee will be billed in addition to the quarterly fee.

Time and Material for actuarial consulting services not covered in the above tasks.

Category/Consultant	FY 2022-2023 Hourly Rates*
Principal Consulting Actuary	\$410 – \$525
Consulting Actuary	\$300 – \$491
Associate Actuary	\$210 – \$321
Senior Actuarial Analyst	\$192 – \$247
Actuarial Analyst	\$165 – \$210
Administrative Assistant	\$120 – \$158

^{*}Hourly rates are expected to increase annually, based on the change in the CPI-U.